Attachment G

## TABLE 1 - VEHICULAR TRIP GENERATION (ITE) 24TH AVENUE PLAT (West Olympia) - THURSTON COUNTY TECHNICAL E-MAIL

				Enter		Exit		Pass-by	Pass-by	
Time Period	Size (X)	TG Rate	Enter %	Trips	Exit %	Trips	Total (T)	%*	Trips	Net Total
Proposed: Single-Family Detached Housing - General Urban/Suburban (ITE LUC 210; 23 - new units)										
Weekday	23	9.43	50%	108	50%	108	217			
AM peak hour	23	0.7	26%	4	74%	12	16			
PM peak hour	23	0.94	63%	14	37%	8	22	-		
Proposed: Multi-Family Housing (Low-Rise) - General Urban/Suburban (ITE LUC 220; 33-units) - 10 multifamily units + 23 A										
Weekday	33	6.74	50%	111	50%	111	222			
AM peak hour	33	0.4	24%	3	76%	10	13			
PM peak hour	33	0.51	63%	11	37%	6	17			
Total: Single-Fai	mily & Mult	ifamily/ADU Unit	S							
Weekday				220		220	439			
AM peak hour				7		22	29			
PM peak hour				24		14	38			

Where X = number of units or sf and T = Trips; parenthesis (xx) denote negative values

\* - Pass-by rates per ITE, local Agency data and Traffic Engineering Experience, residential trips are typically considered new thus for analysis no pass-by to account for service/delivery type trips is taken

Trip rates per the Institute of Transportation Engineers Trip Generation Manual 11th Edition

Note: Due to rounding some values may not add up

A vehicle trip is defined as a single or one direction vehicle movement with either the origin or destination (exiting or entering) inside the study site. The above trip generation values account for all the site trips made by all vehicles for all purposes, including commuter, visitor, recreation, and service and delivery vehicle trips.

