

Recycling Is FREE at Thurston County Drop-boxes

Did you know that your family can drop off your recycling for FREE at drop-box (self-haul) sites located throughout Thurston County?

Just look for the large recycling containers! Recycle cardboard, paperboard boxes, paper and junk mail, clean paper bags, plastic bottles, metal cans, and glass bottles and jars. Remember to keep items clean, empty, and dry and to break down cardboard boxes.



Please be sure to follow the instructions posted on the bins. Place recyclables loose in the bins — not in paper or plastic bags. If you collect your recycling in plastic bags, empty the recyclables into the bins and take the plastic bags back home to reuse or to place in the trash. If you go to a site and find that there is no space left in the bins, PLEASE do not leave your materials on the ground or elsewhere. It makes a mess that can attract pests and cause litter to scatter. Please come back another time with your recyclables or visit one of our other locations. Thank you!

Recycling Drop-box Locations:

Thurston County Waste and Recovery Center 2420 Hogum Bay Road NE, Lacey Monday through Friday – 7 A.M. to 4:45 P.M. Saturday and Sunday – 8 A.M. to 4:45 P.M.

Rochester Drop-box Facility 16500 Sargent Road, Rochester Tuesdays, Saturdays, and Sundays – 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Rainier Drop-box Facility 13010 Rainier Acres Road SE, Rainier Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays – 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

No Summer Break for the Three Rs

School's out for summer, but that doesn't mean a break from reducing, reusing, and recycling. Whether you are traveling or just hanging out at home with friends and family, make it a Three Rs summer. You probably already take good care of the Earth, but summer is a good time to add some new habits. Here are some ideas:

Reduce — Using fewer resources

- Set aside a day to go garage sale shopping to look for new-to-you games and toys.
- Try thrift store shopping for clothing and household items.
- Host a garage sale to clear out things you no longer use.
- Create crafts and gifts from materials around the house.
- Shop for items made from recycled materials.

Reuse — Finding new uses for an item

- Use that empty jelly jar to hold your hair accessories, small toys, or other doodads.
- Instead of buying movies or games, trade with friends (with your parents' permission, of course).
- Keep junk mail envelopes for making lists or writing notes.
- Wear that old, faded T-shirt as a pajama top or paint smock.

Recycle — Transforming items for a new use

- Try backyard composting or vermicomposting.
- Find one thing in your house that you aren't recycling but could be. Start recycling it.
- Make sure you know the rules for recycling in your community. Just visit ThurstonSolidWaste.org for detailed information about where to recycle all sorts of items.

Don't forget — as the pandemic becomes more manageable, we will start becoming available to make presentations to your clubs and scouting groups. For details on available programs, visit our website, ThurstonSolidWaste.org, or contact us at 360-867-2491 or SolidWasteYouth@co.thurston.wa.us. We hope to see you soon and share with you more Three Rs ideas!

It's Hazardous, and It's in Your Home!

CAUTION! WARNING! DANGER! POISON! These words are meant to keep people away, yet many people have several products in their homes with these warnings on the labels. Many paints, cleaners, and bug and weed killers contain harmful chemicals and toxins dangerous to humans, animals, and plants, as well as our air, water, and soil. Unfortunately, these dangerous products sit on the shelves in our homes, sometimes forgotten. The forgotten and unneeded items are called "Household Hazardous Waste," or HHW for short. It's a good idea to look at the shelves in your house and responsibly get rid of what you don't need.

One way you can help is to ask your parents if they've thought recently about which products they need and which they don't. Volunteer to help them make a list of all of the hazardous chemicals and products in the house. Your parents or grandparents will know which products they don't plan to use again, and you can note those items as HHW on your list. There is a safe way to dispose of HHW — we accept HHW and will safely recycle or dispose of it. Remember, *never* pour HHW down the drain or put it in the trash.

What should you do with dangerous household products? Take them to Thurston County's HazoHouse! HazoHouse offers a free and easy way for residents to safely get rid of these products. Please bring waste in 5-gallon or smaller containers and leave products in their original, labeled containers. Never mix hazardous chemicals together.

HazoHouse is located at the Thurston County Waste and Recovery Center at 2420 Hogum Bay Road NE in Lacey. Have your parents call

HazoHouse at 360-867-2491 with any questions.

Here is a list of some of the most common HHW that your family may have sitting on shelves just waiting to be safely cleared away: oil-based paint, paint thinner, motor oil, antifreeze, old gasoline or kerosene, weed and bug killers, plant foods, tub and tile cleaners, toilet bowl cleaners, hobby glues, fluorescent light tubes and bulbs (like twisty CFLs), and mercury-containing items.

Did you know that latex paint is not considered a hazardous waste? Allow the paint to dry out by leaving the lid off of the can or by adding kitty litter or sand to harden it. Then dispose of the dried-out

paint can, with the lid off, in your trash.

When your family has a job to do around the house, talk about less toxic choices. Many times, a homemade cleaner might do the same work for less money. Check online for non-hazardous options. Here are a few examples:

Instead of spraying weed killer, pull weeds by hand.

 Instead of using chemical fertilizers, create healthier soil by composting food scraps and yard waste.

 Instead of drain cleaners, try baking soda and vinegar, followed with boiling water.

Instead of window cleaners, use vinegar and water.

And never forget — always dispose of HHW properly and safely.

Did You Know?

Each household in the United States produces an average of more than 20 pounds of household hazardous waste (HHW) every year. For all U.S. households combined, that adds up to nearly 2.5 billion pounds of HHW per year!

Talk to your parents about HHW. Summertime is a good time to look at your household cleaning products, paints, weed and bug killers, fuel and automobile liquids, and lawn and garden supplies. Be sure to properly dispose of things you no longer need and won't

Have Old or Broken Devices? E-Cycle Them!

TVs, laptops, game consoles, cell phones, MP3 players, iPads and tablets, DVRs and DVD players, and e-readers — do you have any of these devices in your home? During the pandemic, lots of students used electronic devices to link to online classrooms to stay safe, so you've probably used one or more of these devices regularly. In fact, most American families own 10 or more electronic devices that can connect to the

When your family replaces an electronic device, you have a decision to make. What will you do with the old one? Here are our suggestions:

- 1. Use electronic devices for as long as reasonable. Many devices are expensive, and they require a lot of resources and energy to produce. So, it makes sense to keep electronics working longer. Here's how: Keep them dry! Use protective covers and screen protectors, when possible. Remove dust from fans and air vents, which are usually found on the back of equipment. Let air circulate around electronics so they don't overheat. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for recharging batteries.
- 2. Don't store equipment that you no longer need or use. If you won't be using the device again, don't toss it into a drawer or shove it into the back of a closet. Electronics are most useful to someone else when they are less than five years old.
- 3. Donate or sell working devices that are less than five years old. Used cell phones, computers, TVs, and accessories might be just what a new owner needs. Be sure to completely remove (delete) all personal information before donating or selling your equipment. You'll probably need an adult's help to remove your personal information.
- 4. Recycle unusable electronic devices or those that you cannot give away or sell. Nationwide, more than 3.1 million tons of electronics are discarded each year, only about 39% of which are recycled. When your electronic devices become electronic waste (e-waste), don't put them into the trash. Instead, recycle them! Visit ThurstonSolidWaste.org and use the "Where Do I Take My" search tool to find the closest electronics recycling site.

Recycling electronics ensures that hazardous materials, such as lead and mercury, are safely managed. It also conserves resources, recaptures useful metals, reduces pollution, saves energy, and helps create jobs.

Saying Goodbye to Unusable Appliances

It's summertime! You get to sleep in a bit and then pull on a T-shirt and shorts from the stack of clean laundry. After you wash your face, you head to the kitchen, open up the dishwasher, and grab a clean bowl and spoon for your morning cereal. Later in the day, after riding your bike around the neighborhood, you come home and fill a glass with ice and water, guzzle it down, and then grab a freezer pop. These are just everyday things that you do, but what happens when the washer and dryer quit working or the fridge goes out?

Suddenly, life gets a little harder — especially for your parents. We are used to having these appliances ready and waiting for our use. Without them, simple chores are a lot harder. Most of these large appliances, like stoves

and dishwashers, last anywhere from 10 to 18 years, depending on how often they are used. If an appliance is not working and it is fairly new, it probably makes sense for your family to have it repaired. However, if the refrigerator or clothes washer is



older, it could be time to retire the old one and get a newer model.

These large appliances can be recycled. They are made of 60% steel which can be reused in new appliances or to make bikes or cars. Some stores will take away the old appliance for recycling when they deliver the new model. If not, please recycle them year-round at the Thurston County Waste and Recovery Center located at 2420 Hogum Bay Rd. NE in Lacey. For more information, visit ThurstonSolidWaste.org or call 360-867-2491.

When your family is shopping, make it your job to look for the Energy Star logo. This means that the equipment will operate with little waste and use less energy than other models. For some appliances, your family's electric or gas company may offer special rebates, or money back, when you recycle an old appliance and replace it with a new, more energy-efficient model. Make

sure to tell your parents to look for rebate information on the utility company website.

The next time you reach into the refrigerator for a yogurt or help fold the laundry, remember that your hardworking appliances make life a lot easier. When it's time for you to say goodbye, recycle them.

Recycle Tires — Don't Burn or Dump Them!

How many summer days do you spend roaming around the neighborhood on bikes with your friends? Your wheels get you to your friends' houses, the park, and maybe even the store to buy a candy bar. Get a flat, and you're stuck walking until you can replace the tire. Did you ever wonder what happens to the old tire from your bicycle? What about car tires or those huge monster truck tires?

Old tires left lying around collect water and are the perfect place for mosquitoes to lay their eggs. One tire can be a breeding ground for thousands of those pesky, disease-carrying bugs during the warm months. Unfortunately, sometimes people choose to burn



old tires, or they catch fire accidentally. These rubber fires are very difficult to put out. The burning rubber releases toxic chemicals into the air and leaves oily residue that pollutes streams and groundwater.

Tires don't need to be left sitting on the ground, nor should they be burned. Instead, tires can be made into hundreds of useful products. For example, 20,000 tires can be made into one artificial turf athletic field. Rubber mulch has many uses in gardens and on playgrounds. When we hop into the car and go for a drive, those roads may be paved with asphalt containing rubber from recy-cled tires.

This year, be sure that your family's used tires are recycled. When your parents buy replacement tires, the tire store will recycle the old tires for you. You can also drop off unusable tires at the Thurston County Waste and Recovery Center located at 2420 Hogum Bay Rd. NE in Lacey. For more information, visit ThurstonSolidWaste.org or call 360-867-2491.

Take 5 with Noah!

Eleven-vearold Noah Albert is a real-life superhero. While many of us were hunkered down indoors, hiding from the COVID pandemic, Noah was out wearing his superhero outfit (a face mask and gloves), using a trash-grabber, and socially distancing while picking up other people's litter from the beaches of Lake Michigan. Noah cares so much about cleaning up the beaches of Lake Michigan that he started a program last year called



Noah Albert loves the beaches of Lake Michigan so much that he created the Take 5 for the Great Lakes program to encourage others to pick up five littered items each time they visit the beach.

Take 5 for the Great Lakes.

"Our mission is to make people aware of the pollution in and around the Great Lakes," explained Noah. "There are five Great Lakes and five fingers on your hand, so I am asking people to pick up five pieces of trash every time they visit a Great Lake!"

One of Noah's favorite beaches is in Tiscornia Park in St. Joseph, Michigan. He and his family often travel north to the park from their home in South Bend, Indiana to kayak, enjoy nature, and clean up litter there. Noah invites other family members, friends, and classmates to join him, and sometimes he teams up with a group called the Alliance for the Great Lakes, which works across the region to protect the fresh waters of the Great Lakes. One time Noah had more than 45 volunteers!

In the past year, Noah has seen more and more disposable face masks littering the beaches. It makes him sad knowing the face masks are made from plastic and

that birds can get tangled in the ear loops. For this reason, he asks people to be extra careful to hold on to their masks so they don't blow away or get lost and end up in nature.

He has also seen an increase in nurdles along the beach. Nurdles are small, plastic, bead-like pellets that serve as the building blocks for nearly all plastic products. During manufacturing, nurdles are melted and formed to make bottles, bags, and other items. Unfortunately, billions of nurdles are washing up on our shores due to problems in transporting and processing them.

"We need to stop using so much plastic and keep our lakes and beaches healthy for our drinking water and for the animals," urges Noah. "We as kids need to do our part to make sure we leave our world better than we found it."

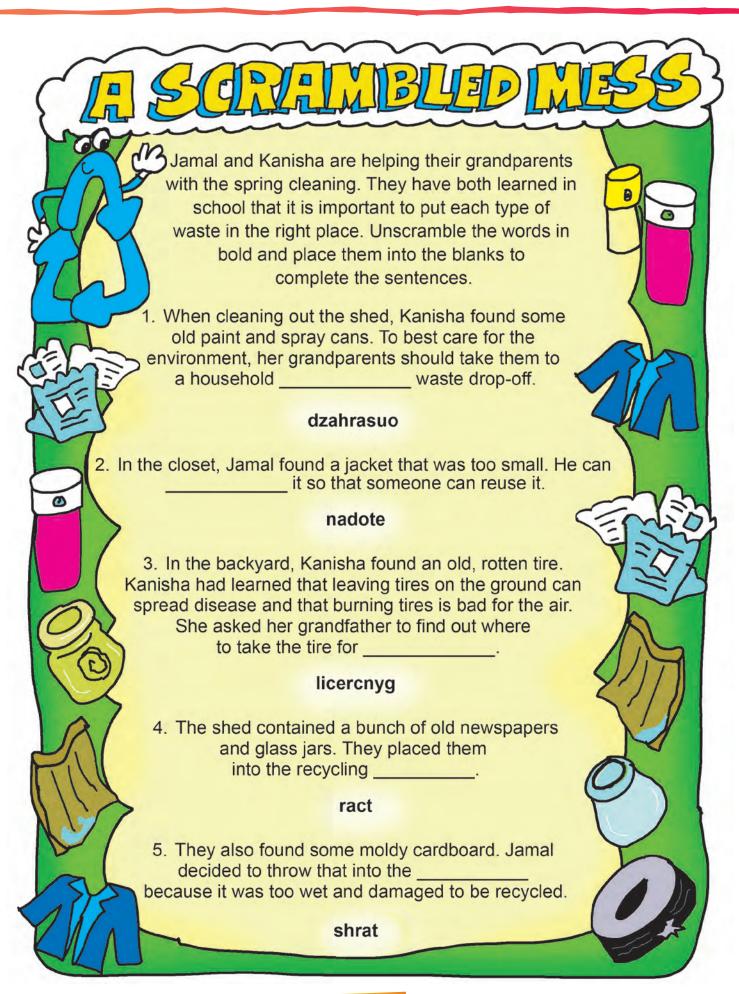
To learn more about Noah's efforts or become inspired to do a cleanup of your own, follow *Take 5 for the Great Lakes* online.

If you want to be a litter cleanup superhero in your area, visit the Keep America Beautiful™ website at kab. org/programs/great-american-cleanup/event/ to find a cleanup event near you or to get fantastic tips on how to pick up litter safely on your own. Maybe your superpower can be to "take 5" and pick up five pieces of litter whenever and wherever you go!



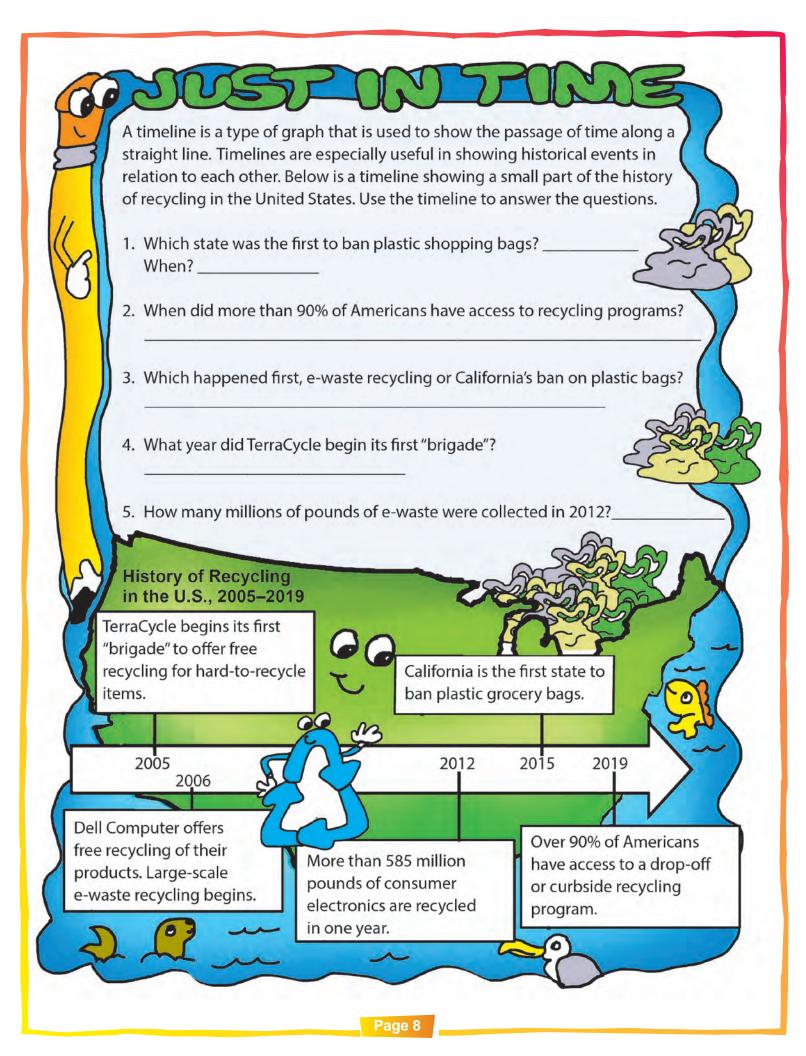






Homo means "same" and Nym means "name" (sound), so homonyms have the same sound. Hetero means "different" and Graph means "writing" (spelling), so heterographs have different spellings. Reading and writing can be a mystery. Some words are read out loud exactly the same but are spelled differently. Depending on the spelling, the word means something different. You need to think like a detective looking for clues and read the entire sentence to figure out the correct way to use each word. The word sets below include special types of homonyms, called heterographs, which include words that are pronounced the same but have different meanings, depending on how the words are spelled. Fill in the blanks with the correct heterograph set for each sentence. The first sentence has been done for you as an example. no, know wear, where whether, weather see, sea too, to, two by, buy week, weak their, there, they're 1. There were 46 plastic bottles in their recycling bin, so they're emptying it now. 2. I can plainly _____ that if plastic bags blow into the ____, they could harm the fish and turtles. 3. Which clothes will you _____ to the Earth Day celebration, and ____ is it located this year? 4. You can often _____ used books at the bookstore ____ the park. 5. ____ of my friends went ____ pick up trash at the playground. I went along, ____. 6. We will pick up litter at the park _____ we have nice, sunny or not. 7. If I don't get enough sleep during the _____, I am too ____ to play soccer on the weekends. 8. "," the teacher answered, "I don't where to recycle Styrofoam nearby."

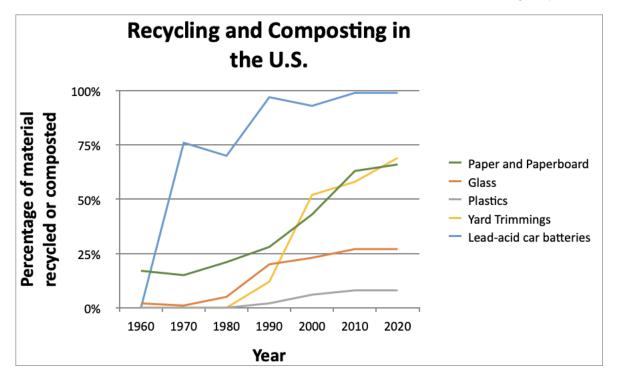
Bonus: Write a sentence using the homonyms "ate" and "eight."





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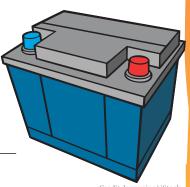
Graphs are an easy way to look at data (information). **Line graphs** are often used to show change over time. This graph was created with data found on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) website.



Use the information from the line graph above to answer these questions:

- 1. Since 1970, which items have been recycled at the highest rate?
- 2. What year saw the same percentage of recycling for yard trimmings and glass?
- 3. From 1990 to 2000, which material experienced the largest increase?
- 4. Which material has consistently had the lowest recycling rates?
- 5. How much did paper and paperboard recycling increase from 1960 to 2020?

Bonus: Car and other vehicle batteries contain lead, which is harmful to humans and the environment. This is why these batteries should be recycled instead of being put into landfills. Search online for "car battery recycling" and write the name of a business or location near you that accepts car batteries for recycling.



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