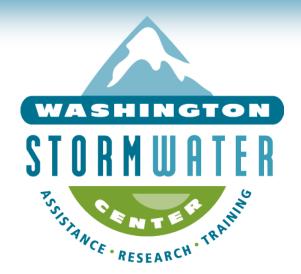


Thurston County Storm & Surface Water Advisory Board





WHERE RESEARCH
MEETS
APPLIED STORMWATER
NEEDS







Neutral Convenors

Washington Stormwater Center

Building capacity to manage stormwater by Washington NPDES permittees and stormwater managers by providing evidence-based information, training, permit assistance, research, emerging technologies and effective partnering approaches

- <u>www.wastormwatercenter.org</u>
 - 1-855-WASTORM



2008 – WSU-P receives \$1 million to build large-scale LID research and education program





Washington State University: Puyallup GSI Facility





2015 - WSU-P receives \$800,000 to build the Aquatic Toxicology Laboratory

An expansion of the original salmon toxicology lab

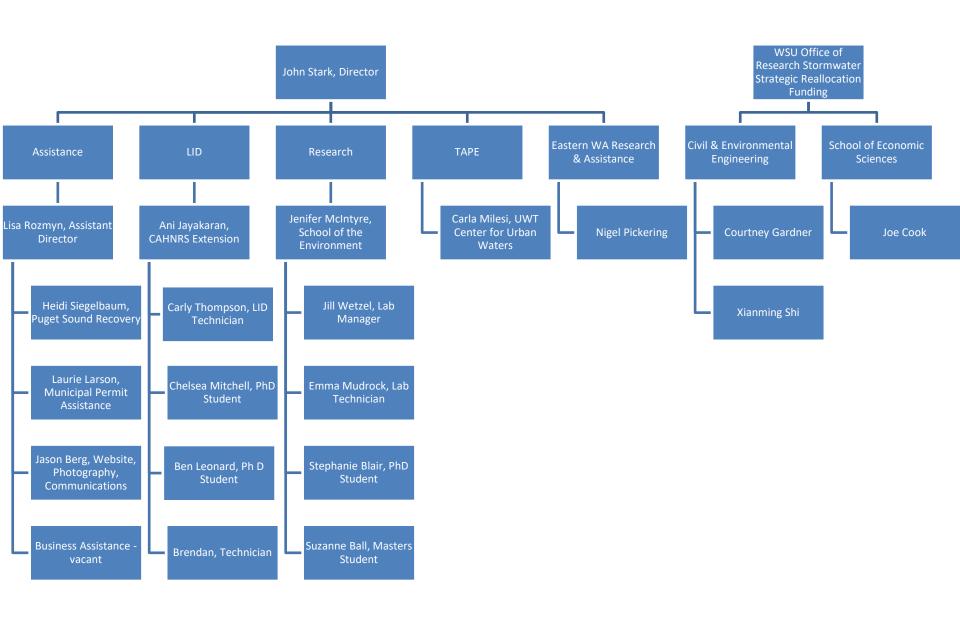




The Washington Stormwater Center was created through a state legislative mandate (R.C.W. 90.48.545) for a stormwater technical and educational resource center for all stormwater permit holders in the state

A joint center between UW-Tacoma and WSU-Puyallup developed in 2010





PROGRAM PROFILES

- Research
- Consulting with stakeholders
- Technical Advice
- Teaming and communication approaches
- Complex Partnerships
- Providing evidence-based findings for policy makers and communities



Emerging Technologies (TAPE)

Fostering the development and use of new technologies











Technology Assessment

- Vets stormwater treatment technologies
- Helps regulatory agencies establish goals and criteria that are achievable
- Works with manufacturer and user communities of practice
- Helps Enables permittees to make good investments using evidence
- Provides "more tools in the toolbox"





Research focuses on why stormwater is toxic and solutions for mitigation

50% OF 2020-21 STUDIES FOCUS ON SOLUTIONS



12

Research Focus Areas

- Contaminant Science-Ecotoxicology
- LID and Green Stormwater
 Infrastructure
- Microbial Communities and pollutant breakdown
- Soils
- Water Resources





Research 13

Urban stormwater runoff affects juvenile coho

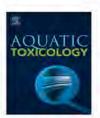
Aquatic Toxicology 214 (2019) 105231



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Aquatic Toxicology

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/agtox



An urban stormwater runoff mortality syndrome in juvenile coho salmon

Michelle I. Chow^a, Jessica I. Lundin^b, Chelsea J. Mitchell^c, Jay W. Davis^d, Graham Young^a, Nathaniel L. Scholz^e, Jenifer K. McIntyre^{c,*}

- ^a University of Washington, School of Aquatic and Fisheries Sciences, 1122 Boat St., Seattle, WA 98105, USA
- b National Research Council Research Associateship Program, Under contract to Northwest Fisheries Science Center, National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA, 27, Montlake Blvd. E., Seattle, WA 98112, USA
- Washington State University, Puyallup Research and Extension Center, 2606 W. Pioneer Ave., Puyallup, WA 98371, USA
- d U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Washington Fish and Wildlife Office, 510 Desmond Dr. S.E., Lacey, WA 98503, USA
- ^c Environmental and Fisheries Science Division, Northwest Fisheries Science Center, National Marine Fisheries Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administr 2725 Montlake Blvd. E., Seattle, WA 98112, USA





Vehicle Sources of Pollutants to Road Runoff



Leaks

- **Brake Fluid**
- **Engine Coolant**
- Transmission Fluid



Roofing materials leach metals



Environmental Pollution

2019

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/envpol

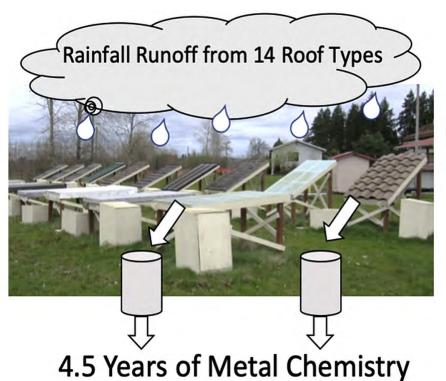
Metals leaching from common residential and commercial roofing materials across four years of weathering and implications for environmental loading*

J.K. McIntyre , N. Winters, L. Rozmyn, T. Haskins, J.D. Stark

Washington State University, Washington Stormwater Center, Puyallup Research & Extension Center, 2606 W. Pioneer Ave, Puyallup, WA 98371, USA

Material age = strongest predictor of metal concentration in runoff for most materials

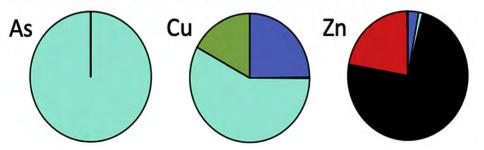
10-year extrapolation predicted 8 materials would still leach metals



Puget Sound (PS) Roof Area



Metal in Runoff from PS Roofs



Fungi and plants in bioretention

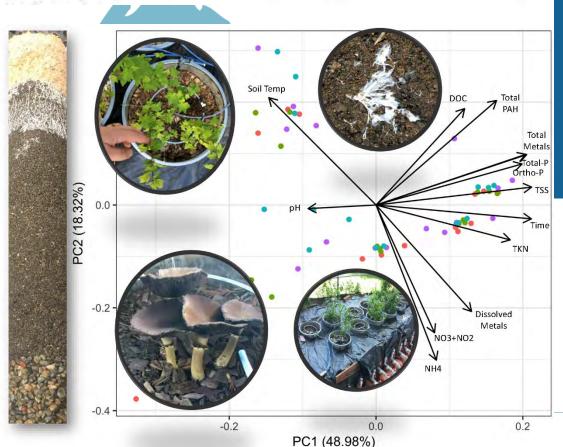




Article

Engineering Analysis of Plant and Fungal Contributions to Bioretention Performance

Alex Taylor 1,2, Jill Wetzel 3, Emma Mudrock 3, Kennith King 4, James Cameron 5, Jay Davis 4 and Jenifer McIntyre 3,*



Net export of nutrients

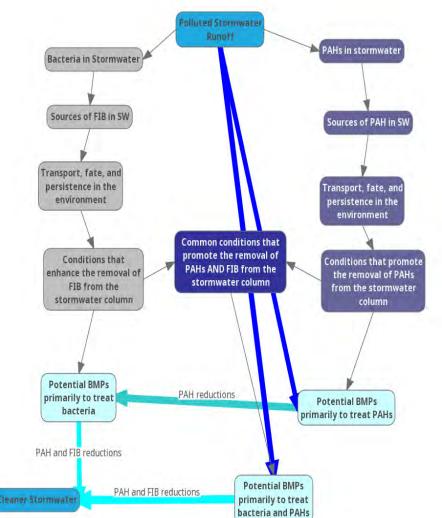
Amendments

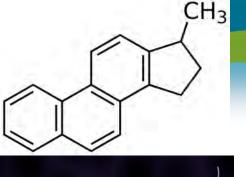
- Less P export with fungi
- No observed benefit of plants
- Inconsistent removal of toxicity

Attribute

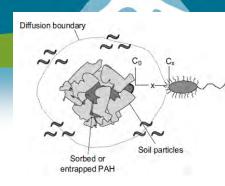
- Soil
- Plants
- Fungus
- Plant.Fungus

PAH & Bacteria Removal









Objective

1. Water quality remediation

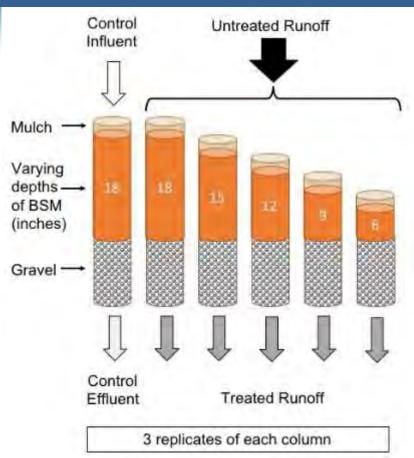
Bacteria and PAHs in Stormwater

Dept. of Ecology



WSU SOE Chelsea Mitchell PhD Student

Depths of bioretention and longevity of treatment



Research questions:



WSU SOE Lane Maguire M.S. Student

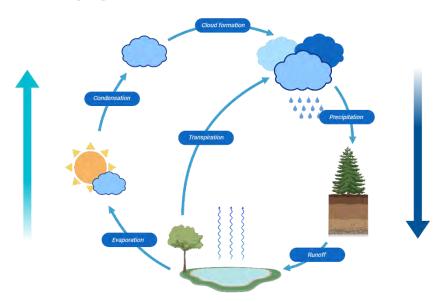


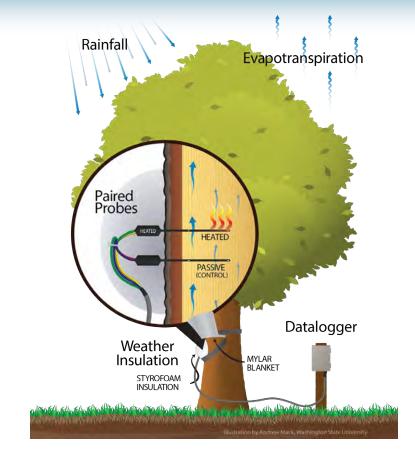


Urban trees and stormwater management

How much stormwater do

WATER CYCLE









WSU SOE Ben Leonard PhD Student

Mulch Project







Objectives

- Water quality remediation by mulch choice
- 2. Weeding effort and mulch choice



- 1. Bark mulch (fir)
- 2. Shredded bark mulch (cedar)
- 3. Arborist chips

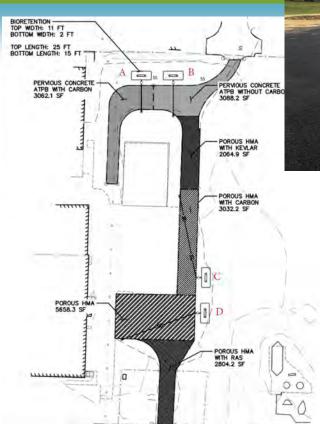
Bioretention and Mulch

Stormwater Action Monitoring Program





IDEA School Project







industrial design engine

Objective

1. Water quality remediation

IDEA School – Carbon fiber reinforced permeable pavements

Boeing



LID Certificates- On-Line



LID Training Certificate

New Online Only LID Certificate Program is live!

We are pleased to be offering a new Online Low Impact Development (LID) Certificate Program! The training program has transitioned to an online only system. The online, self-paced courses include the theoretical basis for designing and maintaining LID systems. Registration links for those course spaces can be found below.

As always, thank you for your continued support! Feel free to email us with your ideas on how to move forward.

The LID Research & Education Team

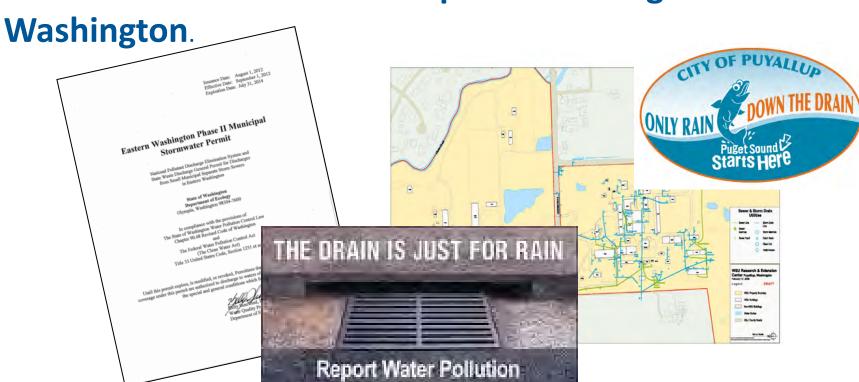
Washington Stormwater Center I WSIJ Extension



Online LID 23

Municipal Resource Program

Permit assistance for municipalities throughout





Municipal Program Services

Services Provided:

- Co-coordinate 4 Regional Municipal Stormwater Groups
 ROAD Map, Business Inspection Group (BIG), South Sound & Central Ph. II groups
- Prepare/Submit proposals for project funding

Source Control guidance manual/inspector training: Olympia, Redmond, Tacoma,& King County

Education and Outreach Behavior Change guidance

- Respond to specific permittee requests for assistance (new /existing)
- Host municipal resources on WSC Municipal webpage
 Permit compliance tables Olympia, Thurston County, Gig Harbor, & Newcastle
 Training and workshop materials and videos on website



Permit Assistance Program

 Helping Businesses with their Stormwater Permitting and Management Needs



Industrial/Business Services

Current Projects:

- Collaborating with ECOSS to provide small businesses the basics of the Industrial Stormwater Permit
- Providing an easy to understand "Steps to Compliance" format on our new website
- Hoping to expand program to include Construction General Permit assistance in the next biennium



Puget Sound Stormwater Strategy



Strategic Investments in stormwater in Puget Sound via:

- Strategies for Toxics in Fish/SRKW and BIBI
- Integrated social, economic and communication approaches
- Strategic funding decisions in research, outreach, technical and social approaches

https://pugetsoundestuary.wa.gov/



ROADSIDE DITCH MAINTENANCE IN WESTERN WASHINGTON

FIELD GUIDE

February 7, 2019



Intersecting and Supporting Roles

An important component of our work provides offramps for science, context for research and applied best practices in teaming and communication.

Building trust is at the core of this work.



SCIENCE COMMUNICATION



WEB SERVICES



LINKING WSU WITH WSU EXTENSION, UWT AND PULLMAN PRACTITIONERS



EXPERTISE IN TEAMING, PARTNERSHIPS, SOCIAL APPROACHES



LINKING WSU WORK WITH BROADER PUGET SOUND WORK



Funding Partners

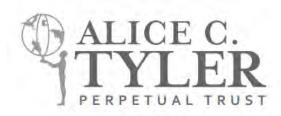














Partnerships and Collaborations-Federal

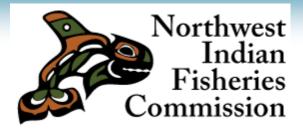
















Partnerships and Collaboration-NGOs











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Partnerships and Collaborations-State









33

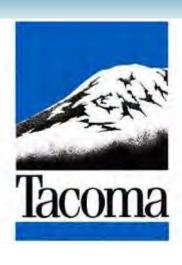


Partnerships and Collaborations-Cities/Counties

















Dora the Explorer- Monitoring





Toxics Monitoring in Puget Sound

WDFW's Toxics Biological Observation System (TBiOS)

https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/science/marine-toxics/tbios

Ecology's Stormwater Action Monitoring Program

https://ecology.wa.gov/Regulations-Permits/Reportingrequirements/Stormwatermonitoring/Stormwater-Action-Monitoring

Ecology's Marine Sediment Program https://ecology.wa.gov/Water-Shorelines/Puget-Sound/Sound-science/Marine-sediments

EIM Marine Sediment Monitoring Data

Long term monitoring of indicator species





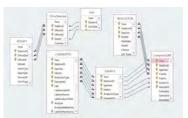
Tracking Puget Sound Ecosystem Health

WDFW's toxics monitoring team uses a <u>Toxics-focused Biological</u> <u>Observation System (TBiOS)</u> to evaluate the *effects of toxic contaminants* in Puget Sound's organisms to:



- protect fish and shellfish health,
- ensure seafood safety, and
- promote ecosystem recovery.







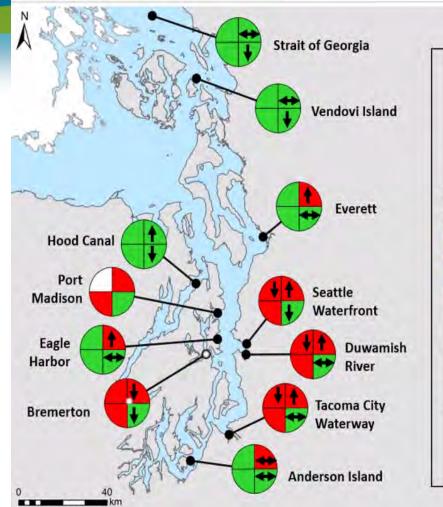


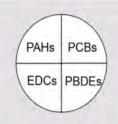


Olympia Sailing Club Presentation October 13, 2020 James E. West, Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/science/marine-toxics/tbios



Overview of Findings





Contaminant level or disease prevalence (2019)



Exceeds health threshold



Below health threshold



Data or thresholds unavailable

Trends (1997 - 2019)



Contaminants/disease increasing





Contaminants/disease decreasing

(No symbol indicates insufficient data)



English Sole VS Indicator Map Summary Example

- Circles (locations)
- Status (color)
- Trends (arrows)



PSEMP Monitoring Program- Puget Sound Partnership

- 11 Workgroups
- Monitoring informs policy and communication
- Look at toxics, stormwater and freshwater
- Meetings open



PUGET SOUND ECOSYSTEM MONITORING PROGRAM

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Thurston County Monitoring

 Environmental Health Stream and Lakes Reports (NOT toxics)

https://www.thurstoncountywa.gov/phss/Pages/wq-monitor-reports.aspx

About water levels and surface water quality standards

- Fecal Coliform, nitrites/nitrates,
- pH/temperature
- > Turbidity
- Phosphorous



Focus on Toxics in Fish Strategy

- Indicator identified by Puget Sound Partnership and developed by Stormwater Strategic Initiative Lead Team (SIL)
- 4 species, multiple chemicals





TIF IS 41

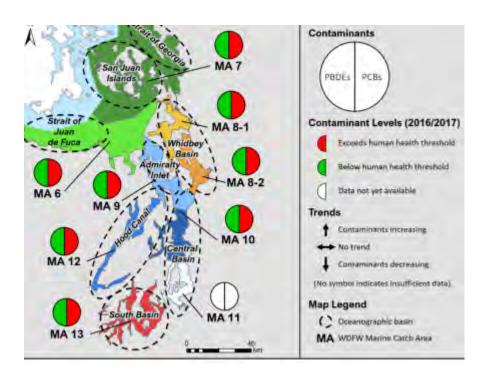
Overview of Findings-Chinook

https://vitalsigns.pugetsoundinfo.wa.gov/VitalSignGoal

/Detail/6

Chinook Salmon

- PCBs Problem
- You are Marine Area (MA) 13
- Bad for Orcas too (Chinook as Prey food)
- PCB levels exceed safe eating Guidelines from DOH





Toxics in Fish-

MARINE AREA –MA 13 (you!)

Higher contaminant inputs (population, industry, location- farther from northern clean ocean conditions)

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/16700427/

PCBs not good for human health either



Marine Area 13 43

Contaminants in Juvenile Chinook

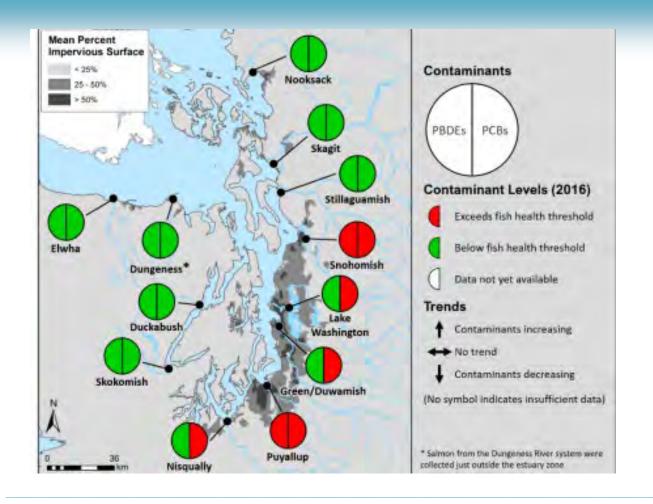


PCBs and PBDEs (flame retardants)

PCBs exceeded fish health threshold in Nisqually (and Puyallup)



PCBs in Juvenile Chinook





Contaminants in English Sole

- Better results
- Met Human Health Criteria for PCBs and PBDEs
- No Liver disease from PAHs (petro-by product)





Chemicals of Emerging Concern (CECs)

Pharmaceuticals

Antibiotics Antihistamine Antidepressants **Antifungals Sedatives Stimulants** Corticosteroids Metabolic regulators

Personal care products

Surfactants (soaps & detergents) **Antibacterials** Insect repellent (DEET)

Industrial Compounds

Plastics (bisphenol a) **Alkylphenol Ethoxylates Perfluorinated Compounds**

Other

Illicit drugs, etc.



















Pacific Herring

Snacks for other fish (forage fish)

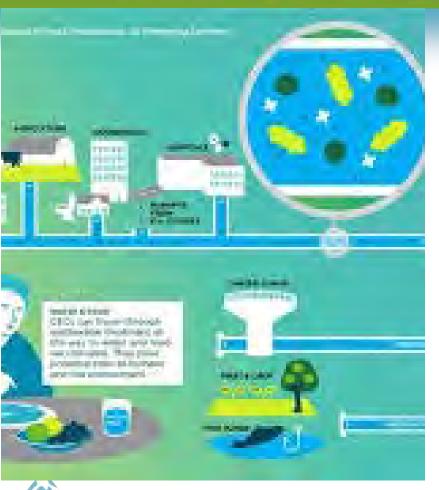
PCBs high in MA 13



PBDEs declining



CECs- Contaminants of Emerging Concern



- Sampling in Nisqually and Budd Inlet
- Mussel Watch programs: PAHs, PCBs, DDT and metals
- CEC bioaccumulate via ingested water, prey (dissolve in water)



CECs 47

2014 Studies- Crab and Spot Shrimp

 WDFW Monitoring- Results sent to DOH for human health risk assessment

MA 13: PCBs most abundant found of the POPs (persistent organic pollutants)







CECs in sculpin and Juvenile Chinook

- Nisqually Chinook: 13 analytes detected but low concentrations (except Nonlyphenol)
- More contaminated: failing septics? On 303(d) list (impaired waters list)
- Puget Sound wide 106 publicly owned wastewater treatment facilities

Meador et.al, https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0269749116300884



Stormwater Action Monitoring



Status and Trends

Effectiveness (what works? Bioretention!)

Source Identification (who dunnit?)





SAM 52

Goodies from SAM



- Tips on what works to mitigate stormwater (bioretention!)
- Ideas for how to find out where the bad stuff is coming from (Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination)
- How good or bad are streams over time?

https://www.youtube.com/playlis t?app=desktop&list=PLXny_Je3Ks DwN5iiiLJI9265_piHccImV



Thank you!

- We are grateful for today, your participation and your energy and ideas
- We are grateful for our fabulous staff and all the people who work so hard to make this a nice place to live and play

Lisa: Lisa.Rozmyn@wsu.edu

Heidi: Heidi.Siegelbaum.wsu.edu



Thank you 54