Deskin Grand Mound Site

Rochester, WA

Final Drainage and Erosion Control Report

Fuller Designs Project No. 2032

May 11, 2022

Prepared by:



1101 Kresky Ave, Centralia, WA 98531; (360) 807-4420

FINAL DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL REPORT

Deskin Grand Mound Site

6911 198th Avenue SW Rochester, WA 98579

Project Information

Prepared for:	Deskins, Ryan
Contact:	Deskins, Ryan
	1951 State Route 6
	Chehalis, WA 98532
	(360) 827-5268

Reviewing Agency

Jurisdiction:	Thurston County Public Works
Contact:	Jennifer Walker, Public Works Director

References

Thurston County 2016 Drainage Design and Erosion Control Manual (The 2016 DD&ECM)

Project Engineer

Prepared by:	Fuller Designs, Inc.
	1101 Kresky Ave
	Centralia WA 98531
	(360) 807-4420

Contact: Aaron Fuller, PE

"I hereby certify that this Final Drainage and Erosion Control Report for the Deskin Grand Mound Site Design project has been prepared by me or under my supervision and meets minimum standards of Thurston County and normal standards of engineering practice. I hereby acknowledge and agree that the jurisdiction does not and will not assume liability for the sufficiency, suitability, or performance of drainage facilities designed by me."

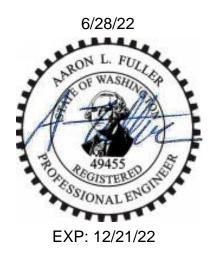


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FINAL DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL REPORT

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SECTION 1 – PROPOSED PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Site Address:	6411 198 th Ave SW, Rochester, WA 98579
Parcel Number(s):	51300100000
Total Site Area:	1.62 Acres
Zoning:	R3-6/1 – Residential 3-6 Units per Acre
Sec, Town, Range:	Section 11, Township 15, Range 3W

Proposed Improvements

The site is located on 198th Avenue SW approximately 650 feet west from the 198th Avenue SW / Sargent Road intersection. This project will create 7 new single-family lots, a private road, drainage, water and sanitary sewer utilities within the project site. An existing single-family building is located along the 198th Avenue SW frontage. This existing building will remain in place. A new access private road will be established to provide access to the proposed lots. The proposed private road will provide access to the site from 198th Avenue SW and 200th Avenue.

Stormwater runoff from the project site will be collected through the proposed private road. The proposed private road will be built with an inverted crown section which will collect runoff from the site and to Contech Stormfilter catch basins. Runoff will then be conveyed to a gravel trench where it will be infiltrated. The infiltration trench will serve as an attenuation system to infiltrate large storm events. 198th Street will be widened, sidewalk, curb and gutter will be added. Runoff from the new pavement areas will be routed to a proposed a Contech Stormfilter catch basin and ultimately to an infiltration trench within Lot 1.

The lot will be served by:

Thurston County Puget Sound Energy Comast Lemay, Inc. Water and Sanitary Sewer Electricity Telecommunications Refuse & Recycling

The subject project property is completely bordered by residential zoning.

SECTION 2 – EXISTING CONDITONS DESCRIPTION

The site is located 650 feet west from the 198th Avenue SW / Sargent Road intersection. The lot currently fronts 198th Avenue SW. The lot has an existing single-family residence and is served by an existing gravel driveway. This existing driveway access is the primary access to the residence. The project area is mainly flat yard area that drains to the north. Runoff sheet flows to 198th Avenue SW and off the site in a westerly direction to drainage paths which eventually contribute to an un-named tributary drainage of Chehalis River.

Vegetation onsite is consistent with medium to low density residential lots. Grasses and small shrubs are predominant throughout the site. Some trees are located within the project site and will be removed to allow the construction improvements.

Soils in the area include Spanaway gravelly sandy loam. A soil survey indicates this area is hydraulic group A, which have low runoff potential and high infiltration rates.

The project utilities and road improvements will be built in one phase. Individual lot improvements will be constructed as they are needed. The proposed construction schedule would be to start in spring of 2022 and be complete by summer 2022.

SECTION 3 – OFFSITE ANALYSIS REPORTS

The area immediately adjacent to the proposed project properties is:

- West residential property
- South –residential property
- East residential property
- North 198th Avenue SW

Surrounding properties are approximately the same elevation as the project property and do not contribute runoff to the project site. Existing fences on the south and west properties delineate drainage boundaries. Given the high infiltration rates within project area, it is very likely most offsite runoff is infiltrated within each property.

The proposed project plans to infiltrate all 2-year, 5-year, 10-year 25-year, 50-year and 100-year storm runoff by implementing two infiltration trenches. Therefore, no impacts are anticipated to downstream facilities and further upstream analysis was deemed not necessary. This area has not been flagged as a possible stormwater problem area.

In the event the proposed onsite stormwater system fails, runoff will pond and sheet flow to 198th Avenue SW and off the site in a westerly direction along 198th Avenue SW for 2,750 feet and then sheet flow across private property before entering Chehalis River. Refer to Exhibit A in the back of this report.

SECTION 4 – APPLICABLE CORE REQUIREMENTS

The core requirements for stormwater development and redevelopment sites are listed in Volume 1 chapter 2 of the Thurston County 2016 Drainage Design and Erosion Control Manual (The 2016 DD&ECM). Not all core requirements of this section apply to all projects. Determination of applicable core requirements is based on section 2.3 of the 2016 DD&ECM.

Based on the thresholds given in figures 2.1 and 2.2 of the 2016 DD&ECM, the proposed project will create more than 5000 square feet of new hard surface areas and thus must address all core requirements. These requirements as they apply to the project are discussed in more detail below.

<u>Core Requirement #1 – Stormwater Site Planning:</u>

A Stormwater Site Plan has been prepared (see Erosion Control and Drainage Plans).

<u>Core Requirement #2 – Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan</u> A Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been prepared. See section 6.

Core Requirement #3 – Source Control of Pollution

All known, available, and reasonable source control BMPs shall be applied to the project to limit pollutants from encountering stormwater. Construction specific BMP's will be provided during and after construction (see Section 6 SWPPP and Section 10 for reference).

<u>Core Requirement #4 – Preservation of Natural Drainage Systems and Outfalls</u> Stormwater from the project site will be infiltrated by two proposed infiltration trenches. The same discharge points will be used in both pre and post development. Improvements onsite do not propose to impact offsite natural drainage systems.

Core Requirement #5 – On-site Stormwater Management

This project is inside the UGA, and it is less than 5 acres. Therefore, per Figure 2-3 from 2016 DD&ECM the project developer has opted to meet the LID performance standard by implementing two infiltration trenches and Post-Construction Soil Quality and Depth BMP LID.01.

Core Requirement #6 - Runoff Treatment

This project proposes to create more than 5000 square feet of pollution-generating hard surface (PGHS) and is subject to this core requirement.

Roof and road surfaces runoff will be routed through pretreatment Contech Storm Filters to remove suspended solids and then routed into infiltration trenches in accordance with BMP IN.02.

The required water quality treatment flow rate for the project site is 0.089 cfs for Basin 1 and 0.006 cfs for Basin 2. To meet the required treatment flow rate for Basin 1, three Contech Stormfilter catch basins will be utilized to treat runoff before discharging runoff into the proposed infiltration trench. Each Contech Stormfilter catch basin has a capacity to treat 0.03 cfs (12.53 gmp). The combined treatment capacity of all three Contech Stormfilter catch basins is 0.09 cfs which meets the minimum required treatment flow rate for Basin 1. To meet the required treatment flow rate for Basin 2, one Contech Stormfilter catch basins will be utilized to treat runoff before discharging runoff into the proposed infiltration trench. The proposed Contech Stormfilter catch basin has a capacity to treat 0.03 cfs (12.53 gmp) which meets the minimum required treatment flow rate for Basin 2.

<u>Core Requirement #7 – Flow Control</u>

The development pre and post runoff rates were compared based on existing and proposed land coverage types using the WWHM2012 continuous inflow model. 100% of the total runoff will be infiltrated directly to groundwater from basin 1.

Runoff from Basin 1 and Basin 2 will be captured with three proposed Contech Stormfilter catch basins. PVC piping will be utilized to route runoff from each Contech Stormfilter catch basin to the proposed infiltration trench. A perforated PVC pipe will be built along the entire length of the infiltration trench to distribute runoff evenly within the infiltration trench. The proposed infiltration trench will be filled with rock and underdrain pipe. The rock will be ³/₄" clean gravel. The proposed trench is designed to be approximately 3' wide, 4' deep and run parallel along the entire length of the easterly property boundary for approximately 510' for Basin 1 and 30' for Basin 2.

A field investigation was performed within the project limits to determine the infiltration rate of existing soils. Soil samples were obtained within the project site at a depth of 10' below existing ground surface and a sieve analysis was conducted. The investigation concluded the existing soils within the site have a design infiltration rate of 11.4 in/hr which was utilized to size the required infiltration trench geometry.

Infiltration trench sizing calculations were established by using the WWHM12 continuous inflow modeling software.

This proposed infiltration trenches will infiltrate all runoff. Post condition peak flow rates are equal to 0 cfs. Therefore, there are no impacts to downstream facilities. The resulting stormwater infrastructure is shown in the drawing details and supported by attached calculations.

Core Requirement #8 – Wetlands Protection

The thresholds identified in Core Requirement #6 – Runoff Treatment, and Core Requirement #7 – Flow Control structures are used to determine the applicability of this requirement to discharges to wetlands. Since this project does not discharge to any wetlands, Core Requirement #8 is not applicable.

Core Requirement #9 – Operation and Maintenance

Maintenance of storm drainage facilities (Stormfilter catch basins, infiltration trench, etc..) will be the responsibility of the Homeowner's Association. A draft storm drainage operation and maintenance plan is included in this report.

Core Requirement #10 – Financial Liability

To ensure compliance with standards hereon, performance bonding or other financial instruments may be required by Thurston County prior to final approval.

Core Requirement #11 - Offsite Analysis and Mitigation

As stated above the project improvements will capture and infiltrate all onsite flows. No offsite impacts are expected and therefore offsite analysis is not required. See Section 3 for offsite drainage analysis. Overflow runoff from the project will sheet flow 198th Avenue SW and sheet flow west to the Chehalis River as shown on Exhibit A.

SECTION 5 – PERMANENT STORMWATER CONTROL PLAN

A pre/post basin flow control analysis, basin map, sub basin water quality analysis, and infiltration trench calculations have been provided in the next few pages.

Sizing Infiltration Trenches

Stormwater calculations were performed to size two infiltration trenches. Using the WWHM model, the length and geometry of the infiltration trench were found to be a minimum of 510' long, 36" wide and 48" deep for Basin 1 and 30' long, 36" wide and 48" deep for Basin 2. The project will construct an infiltration trench of 510' LF for Basin 1 and 30' LF for Basin 2 which meet the required minimum infiltration trench geometry.

BASIN 1

<section-header>

General Model Information

Project Name:	HYDROLOGY MODELS
Site Name:	Deskin Grand Mount Site
Site Address:	
City:	
Report Date:	4/4/2022
Gage:	Grand Mound
Data Start:	1955/10/01
Data End:	2011/09/30
Timestep:	15 Minute
Precip Scale:	1.000
Version Date:	2019/09/13
Version:	4.2.17

POC Thresholds

Low Flow Threshold for POC1:	50 Percent of the 2 Year
High Flow Threshold for POC1:	50 Year

Landuse Basin Data Predeveloped Land Use

Basin 1

Bypass:	No
GroundWater:	No
Pervious Land Use A B, Pasture, Flat	acre 1.53
Pervious Total	1.53
Impervious Land Use ROOF TOPS FLAT DRIVEWAYS FLAT	acre 0.04 0.01
Impervious Total	0.05
Basin Total	1.58
Element Flows To: Surface	Interflow

Groundwater

Mitigated Land Use

Basin 1

Bypass:	No
GroundWater:	No
Pervious Land Use A B, Pasture, Flat	acre 0.89
Pervious Total	0.89
Impervious Land Use ROADS FLAT ROOF TOPS FLAT	acre 0.38 0.31
Impervious Total	0.69
Basin Total	1.58
Element Flows To:	

Element Flows TO.		
Surface	Interflow	Groundwater
Gravel Trench Bed 1	Gravel Trench Bed 1	

Routing Elements Predeveloped Routing

Mitigated Routing

Gravel Trench Bed 1

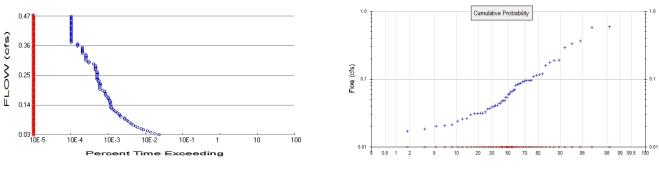
Bottom Length: Bottom Width: Trench bottom slope Trench Left side slope Trench right side slope Material thickness of f Pour Space of materia Material thickness of s Pour Space of materia Material thickness of t Pour Space of materia Infiltration On Infiltration rate: Infiltration safety factor Total Volume Infiltrate Total Volume Through Percent Infiltrated: Total Precip Applied to Total Evap From Faci Discharge Structure Riser Height:	e 0: e 2: first layer: al for first layer: second layer: al for second layer: third layer: al for third layer: or: ed (ac-ft.): n Riser (ac-ft.): n Facility (ac-ft.): o Facility:	510.00 ft. 3.00 ft. 0 To 1 0 To 1 0 To 1 4 0.4 0 0 0 11.4 171.353 0 171.353 100 0 0	
Riser Diameter:	0 in.		
Element Flows To: Outlet 1	Outlet 2		

Gravel Trench Bed Hydraulic Table

Stage(feet) 0.0000	Area(ac.) 0.035	Volume(ac-ft.) 0.000	Discharge(cfs 0.000) Infilt(cfs) 0.000
0.0444	0.035	0.000	0.000	0.403
0.0889	0.035	0.001	0.000	0.403
0.1333	0.035	0.001	0.000	0.403
0.1778	0.035	0.002	0.000	0.403
0.2222	0.035	0.003	0.000	0.403
0.2667	0.035	0.003	0.000	0.403
0.3111	0.035	0.004	0.000	0.403
0.3556	0.035	0.005	0.000	0.403
0.4000	0.035	0.005	0.000	0.403
0.4444	0.035	0.006	0.000	0.403
0.4889	0.035	0.006	0.000	0.403
0.5333	0.035	0.007	0.000	0.403
0.5778	0.035	0.008	0.000	0.403
0.6222	0.035	0.008	0.000	0.403
0.6667	0.035	0.009	0.000	0.403
0.7111	0.035	0.010	0.000	0.403
0.7556	0.035	0.010	0.000	0.403
0.8000	0.035	0.011	0.000	0.403
0.8444	0.035	0.011	0.000	0.403
0.8889	0.035	0.012	0.000	0.403
0.9333	0.035	0.013	0.000	0.403
0.9778	0.035	0.013	0.000	0.403
1.0222	0.035	0.014	0.000	0.403

3.6444 3.6889	0.035 0.035	0.051 0.051	0.000 0.000	0.403 0.403
3.7333	0.035	0.052	0.000	0.403
3.7778	0.035	0.053	0.000	0.403
3.8222	0.035	0.053	0.000	0.403
3.8667 3.9111	0.035 0.035	0.054 0.054	0.000 0.000	0.403 0.403
3.9556	0.035	0.055	0.000	0.403
4.0000	0.035	0.056	0.000	0.403

Analysis Results



+ Predeveloped x Mitigated

Predeveloped Landuse	Totals for POC #1
Total Pervious Area:	1.53
Total Impervious Area:	0.05

Mitigated Landuse Totals for POC #1 Total Pervious Area: 0.89 Total Impervious Area: 0.69

Flow Frequency Method: Log Pearson Type III 17B

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Predeveloped. POC #1Return PeriodFlow(cfs)2 year0.0590545 year0.12774410 year0.19947125 year0.33159950 year0.469058100 year0.648879

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Mitigated. POC #1 Return Period Flow(cfs)

FIOW(CI
0
0
0
0
0
0

Annual Peaks

Annual Peaks for Predeveloped and Mitigated. POC #1

rear	Predeveloped	wiitigate
1956	0.191	0.000
1957	0.577	0.000
1958	0.041	0.000
1959	0.032	0.000
1960	0.091	0.000
1961	0.044	0.000
1962	0.030	0.000
1963	0.330	0.000
1964	0.115	0.000
1965	0.095	0.000

Ranked Annual Peaks

 Ranked Annual Peaks for Predeveloped and Mitigated. POC #1

 Rank
 Predeveloped Mitigated

 1
 0.5903
 0.0000

 2
 0.5767
 0.0000

 3
 0.3689
 0.0000

 4
 0.3297
 0.0000

 5
 0.2909
 0.0000

 6
 0.1907
 0.0000

 7
 0.1892
 0.0000

 8
 0.1750
 0.0000

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	0.1593 0.1188 0.1162 0.1150 0.1101 0.0973 0.0949 0.0946 0.0936 0.0913 0.0869 0.0851 0.0835 0.0807 0.0695 0.0695 0.0684 0.0651 0.06651 0.0668 0.0593 0.0540 0.0540 0.0540 0.0484 0.0483 0.0475 0.0441	0.0000 0.0000
36	0.0415	0.0000
37	0.0411	0.0000
38	0.0395	0.0000
39	0.0390	0.0000
40	0.0369	0.0000
41	0.0364	0.0000
42	0.0330	0.0000
43	0.0316	0.0000
44	0.0313	0.0000
45	0.0311	0.0000
46	0.0311	0.0000
47	0.0295	0.0000
48	0.0261	0.0000
49	0.0257	0.0000
50 51	0.0241 0.0211	0.0000
52 53	0.0206 0.0203	0.0000
54	0.0185	0.0000
55 56	0.0171 0.0162	$0.0000 \\ 0.0000$

Duration Flows

The Facility PASSED

Flow(cfs) 0.0295 0.0340 0.0384 0.0428 0.0473 0.0517 0.0562 0.0606 0.0650 0.0695 0.0739 0.0784 0.0828 0.0872 0.0917	Predev 454 349 273 220 173 151 123 108 91 82 77 70 64 55 54	Mit 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Percentage 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Pass/Fail Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pas
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0.1805 0.1849 0.1894 0.1938 0.1982 0.2027 0.2071 0.2116 0.2160 0.2204 0.2249 0.2293 0.2338 0.2382 0.2426 0.2471 0.2515 0.2560 0.2604	17 17 16 14 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass

0.2648 0.2693 0.2737 0.2782 0.2826 0.2870 0.2915 0.2959 0.3003 0.3048 0.3092 0.3137 0.3181 0.3225 0.3270 0.314 0.3225 0.3270 0.314 0.359 0.3447 0.3492 0.3536 0.3581 0.3625 0.3669 0.3714 0.3758 0.3803 0.3847 0.3891 0.3936 0.3980 0.4025 0.4069 0.4113 0.4291 0.4335 0.4291 0.4291 0.4335 0.4291 0.4257 0.4602 0.4602 0.4646	109999986655555444444333322222222222222222222222	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.4691	2	0	0	Pass

Water Quality

Water Quality BMP Flow and Volume for POC #1					
On-line facility volume:	0.1351 acre-feet				
On-line facility target flow:	0.1585 cfs.				
	0.1585 cfs. 🝃	TREATMENT			
Off-line facility target flow:	0.0899 cfs.				
Adjusted for 15 min:	0.0899 cfs.	REQUIREMENT			

LID Report

	.ID Technique	Used for Treatment ?	Total Volume Needs Treatment (ac-ft)	volume Through Facility (ac-ft)	Infiltration Volume (ac-ft)	Volume	Percent Volume Infiltrated	Water Quality	Percent Water Quality Treated	Comment
C	Gravel Trench Bed 1 POC		155.93				100.00			
Т	Fotal Volume Infiltrated		155.93	0.00	0.00		100.00	0.00	0%	No Treat. Credit
S	Compliance with LID Standard 8% of 2-yr to 50% of 2-yr									Duration Analysis Result = Passed
S	Standard 8% of 2-yr to 50% of									

Model Default Modifications

Total of 0 changes have been made.

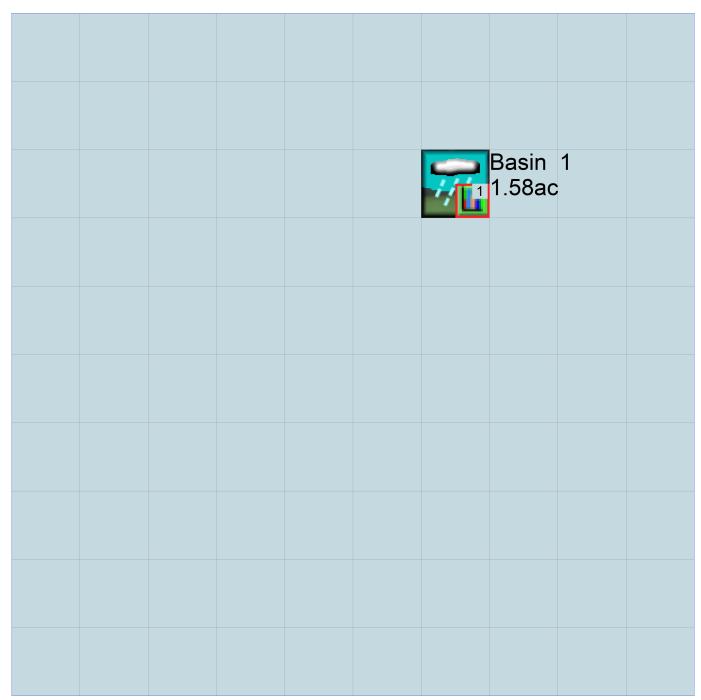
PERLND Changes

No PERLND changes have been made.

IMPLND Changes

No IMPLND changes have been made.

Appendix Predeveloped Schematic



Mitigated Schematic

					;;;;	Basin 1.58ac	1	
					\$1			
					W AI1	Gravel Trench	Bed 1	

Predeveloped UCI File

RUN

GLOBAL WWHM4 model simulation END 3 0 START 1955 10 01 2011 09 30 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL RESUME 0 RUN 1 UNIT SYSTEM 1 END GLOBAL FILES <File> <Un#> <-----File Name---->*** * * * <-ID-> WDM 26 HYDROLOGY MODELS.wdm MESSU 25 PreHYDROLOGY MODELS.MES 27 PreHYDROLOGY MODELS.L61 28 PreHYDROLOGY MODELS.L62 POCHYDROLOGY MODELS1.dat 30 END FILES OPN SEOUENCE INGRP INDELT 00:15 4 PERLND 4 5 IMPLND TMPTIND COPY 501 DISPLY 1 END INGRP END OPN SEQUENCE DISPLY DISPLY-INF01 # - #<-----Title---->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND 1 Basin 1 1 2 30 9 MAX END DISPLY-INF01 END DISPLY COPY TIMESERIES # - # NPT NMN *** 1 1 11 1 1501 END TIMESERIES END COPY GENER OPCODE # # OPCD *** END OPCODE PARM K *** # # END PARM END GENER PERLND GEN-INFO <PLS ><-----Name----->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer *** User t-series Engl Metr *** # -# * * * in out 1 4 1 27 0 A/B, Pasture, Flat 1 1 END GEN-INFO *** Section PWATER*** ACTIVITY # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC *** 4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC ******** 4 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 9

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 SLSUR
 KVARY
 AGWRC

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 <PLS > 4 END PWAT-PARM2 PWAT-PARM3 WAT-PARM3 <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 *** # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN INFEXP INFILD DEEPFR 4 0 0 2 2 0 BASETP AGWETP 0 0 0 END PWAT-PARM3 PWAT-PARM4 PWATER input info: Part 4 * * * <PLS > # - # CEPSC UZSN NSUR 4 0.15 0.5 0.3 NSUR INTFW IRC LZETP 0.3 0 0.7 0.4 LZETP *** END PWAT-PARM4 PWAT-STATE1 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 *** # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 0 0 0 0 3 1 # GWVS 4 0 END PWAT-STATE1 END PERLND IMPLND GEN-INFO <PLS ><-----Name----> Unit-systems Printer *** User t-series Engl Metr *** # - # in out *** 1 1 1 27 0 1 1 1 27 0 ROOF TOPS/FLAT 4 5 DRIVEWAYS/FLAT END GEN-INFO *** Section IWATER*** ACTIVITY
 # # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL

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 * * * END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO <ILS > ******* Print-flags ******* PIVL PYR END PRINT-INFO IWAT-PARM1 <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags *** $\begin{array}{cccccccc} \# & - & \# & CSNO RTOP & VRS & VNN RTLI & *** \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$ 0 0 0 0 0 5 END IWAT-PARM1 IWAT-PARM2 IWATER input info: Part 2 LSUR SLSUR NSUR <PLS > * * *
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 0.1
 RETSC 0.01 0.01 0.1 0.1 5 400 0.1

END IWAT-PARM2 IWAT-PARM3 * * * <PLS > IWATER input info: Part 3 # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN 0 0 0 0 4 5 END IWAT-PARM3 IWAT-STATE1 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation # - # *** RETS SURS 4 0 5 0 0 0 0 END IWAT-STATE1 END IMPLND SCHEMATIC <--Area--> <-Target-> MBLK *** <-factor-> <Name> # Tbl# *** <-Source-> <Name> # Basin 1*** 1.53COPY501121.53COPY501130.04COPY501150.01COPY50115 perlnd 4 PERLND 4 IMPLND 4 IMPLND 5 *****Routing***** END SCHEMATIC NETWORK <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # # <Name> # # *** COPY 501 OUTPUT MEAN 1 1 48.4 DISPLY 1 INPUT TIMSER 1 <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # # <Name> # # *** END NETWORK RCHRES GEN-INFO RCHRES Name Nexits Unit Systems Printer * * * # - #<----- User T-series Engl Metr LKFG * * * * * * in out END GEN-INFO *** Section RCHRES*** ACTIVITY # - # HYFG ADFG CNFG HTFG SDFG GQFG OXFG NUFG PKFG PHFG *** END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO # - # HYDR ADCA CONS HEAT SED GQL OXRX NUTR PLNK PHCB PIVL PYR ******** END PRINT-INFO HYDR-PARM1 * * * RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section END HYDR-PARM1 HYDR-PARM2 KS DB50 # - # FTABNO LEN DELTH STCOR * * * <----><----><----><----> * * * END HYDR-PARM2

HYDR-INIT RCHRES Initial conditions for each HYDR section * * * <----> <---><---><---><---> END HYDR-INIT END RCHRES SPEC-ACTIONS END SPEC-ACTIONS FTABLES END FTABLES EXT SOURCES <-Volume-> <Member> SsysSgap<--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # tem strg<-factor->strg <Name> # # ____ <Name> # # *** WDM 2 PREC ENGL 1 PERLND 1 999 EXTNL PREC 2 PREC ENGL 1 1 EVAP ENGL 0.76 1 EVAP ENGL 0.76 IMPLND1999EXTNLPRECPERLND1999EXTNLPETINPIMPLND1999EXTNLPETINP 2 PREC ENGL WDM WDM WDM END EXT SOURCES EXT TARGETS <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Volume-> <Member> Tsys Tgap Amd *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # <Name> tem strg strg*** COPY 501 OUTPUT MEAN 1 1 48.4 WDM 501 FLOW ENGL REPL END EXT TARGETS MASS-LINK <Volume> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult--> <-Grp> <-Member->*** <Target> <Name> # #*** <Name> <Name> PERLND PWATER SURO 0.083333 COPY INPUT MEAN END MASS-LINK 12 MASS-LINK 13 PERLND PWATER IFWO 0.083333 COPY INPUT MEAN END MASS-LINK 13 MASS-LINK 15 IMPLND IWATER SURO 0.083333 COPY INPUT MEAN END MASS-LINK 15

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

Mitigated UCI File

RUN

GLOBAL WWHM4 model simulation END 2011 09 30 3 0 START 1955 10 01 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL RESUME 0 RUN 1 UNIT SYSTEM 1 END GLOBAL FILES <File> <Un#> <-----File Name---->*** * * * <-ID-> WDM 26 HYDROLOGY MODELS.wdm MESSU 25 Mithydrology Models.Mes 27 MitHYDROLOGY MODELS.L61 28 Mithydrology Models.162 POCHYDROLOGY MODELS1.dat 30 END FILES OPN SEOUENCE INGRP INDELT 00:15 4 1 PERLND IMPLND 4 IMPLND RCHRES 1 COPY COPY 1 501 DISPLY 1 END INGRP END OPN SEQUENCE DISPLY DISPLY-INFO1 # - #<-----Title---->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND Gravel Trench Bed 1 MAX 1 1 2 30 9 END DISPLY-INF01 END DISPLY COPY TIMESERIES # - # NPT NMN *** 501 1 1 END TIMESERIES END COPY GENER OPCODE # # OPCD *** END OPCODE PARM # K *** # END PARM END GENER PERLND GEN-INFO <PLS ><-----Name----->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer *** User t-series Engl Metr *** # - # * * * in out 4 1 1 27 A/B, Pasture, Flat 1 1 0 END GEN-INFO *** Section PWATER*** ACTIVITY # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC *** 4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO

END PRINT-INFO PWAT-PARM1 <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
 # # CSNO RTOP UZFG
 VCS
 VUZ
 VNN VIFW
 VIRC
 VLE INFC
 HWT

 4
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 0
 0</td END PWAT-PARM1 PWAT-PARM2

 IAT-PARM2

 <PLS >
 PWATER input info: Part 2

 # - # ***FOREST
 LZSN
 INFILT
 LSUR
 SLSUR
 KVARY
 AGWRC

 4
 0
 5
 1.5
 400
 0.05
 0.3
 0.996

 <PLS > 4 END PWAT-PARM2 PWAT-PARM3 WAT-PARM3 <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 *** # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN INFEXP INFILD DEEPFR 4 0 0 2 2 0 AGWETP 0 BASETP 0 0 0 END PWAT-PARM3 PWAT-PARM4 <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 4 * * *
 # #
 CEPSC
 UZSN
 NSUR
 INTFW
 IRC
 LZETP ***

 4
 0.15
 0.5
 0.3
 0
 0.7
 0.4
 END PWAT-PARM4 PWAT-STATE1 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 *** # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 0 0 0 0 3 1 GWVS 4 0 END PWAT-STATE1 END PERLND IMPLND GEN-INFO <PLS ><-----Name----> Unit-systems Printer *** User t-series Engl Metr *** # - #
 in out

 1
 ROADS/FLAT
 1
 1
 27
 0

 4
 ROOF TOPS/FLAT
 1
 1
 27
 0
 END GEN-INFO *** Section IWATER*** ACTIVITY $\begin{array}{cccccc} \# & - & \# & \text{ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$ * * * END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO <ILS > ******* Print-flags ******* PIVL PYR

 # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT
 SLD
 IWG IQAL

 1
 0
 0
 4
 0
 0
 1
 9

 4
 0
 0
 4
 0
 0
 1
 9

 END PRINT-INFO IWAT-PARM1 <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags *** # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI *** END IWAT-PARM1 IWAT-PARM2 <PLS > IWATER input info: Part 2 OUSUR NSUR # - # *** LSUR SLSUR NSUR RETSC

HYDR-PARM1

Page 25

- # ***PETMAX PETMIN 1 4 END IWAT-PARM3 IWAT-STATE1 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation # - # *** RETS SURS 0 1 0 0 0 4 END IWAT-STATE1 END IMPLND SCHEMATIC <--Area--> <-Target-> MBLK *** <-factor-> <Name> # Tbl# *** <-Source-> <Name> # Basin 1***
 0.89
 RCHRES
 1
 2

 0.89
 RCHRES
 1
 3

 0.38
 RCHRES
 1
 5

 0.31
 RCHRES
 1
 5
 perlnd 4 perlnd 4 IMPLND 1 IMPLND 4 ******Routing***** 0.89 COPY 1 12 0.38 COPY 1 15 0.31 COPY 1 15 0.89 COPY 1 13 1 COPY 501 17 perlnd 4 IMPLND 1 IMPLND 4 PERLND 4 RCHRES 1 END SCHEMATIC NETWORK <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # # <Name> # # ***
COPY 501 OUTPUT MEAN 1 1 48.4 DISPLY 1 INPUT TIMSER 1 <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # # <Name> # # *** END NETWORK RCHRES GEN-INFO RCHRES Name Nexits Unit Systems Printer * * * # - #<----> User T-series Engl Metr LKFG * * * * * * in out 1 Gravel Trench Be-010 2 1 1 1 28 0 1 END GEN-INFO *** Section RCHRES*** ACTIVITY END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO * * * * * * * * * 1 END PRINT-INFO

* * *

4000.010.10.14000.010.10.1

<PLS > IWATER input info: Part 3

1 4

END IWAT-PARM2

IWAT-PARM3

	VC A1 A2 FG FG FG	r each HYDR A3 ODFVFG FG possik * * *	for each		le exit		*** each exit
1 END HYDR-	0 1 0 PARM1	0 4 5	0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	2 2 2	2 2
HYDR-PARM # - #	FTABNO		DELTH			DB50	* * * * * *
1 END HYDR-	-PARM2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	~ ~ ~
# - #	Initial *** VOL *** ac-ft	conditions Initia for eac <><	l value h possible	of COLIND e exit	Initia for eac	l value of O h possible exi ><>	*** UTDGT t <>
1 END HYDR- END RCHRES	0					0.0 0.0 0.0	
SPEC-ACTION END SPEC-AC FTABLES FTABLE 92 5							
Depth (ft) 0.000000 0.04444 0.088889 0.133333 0.177778 0.222222 0.266667 0.311111 0.355556 0.400000 0.44444 0.48889 0.533333 0.577778 0.622222 0.666667	Area (acres) 0.035124	(acre-ft) 0.000000 0.000624 0.001249 0.0012498 0.003122 0.003747 0.004371 0.004995 0.005620 0.005620 0.005620 0.006244 0.008742 0.008118 0.008742 0.009366 0.009991 0.010615 0.011240 0.012489 0.013113 0.013737 0.014362 0.014864 0.015611 0.015611 0.016235 0.0168501 0.017484 0.018108 0.018733 0.019357 0.019357 0.019982 0.020606 0.021230 0.021855 0.022479 0.023104 0.024353 0.024977	(cfs) 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	(cfs) 0.000000 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750 0.403750		Travel Time** (Minutes)**	

1.966667 0.035124 0.028226 0.00000 0.403750 1.91111 0.035124 0.02828 0.00000 0.403750 2.00000 0.035124 0.02874 0.00000 0.403750 2.044444 0.035124 0.02874 0.00000 0.403750 2.08889 0.035124 0.02972 0.00000 0.403750 2.177778 0.035124 0.03297 0.00000 0.403750 2.22222 0.035124 0.031221 0.00000 0.403750 2.26667 0.035124 0.032470 0.00000 0.403750 2.35555 0.035124 0.032470 0.00000 0.403750 2.44444 0.035124 0.032470 0.00000 0.403750 2.468889 0.035124 0.033719 0.00000 0.403750 2.468889 0.035124 0.03470 0.00000 0.403750 2.468889 0.035124 0.03470 0.00000 0.403750 2.468889 0.035124 0.03470 0.00000 0.403750 2.468889 0.035124 0.03496 0.00000 0.403750 2.461444 0.035124 0.034512 0.00000 0.403750 2.461444 0.035124 0.034527 0.000000 0.403750 2.577778 0.035124 0.035427 0.000000 0.403750 2.577778 0.035124 0.035424 0.003400 0.403750 2.577778 0.035124 0.035424 0.00000 0.403750 2.577778 0.035124 0.035424 0.00000 0.403750 2.584444 0.035124 0.03641 0.00000 0.403750 2.66667 0.035124 0.03641 0.00000 0.403750 2.75556 0.035124 0.036903 0.000000 0.403750 2.844444 0.035124 0.038963 0.000000 0.403750 2.844444 0.035124 0.038963 0.000000 0.403750 2.844444 0.035124 0.03963 0.000000 0.403750 2.844444 0.035124 0.03963 0.000000 0.403750 2.844444 0.035124 0.03963 0.000000 0.403750 3.80200 0.035124 0.041837 0.00000 0.403750 3.80200 0.035124 0.04481 0.00000 0.403750 3.822022 0.035124 0.04583 0.000000 0.403750 3.822022 0.035124 0.04583 0.000000 0.403750 3.824244 0.035124 0.04583 0.000000 0.403750 3.842444 0
EXT SOURCES<-Volume-> <member>SsysSgap<mult->Tran<-Target</mult-></member>
END EXT SOURCES
EXT TARGETS <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-> <mult>Tran <-Volume-> <member> Tsys Tgap Amd *** <name> # <name> # #<-factor->strg <name> # <name> tem strg strg*** RCHRES 1 HYDR RO 1 1 1 WDM 1000 FLOW ENGL REPL RCHRES 1 HYDR O 1 1 1 WDM 1001 FLOW ENGL REPL RCHRES 1 HYDR O 2 1 1 WDM 1002 FLOW ENGL REPL RCHRES 1 HYDR STAGE 1 1 1 WDM 1003 STAG ENGL REPL</name></name></name></name></member></mult>

COPY 1 OUTPUT COPY 501 OUTPUT END EXT TARGETS					NGL REPL NGL REPL
MASS-LINK <volume> <-Grp> <name> MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK</name></volume>	<name> # ‡ 2</name>	<mult> <-factor-> 0.083333</mult>	<target> <name> RCHRES</name></target>	<-Grp>	<-Member->*** <name> # #*** IVOL</name>
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	3 IFWO 3	0.083333	RCHRES	INFLOW	IVOL
MASS-LINK IMPLND IWATER END MASS-LINK	5 SURO 5	0.083333	RCHRES	INFLOW	IVOL
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	12 SURO 12	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	13 IFWO 13	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK IMPLND IWATER END MASS-LINK	15 SURO 15	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK RCHRES OFLOW END MASS-LINK	17 OVOL 1 17		COPY	INPUT	MEAN

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

Predeveloped HSPF Message File

Mitigated HSPF Message File

Disclaimer

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www.clearcreeksolutions.com

BASIN 2

<section-header>

General Model Information

Project Name:	HYDROLOGY MODELS
Site Name:	Deskin Grand Mount Site
Site Address:	
City:	
Report Date:	4/4/2022
Gage:	Grand Mound
Data Start:	1955/10/01
Data End:	2011/09/30
Timestep:	15 Minute
Precip Scale:	1.000
Version Date:	2019/09/13
Version:	4.2.17

POC Thresholds

Low Flow Threshold for POC1:	50 Percent of the 2 Year
High Flow Threshold for POC1:	50 Year

Landuse Basin Data Predeveloped Land Use

Basin 1

Bypass:	No
GroundWater:	No
Pervious Land Use A B, Pasture, Flat	acre 0.1
Pervious Total	0.1
Impervious Land Use	acre
Impervious Total	0
Basin Total	0.1
Element Flows To:	

Element Flows To: Surface Inter

Interflow

Groundwater

Mitigated Land Use

Basin 1

Bypass:	No
GroundWater:	No
Pervious Land Use A B, Pasture, Flat	acre 0.05
Pervious Total	0.05
Impervious Land Use ROADS FLAT	acre 0.05
Impervious Total	0.05
Basin Total	0.1

Element Flows To:		
Surface	Interflow	Groundwater
Gravel Trench Bed 1	Gravel Trench Bed 1	

Routing Elements Predeveloped Routing

Mitigated Routing

Gravel Trench Bed 1

	• •	
Bottom Length: Bottom Width: Trench bottom slope Trench Left side slope Trench right side slop Material thickness of f Pour Space of materia Material thickness of s Pour Space of materia	e 0: e 2: first layer: al for first layer: second layer: al for second layer: third layer:	30.00 ft. 3.00 ft. 0 To 1 0 To 1 0 To 1 4 0.4 0 0 0 0
Infiltration On		
Infiltration rate:		11.4
Infiltration safety facto		1
Total Volume Infiltrate		12.144
Total Volume Through		0
Total Volume Through	n Facility (ac-ft.):	12.144
Percent Infiltrated:		100
Total Precip Applied t		0
Total Evap From Faci	lity:	0
Discharge Structure		
Riser Height:	0 ft.	
Riser Diameter:	0 in.	
Element Flows To:		
Outlet 1	Outlet 2	

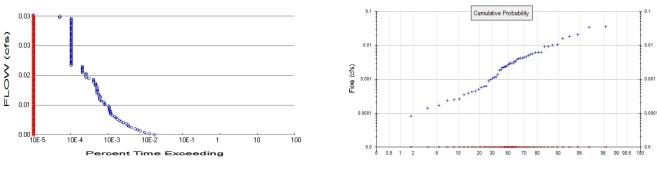
Gravel Trench Bed Hydraulic Table

Stage(feet) 0.0000	Area(ac.) 0.002066	Volume(ac-ft.) 0.000000	Discharge(cfs 0.000) Infilt(cfs) 0.000
0.0444	0.002066	0.000037	0.000	0.023
0.0889	0.002066	0.000073	0.000	0.023
0.1333	0.002066	0.000110	0.000	0.023
0.1778	0.002066	0.000147	0.000	0.023
0.2222	0.002066	0.000184	0.000	0.023
0.2667	0.002066	0.000220	0.000	0.023
0.3111	0.002066	0.000257	0.000	0.023
0.3556	0.002066	0.000294	0.000	0.023
0.4000	0.002066	0.000331	0.000	0.023
0.4444	0.002066	0.000367	0.000	0.023
0.4889	0.002066	0.000404	0.000	0.023
0.5333	0.002066	0.000441	0.000	0.023
0.5778	0.002066	0.000478	0.000	0.023
0.6222	0.002066	0.000514	0.000	0.023
0.6667	0.002066	0.000551	0.000	0.023
0.7111	0.002066	0.000588	0.000	0.023
0.7556	0.002066	0.000624	0.000	0.023
0.8000	0.002066	0.000661	0.000	0.023
0.8444	0.002066	0.000698	0.000	0.023
0.8889	0.002066	0.000735	0.000	0.023
0.9333	0.002066	0.000771	0.000	0.023
0.9778	0.002066	0.000808	0.000	0.023
1.0222	0.002066	0.000845	0.000	0.023

1.0667	0.002066	0.000882	0.000	0.023
1.1111	0.002066	0.000918	0.000	0.023
1.1556	0.002066	0.000955	0.000	0.023
1.2000	0.002066	0.000992	0.000	0.023
1.2444	0.002066	0.001028	0.000	0.023
1.2889	0.002066	0.001065	0.000	0.023
1.3333	0.002066	0.001102	0.000	0.023
1.3778	0.002066	0.001139	0.000	0.023
1.4222	0.002066	0.001175	0.000	0.023
1.4667	0.002066	0.001212	0.000	0.023
1.5111	0.002066	0.001249	0.000	0.023
1.5556 1.6000	0.002066	0.001286 0.001322	0.000 0.000	0.023
1.6444	0.002066	0.001359	0.000	0.023
1.6889	0.002066	0.001396	0.000	
1.7333 1.7778	0.002066 0.002066	0.001433 0.001469	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.023
1.8222	0.002066	0.001506	0.000	0.023
1.8667	0.002066	0.001543	0.000	0.023
1.9111	0.002066	0.001579	0.000	
1.9556	0.002066	0.001616	0.000	0.023
2.0000	0.002066	0.001653	0.000	0.023
2.0444	0.002066	0.001690	0.000	0.023
2.0889	0.002066	0.001726	0.000	0.023
2.1333	0.002066	0.001763	0.000	0.023
2.1778	0.002066	0.001800	0.000	0.023
2.2222	0.002066	0.001837	0.000	0.023
2.2667	0.002066	0.001873	0.000	0.023
2.3111	0.002066	0.001910	0.000	0.023
2.3556	0.002066	0.001947	0.000	0.023
2.4000	0.002066	0.001983	0.000	0.023
2.4444	0.002066	0.002020	0.000	0.023
2.4889 2.5333	0.002066	0.002057 0.002094	0.000 0.000	0.023
2.5778	0.002066	0.002130	0.000	0.023
2.6222	0.002066	0.002167	0.000	
2.6667 2.7111	0.002066	0.002204 0.002241	0.000	0.023
2.7556	0.002066 0.002066	0.002277	0.000 0.000	0.023
2.8000	0.002066	0.002314	0.000	0.023
2.8444	0.002066	0.002351	0.000	
2.8889	0.002066	0.002388	0.000	0.023
2.9333	0.002066	0.002424	0.000	
2.9778	0.002066	0.002461	0.000	0.023
3.0222	0.002066	0.002498	0.000	
3.0667	0.002066	0.002534	0.000	0.023
3.1111	0.002066	0.002571	0.000	0.023
3.1556	0.002066	0.002608	0.000	0.023
3.2000	0.002066	0.002645	0.000	0.023
3.2444	0.002066	0.002681	0.000	0.023
3.2889	0.002066	0.002718	0.000	0.023
3.3333	0.002066	0.002755	0.000	0.023
3.3778	0.002066	0.002792	0.000	0.023
3.4222	0.002066	0.002828	0.000	0.023
3.4667	0.002066	0.002865	0.000	0.023
3.5111	0.002066	0.002902	0.000	0.023
3.5556	0.002066	0.002938	0.000	0.023
3.6000	0.002066	0.002975	0.000	0.023

3.6444	0.002066	0.003012	0.000	0.023
3.6889	0.002066	0.003049	0.000	0.023
3.7333	0.002066	0.003085	0.000	0.023
3.7778	0.002066	0.003122	0.000	0.023
3.8222	0.002066	0.003159	0.000	0.023
3.8667	0.002066	0.003196	0.000	0.023
3.9111	0.002066	0.003232	0.000	0.023
3.9556	0.002066	0.003269	0.000	0.023
4.0000	0.002066	0.003306	0.000	0.023

Analysis Results



+ Predeveloped x Mitigated

Predeveloped Landuse Totals for POC #1 Total Pervious Area: 0.1 Total Impervious Area: 0

Mitigated Landuse Totals for POC #1 Total Pervious Area: 0.05 Total Impervious Area: 0.05

Flow Frequency Method: Log Pearson Type III 17B

 Flow Frequency Return Periods for Predeveloped. POC #1

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 0.002101

 5 year
 0.006966

 10 year
 0.012687

 25 year
 0.023563

 50 year
 0.034767

 100 year
 0.048975

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Mitigated.POC #1Return PeriodFlow(cfs)2 year0

5 year	0
10 year	0
25 year	0
50 year	0
100 year	0

Annual Peaks

Annual Peaks for Predeveloped and Mitigated. POC #1 Year Predeveloped Mitigated

Year	Predeveloped	Mitigate
1956	0.011	0.000
1957	0.034	0.000
1958	0.001	0.000
1959	0.001	0.000
1960	0.004	0.000
1961	0.002	0.000
1962	0.000	0.000
1963	0.019	0.000
1964	0.006	0.000
1965	0.005	0.000

Ranked Annual Peaks

 Ranked Annual Peaks for Predeveloped and Mitigated. POC #1

 Rank
 Predeveloped Mitigated

 1
 0.0351
 0.0000

 2
 0.0343
 0.0000

 3
 0.0208
 0.0000

 4
 0.0185
 0.0000

 5
 0.0160
 0.0000

 6
 0.0105
 0.0000

 7
 0.0101
 0.0000

 8
 0.0093
 0.0000

$\begin{array}{c} 9\\ 10\\ 11\\ 12\\ 13\\ 14\\ 15\\ 16\\ 17\\ 18\\ 19\\ 20\\ 21\\ 22\\ 23\\ 24\\ 25\\ 26\\ 27\\ 28\\ 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 39\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44\\ 45\\ 46\end{array}$	0.0090 0.0063 0.0062 0.0060 0.0056 0.0054 0.0049 0.0049 0.0042 0.0042 0.0042 0.0042 0.0033 0.0033 0.0033 0.0030 0.0029 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0025 0.0024 0.0022 0.0022 0.0022 0.0019 0.0019 0.0019 0.0012 0.0005 0.0005	0.0000 0.0000
42	0.0006	0.0000
43	0.0006	0.0000
47	0.0004	0.0000
48	0.0004	0.0000
49	0.0004	0.0000
50	0.0003	0.0000
51	0.0002	0.0000
52	0.0002	0.0000
53 54	0.0002 0.0001	0.0000
55	0.0001	0.0000
56	0.0001	0.0000

Duration Flows

The Facility PASSED

Flow(cfs) 0.0011 0.0014 0.0017 0.0021 0.0024 0.0028 0.0031 0.0034 0.0038 0.0041 0.0045	Predev 336 248 187 144 123 104 82 70 67 60 50	Mit 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Percentage 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Pass/Fail Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pas
0.0048 0.0051 0.0055 0.0058 0.0062 0.0065 0.0068 0.0072	44 39 35 32 30 26 23 23	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.0075 0.0079 0.0082 0.0085 0.0089 0.0092 0.0096	23 22 21 21 21 20 16	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.0099 0.0102 0.0106 0.0109 0.0113 0.0116 0.0119 0.0123	16 15 13 12 12 12 12 12 12	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.0126 0.0130 0.0133 0.0137 0.0140 0.0143 0.0147 0.0150	11 10 10 10 10 10 10 9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.0154 0.0157 0.0160 0.0164 0.0167 0.0171 0.0174 0.0177 0.0181 0.0184 0.0188	99888655554			Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass

Water Quality

Water Quality BMP Flow ar		
On-line facility volume:	0.0097 acre-feet	
On-line facility target flow:	0.0114 cfs.	
	0.0114 cfs. 🍃	TREATMENT
Off-line facility target flow:	0.0065 cfs.	REQUIREMENT
Adjusted for 15 min:	0.0065 cfs.	REQUIREMENT

LID Report

Gravel Trench Bed 1 POC 11.05 100.00 100.00 No Treat. Credit Total Volume Infiltrated 11.05 0.00 0.00 100.00 0.00 0% No Treat. Credit Compliance with LID Standard 8% of 2-yr to 50% of 2-yr w 2-yr Image: Compliance with Standard 8% Image:	LID Technique	Used for Treatment ?	Total Volume Needs Treatment (ac-ft)	Volume Through Facility (ac-ft)	Infiltration Volume (ac-ft)	Volume	Percent Volume Infiltrated	Water Quality	Percent Water Quality Treated	Comment
Compliance with LID Standard 8% of 2-yr to 50% of 2-yr Duration	Gravel Trench Bed 1 POC		11.05				100.00			
Compliance with LID Standard 8% of 2-yr to 50% of Zvr Result =	Total Volume Infiltrated		11.05	0.00	0.00		100.00	0.00	0%	No Treat. Credit
Fassed	Standard 8% of 2-yr to 50% of									Analysis

Model Default Modifications

Total of 0 changes have been made.

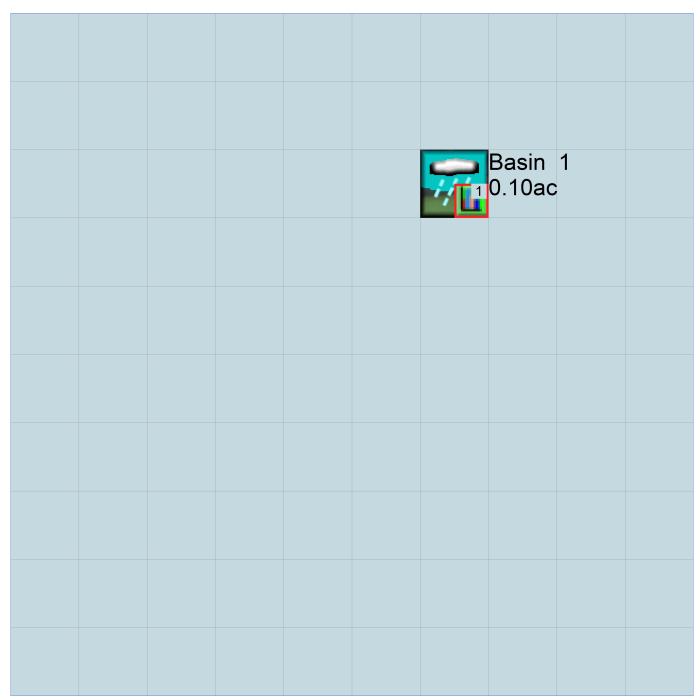
PERLND Changes

No PERLND changes have been made.

IMPLND Changes

No IMPLND changes have been made.

Appendix Predeveloped Schematic



Mitigated Schematic

					;;; ;	Basin 0.10ac	1	
					\$1			
					00 A 1	Gravel Trench	Bed 1	

Predeveloped UCI File

RUN

GLOBAL WWHM4 model simulation END 3 0 START 1955 10 01 2011 09 30 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL RESUME 0 RUN 1 UNIT SYSTEM 1 END GLOBAL FILES <-----File Name---->*** <File> <Un#> * * * <-ID-> 26 HYDROLOGY MODELS.wdm WDM MESSII 25 PreHYDROLOGY MODELS.MES 27 PreHYDROLOGY MODELS.L61 28 PreHYDROLOGY MODELS.L62 30 POCHYDROLOGY MODELS1.dat END FILES OPN SEOUENCE 4 INGRP INDELT 00:15 PERLND 501 COPY DISPLY 1 END INGRP END OPN SEQUENCE DISPLY DISPLY-INF01 # - #<-----Title---->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND 1 Basin 1 1 2 30 MAX 9 END DISPLY-INF01 END DISPLY COPY TIMESERIES # - # NPT NMN *** 1 1 01 1 1 1 501 END TIMESERIES END COPY GENER OPCODE # # OPCD *** END OPCODE PARM K *** # # END PARM END GENER PERLND GEN-INFO <PLS ><-----Name----->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer *** User t-series Engl Metr *** # - # in out * * * 1 1 1 1 27 0 4 A/B, Pasture, Flat END GEN-INFO *** Section PWATER*** ACTIVITY # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC *** 4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO

 # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT
 SED
 PST
 PWG
 PQAL
 MSTL
 PEST
 NITR
 PHOS
 TRAC

 4
 0
 0
 4
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 1
 9

 END PRINT-INFO

PWAT-PARM1 <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***

 # - # CSNO RTOP UZFG VCS VUZ VNN VIFW VIRC VLE INFC HWT ***

 4
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

 END PWAT-PARM1 PWAT-PARM2 VALUE AND 2VALUE AND 2<PLS >PWATER input info: Part 2***# - # ***FORESTLZSNINFILTLSURSLSURKVARYAGWRC4051.54000.050.30.996 END PWAT-PARM2 PWAT-PARM3 PWAT-PARM3<PLS >PWATER input info: Part 3***# - # ***PETMAXPETMININFEXPINFILD400220 BASETP AGWETP 0 0 0 END PWAT-PARM3 PWAT-PARM4 <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 4 * * *
 # - #
 CEPSC
 UZSN
 NSUR
 INTFW
 IRC
 LZETP ***

 4
 0.15
 0.5
 0.3
 0
 0.7
 0.4
 END PWAT-PARM4 PWAT-STATE1 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 *** # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 0 0 0 0 3 1 # -GWVS 4 0 END PWAT-STATE1 END PERLND IMPLND GEN-INFO <PLS ><-----Name----> Unit-systems Printer *** # - # User t-series Engl Metr *** * * * in out END GEN-INFO *** Section IWATER*** ACTIVITY # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL *** END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO <ILS > ******* Print-flags ******* PIVL PYR # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL ******** END PRINT-INFO IWAT-PARM1 <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags *** # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI *** END IWAT-PARM1 IWAT-PARM2 <PLS > IWATER input info: Part 2 ***
- # *** LSUR SLSUR NSUR RETSC END IWAT-PARM2 IWAT-PARM3 <PLS > IWATER input info: Part 3 * * * # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN END IWAT-PARM3 IWAT-STATE1 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation # - # *** RETS SURS END IWAT-STATE1

SCHEMATIC <--Area--> <-Target-> MBLK *** <-factor-> <Name> # Tbl# *** <-Source-> <Name> # Basin 1*** 0.1 COPY 501 12 0.1 COPY 501 13 perlnd 4 PERLND 4 *****Routing***** END SCHEMATIC NETWORK <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # # <Name> # COPY 501 OUTPUT MEAN 1 1 48.4 DISPLY 1 INPUT TIMSER 1 <Name> # # *** <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # # <Name> # # *** END NETWORK RCHRES GEN-INFO * * * RCHRES Name Nexits Unit Systems Printer # - #<----- User T-series Engl Metr LKFG * * * * * * in out END GEN-INFO *** Section RCHRES*** ACTIVITY # - # HYFG ADFG CNFG HTFG SDFG GQFG OXFG NUFG PKFG PHFG *** END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO # - # HYDR ADCA CONS HEAT SED GQL OXRX NUTR PLNK PHCB PIVL PYR ******** END PRINT-INFO HYDR-PARM1 * * * RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section END HYDR-PARM1 HYDR-PARM2 # - # FTABNO LEN DELTH STCOR KS DB50 * * * <----><----><----><----> * * * END HYDR-PARM2 HYDR-INIT RCHRES Initial conditions for each HYDR section # *** . *** ac-ft <----> <---><---><---><---> END HYDR-INIT END RCHRES SPEC-ACTIONS END SPEC-ACTIONS FTABLES END FTABLES EXT SOURCES <-Volume-> <Member> SsysSgap<--Mult->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # tem strg<-factor->strg <Name> # # <Name WDM 2 PREC ENGL 1 PERLND 1 999 EXTNL PREC WDM 2 PREC ENGL 1 IMPLND 1 999 EXTNL PREC <Name> # # *** WDM

END IMPLND

WDM	1 EVAP	ENGL	0.76	perlnd 1	999 EXTNL	PETINP
WDM	1 EVAP	ENGL	0.76	IMPLND 1	999 EXTNL	PETINP
END EXT	SOURCES					
EXT TARG	JETS					
<-Volume	e-> <-Grp>	<-Member->	<mult>Tran</mult>	<-Volume->	<member> T</member>	sys Tgap Amd ***
	# -		. J			tem strg strg***
	501 OUTPUT	MEAN 1	1 48.4	WDM 501	FLOW E	NGL REPL
END EXT	TARGETS					
MASS-LIN	IK					
<volume></volume>	-Grp>		<mult></mult>	<target></target>	<-Grp>	<-Member->***
<name></name>			<-factor->	<name></name>		<name> # #***</name>
MASS-L	JINK PWATER	12 SUBO	0.083333	COPY	ייידינואד	ለር እ
PERLND FND MA	ASS-LINK	12	0.003333	COPI	INPUT	MEAN
		12				
MASS-L	JINK	13				
PERLND	PWATER		0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
END MA	ASS-LINK	13				

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

Mitigated UCI File

RUN

GLOBAL WWHM4 model simulation
 START
 1955
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 END
 2011
 09
 30

 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL
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 RESUME 0 RUN 1 UNIT SYSTEM 1 END GLOBAL FILES <File> <Un#> <-----File Name---->*** * * * <-ID-> WDM 26 HYDROLOGY MODELS.wdm MESSII 25 Mithydrology Models.Mes 27 Mithydrology Models.L61 28 Mithydrology Models.L62 POCHYDROLOGY MODELS1.dat 30 END FILES OPN SEOUENCE INGRP INDELT 00:15 4 1 PERLND IMPLND 1 RCHRES COPY COPY DISPLY 1 501 1 END INGRP END OPN SEQUENCE DISPLY DISPLY-INFO1 # -#<-----Title----->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND1Gravel Trench Bed 1MAX12309 END DISPLY-INF01 END DISPLY COPY TIMESERIES # - # NPT NMN *** 1 1 1 501 1 1 END TIMESERIES END COPY GENER OPCODE # # OPCD *** END OPCODE PARM K *** # # END PARM END GENER PERLND GEN-INFO <PLS ><-----Name---->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer *** User t-series Engl Metr *** # - # in out 1 1 1 1 27 * * * 4 A/B, Pasture, Flat 27 0 END GEN-INFO *** Section PWATER*** ACTIVITY # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC *** 4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO

0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 9 4 END PRINT-INFO PWAT-PARM1 <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
 # # CSNO RTOP UZFG
 VCS
 VUZ
 VNN VIFW
 VIRC
 VLE INFC
 HWT

 4
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
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 0
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 0</td 4 END PWAT-PARM1 PWAT-PARM2 PWATER input info: Part 2***FORESTLZSNINFILTLSURSLSURKVARYAGWRC051.54000.050.30.996 <PLS > # - # ***FOREST LZSN INFILT 4 0 5 1.5 4 END PWAT-PARM2 PWAT-PARM3 var=parms
v # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN INFEXP 4 0 0 2 BASETP AGWETP INFILD DEEPFR 0 2 0 4 0 END PWAT-PARM3 PWAT-PARM4 <PLS >PWATER input info: Part 4# - #CEPSCUZSNNSURINTFWIRC40.150.50.300.7 * * * LZETP *** 0.4 END PWAT-PARM4 PWAT-STATE1 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 *** # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 0 0 0 0 3 1 # -GWVS 4 1 0 END PWAT-STATE1 END PERLND IMPLND GEN-INFO <PLS ><-----Name----> Unit-systems Printer *** # - # User t-series Engl Metr *** in out *** 1 1 1 1 ROADS/FLAT 27 0 END GEN-INFO *** Section IWATER*** ACTIVITY # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 * * * END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO <ILS > ******* Print-flags ******* PIVL PYR # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL ********* 1 0 0 4 0 0 1 9 END PRINT-INFO IWAT-PARM1 <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags *** # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI *** 1 0 0 0 0 0 END IWAT-PARM1 IWAT-PARM2

 AR1-PARM2

 <PLS >
 IWATER input info: Part 2
 **

 # - # ***
 LSUR
 SLSUR
 NSUR
 RETSC

 1
 400
 0.01
 0.1
 0.1

 END IWAT-PARM2 IWAT-PARM3 IWATER input info: Part 3 *** <PLS >

- # ***PETMAX PETMIN 1 0 0 END IWAT-PARM3 IWAT-STATE1 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation # - # *** RETS SURS 1 0 0 1 END IWAT-STATE1 END IMPLND SCHEMATIC <--Area--> <-Target-> MBLK *** <-factor-> <Name> # Tbl# *** <-Source-> <Name> # Basin 1*** 0.05 RCHRES 1 0.05 RCHRES 1 0.05 RCHRES 1 PERLND 4 2 PERLND 4 IMPLND 1 3 5 ******Routing***** 0.05 COPY 1 12 0.05 COPY 1 15 0.05 COPY 1 13 1 COPY 501 17 perlnd 4 1 TMPTIND perlnd 4 RCHRES 1 END SCHEMATIC NETWORK <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # # <Name> # # *** COPY 501 OUTPUT MEAN 1 1 48.4 DISPLY 1 INPUT TIMSER 1 <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> *** <Name> # <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name> # # ____ <Name> # # *** END NETWORK RCHRES GEN-INFO RCHRES Name Nexits Unit Systems Printer * * * # - #<----> User T-series Engl Metr LKFG * * * * * * in out 1 Gravel Trench Be-010 2 1 1 1 28 0 1 END GEN-INFO *** Section RCHRES*** ACTIVITY END ACTIVITY PRINT-INFO # -# HYDR ADCA CONS HEATSEDGQLOXRX NUTR PLNK PHCBPIVLPYR14000000019 * * * * * * * * * END PRINT-INFO HYDR-PARM1 * * * RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section

 # - # VC A1 A2 A3 ODFVFG for each *** ODGTFG for each
 FUNCT for each

 FG FG FG FG possible exit
 *** possible exit
 possible exit

 1
 0
 1
 0
 4
 5
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 2
 2
 2
 2

 1 END HYDR-PARM1 HYDR-PARM2 # – # FTABNO LENKS DB50 * * * STCOR DELTH* * * <----><----><----><---->

1 END HYDR-PARI HYDR-INIT	1 M2	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	
RCHRES In: # - # *** *** ;	VOL ac-ft	for eac	l value h possible	of COLIND exit	Initia for each	n possible	
<>< 1 END HYDR-INI END RCHRES	0	<>< 4.0			*** <><- 0.0	0.0 0.0	
	NS 1						
0.000000 0.0 0.044444 0.0 0.088889 0.0 0.133333 0.0 0.177778 0.0 0.222222 0.0 0.266667 0.0 0.311111 0.0 0.355556 0.0 0.400000 0.0 0.444444 0.0 0.488889 0.0 0.533333 0.0 0.577778 0.0 0.666667 0.0 0.666667 0.0 0.711111 0.0 0.755556 0.0 0.800000 0.0 0.844444 0.0 0.888889 0.0 0.933333 0.0 0.977778 0.0 1.022222 0.0 1.066667 0.0 1.11111 0.0 1.55556 0.0 1.200000 0.0 1.244444 0.0 1.288889 0.0 1.33333 0.0 1.377778 0.0 1.422222 0.0 1.666667 0.0 1.51111 0.0 1.55556 0.0 1.60000 0.0 1.44444 0.0 1.55556 0.0 1.60000 0.0 1.644444 0.0 1.88889 0.0 1.73333 0.0 1.777778 0.0 1.822222 0.0 1.866667 0.0 1.91111 0.0 1.955556 0.0 1.00000 0.0 2.044444 0.0 1.88889 0.0 1.73333 0.0 1.777778 0.0 1.222222 0.0 1.33333 0.0 2.177778 0.0 2.222222 0.0	Area acres) 002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 0002066 00000000	Volume (acre-ft) 0.00000 0.00037 0.000147 0.000147 0.000147 0.000147 0.000220 0.000257 0.000294 0.000331 0.000367 0.000404 0.00041 0.000478 0.000514 0.000514 0.000514 0.000551 0.000551 0.000551 0.000624 0.000661 0.000624 0.000624 0.000624 0.000551 0.000735 0.000735 0.000735 0.000771 0.000882 0.000882 0.000882 0.000992 0.001028 0.000992 0.001028 0.001028 0.001175 0.001175 0.001212 0.001249 0.001286 0.001399 0.001396 0.001396 0.001397 0.001506 0.001543 0.001579 0.001579 0.001543 0.001573	Outflow1 (cfs) 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	Outflow2 (cfs) 0.000000 0.023750	Velocity (ft/sec)	Travel Tir (Minutes	

2.311111 0.002066 0.001910 0.00000 0.023750 2.40000 0.002066 0.001943 0.00000 0.023750 2.444444 0.002066 0.002020 0.00000 0.023750 2.533333 0.002066 0.002094 0.000000 0.023750 2.533333 0.002066 0.002167 0.00000 0.023750 2.622222 0.002066 0.002214 0.000000 0.023750 2.662667 0.002066 0.002241 0.000000 0.023750 2.71111 0.002066 0.002241 0.000000 0.023750 2.755556 0.002066 0.002314 0.000000 0.023750 2.80000 0.002066 0.002314 0.000000 0.023750 2.844444 0.002066 0.002311 0.00000 0.023750 2.844444 0.002066 0.002314 0.00000 0.023750 2.844444 0.002066 0.002314 0.00000 0.023750 2.844444 0.002066 0.002424 0.00000 0.023750 2.844444 0.002066 0.002424 0.00000 0.023750 2.844444 0.002066 0.002424 0.00000 0.023750 3.06667 0.002066 0.002424 0.00000 0.023750 3.06667 0.002066 0.002424 0.00000 0.023750 3.02222 0.002066 0.002424 0.00000 0.023750 3.02222 0.002066 0.002571 0.00000 0.023750 3.244444 0.002066 0.002548 0.00000 0.023750 3.244444 0.002066 0.002571 0.00000 0.023750 3.244444 0.002066 0.002752 0.00000 0.023750 3.33333 0.002066 0.002752 0.00000 0.023750 3.55555 0.002066 0.002828 0.00000 0.023750 3.546667 0.002066 0.002865 0.00000 0.023750 3.546667 0.002066 0.002752 0.00000 0.023750 3.546667 0.002066 0.002752 0.00000 0.023750 3.561111 0.002066 0.002938 0.00000 0.023750 3.561111 0.002066 0.002938 0.00000 0.023750 3.644444 0.002066 0.003450 0.00000 0.023750 3.644444 0.002066 0.003122 0.000000 0.023750 3.644444 0.002066 0.003150 0.000000 0.023750 3.646677 0.002066 0.003280 0.000000 0.023750 3.646677 0.002066 0.003280 0.000000 0.023750 3.644444 0.00206	
EXT SOURCES<-Volume-> <member>SsysSgap<mult>Tran<-Target</mult></member>	
END EXT SOURCES	
EXT TARGETS <-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-> <mult>Tran <-Volume-> <member> Tsys Tgap Amd *** <name> # <name> # #<-factor->strg <name> # <name> tem strg strg*** RCHRES 1 HYDR RO 1 1 1 WDM 1000 FLOW ENGL REPL RCHRES 1 HYDR O 1 1 1 WDM 1001 FLOW ENGL REPL RCHRES 1 HYDR O 2 1 1 WDM 1002 FLOW ENGL REPL RCHRES 1 HYDR STAGE 1 1 1 WDM 1003 STAG ENGL REPL COPY 1 OUTPUT MEAN 1 1 48.4 WDM 701 FLOW ENGL REPL COPY 501 OUTPUT MEAN 1 1 48.4 WDM 801 FLOW ENGL REPL END EXT TARGETS</name></name></name></name></member></mult>	
MASS-LINK <volume> <-Grp> <-Member-><mult> <target> <-Grp> <-Member->*** <name> # #<-factor-> <name> *** MASS-LINK 2 PERLND PWATER SURO 0.083333 RCHRES INFLOW IVOL END MASS-LINK 2</name></name></target></mult></volume>	

MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	3 IFWO 3	0.08333	3 RCHRES	INFLOW IV	70L
MASS-LINK IMPLND IWATER END MASS-LINK	5 SURO 5	0.08333	3 RCHRES	INFLOW IV	70L
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	12 SURO 12	0.08333	3 СОРУ	INPUT ME	EAN
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	13 IFWO 13	0.08333	3 СОРУ	INPUT ME	EAN
MASS-LINK IMPLND IWATER END MASS-LINK	15 SURO 15	0.08333	3 COPY	INPUT ME	EAN
MASS-LINK RCHRES OFLOW END MASS-LINK	17 OVOL 17	1	COPY	INPUT ME	EAN

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

Predeveloped HSPF Message File

Mitigated HSPF Message File

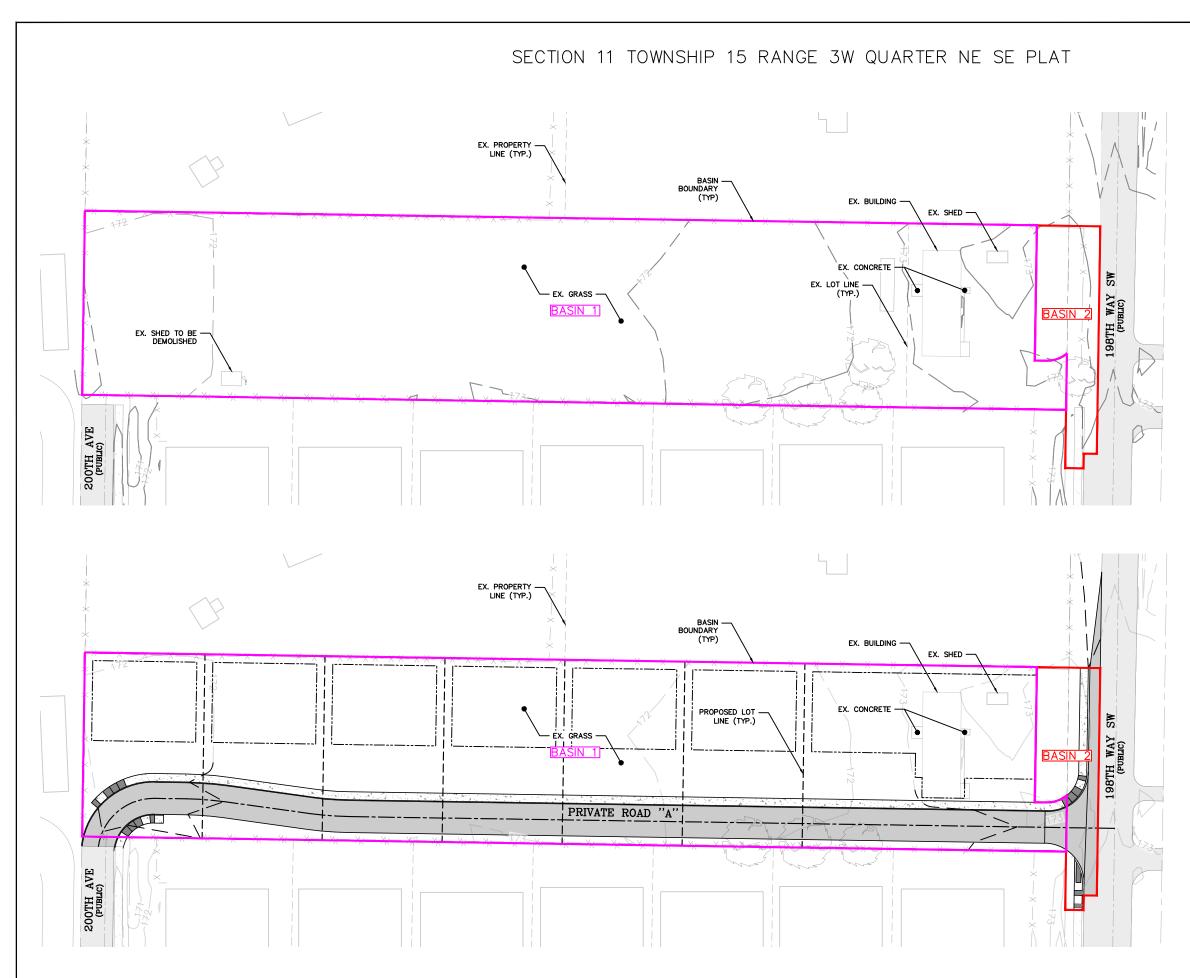
Disclaimer

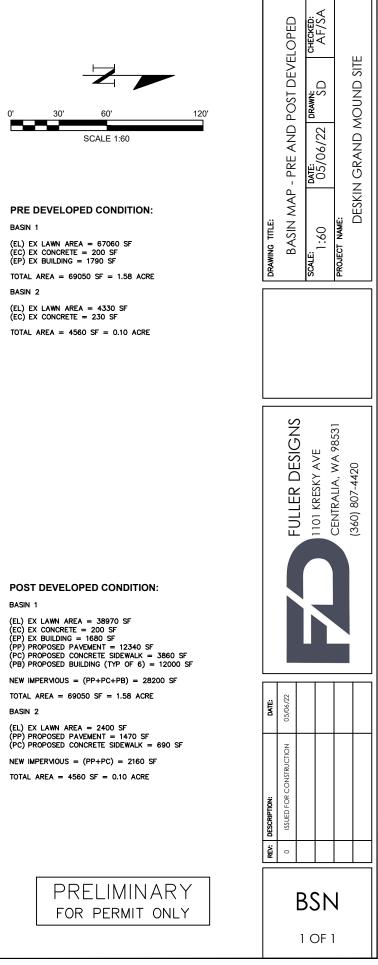
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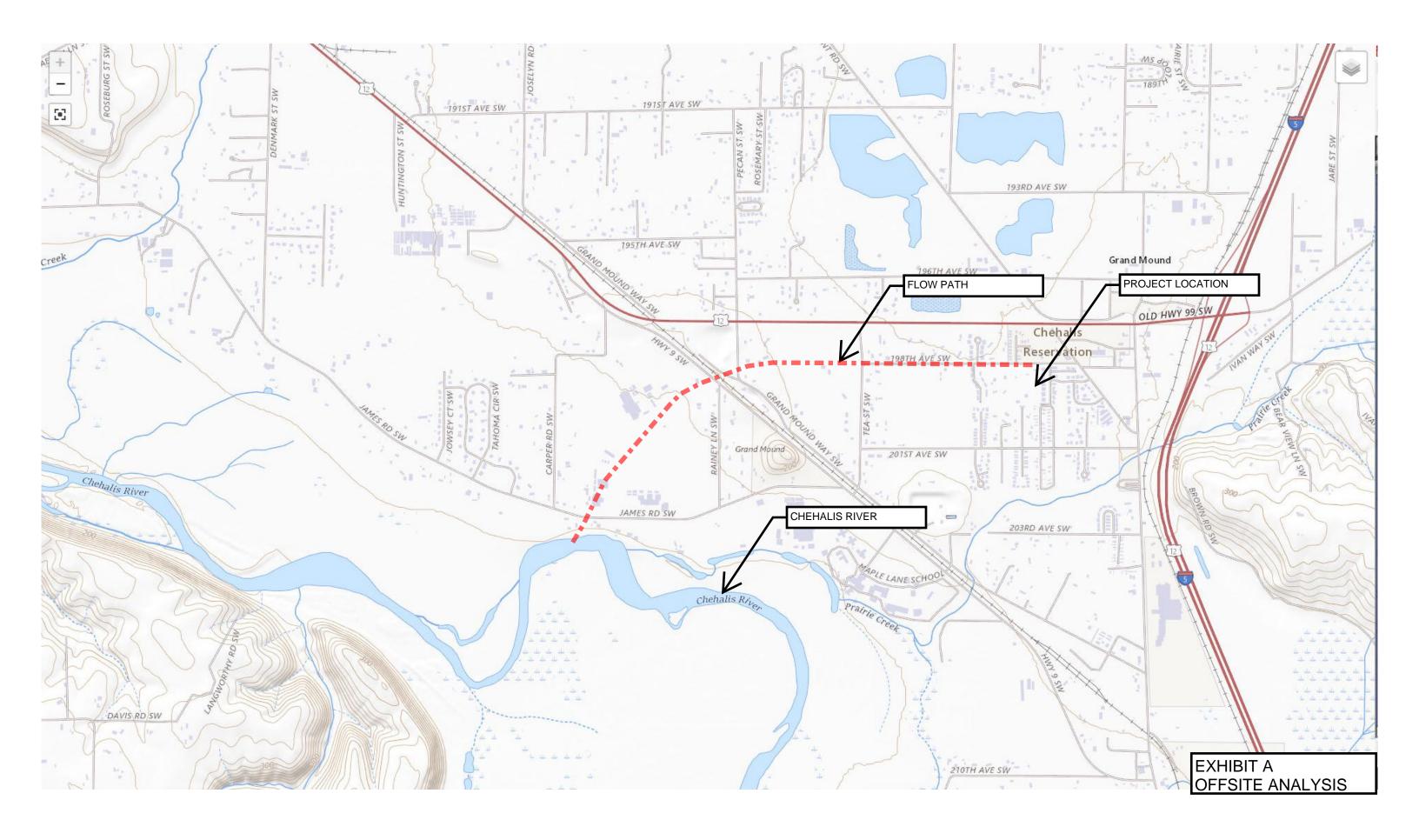
Clear Creek Solutions, Inc. 6200 Capitol Blvd. Ste F Olympia, WA. 98501 Toll Free 1(866)943-0304 Local (360)943-0304

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OFFSITE RUNOFF PATH EXHIBIT



SECTION 6 – CONSTRUCTION SWPPP

This project is required to prepare a construction Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan in accordance with Core Requirement #2 and must be prepared in accordance with Volume II chapter 2 of the 2016 DD&ECM

This drainage and erosion control report is intended to supplement the construction SWPPP by utilizing other sections in this report to cover required narrative elements. Also, the construction and erosion control plans supplied for the project are to act as the required drawing component of the construction SWPPP.

Intended BMPs which should be used during construction include but are not limited to:

- BMP C101: Preserving Natural Vegetation
- BMP C102: Buffer Zones
- BMP C103: High Visibility Fence
- BMP C105: Stabilized Construction Entrance / Exit
- BMP C120: Temporary and Permanent Seeding
- BMP C123: Plastic Covering
- BMP C125: Topsoiling / Composting
- BMP C140: Dust Control
- BMP C152: Sawcutting and Surfacing Pollution Prevention
- BMP C153: Material Delivery, Storage and Containment
- BMP C154: Concrete Washout Area
- BMP C160: Certified Erosion and Sediment Control Lead
- BMP C162: Scheduling
- BMP C233: Silt Fence

CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

FOR

Deskin Grand Mound Site

1951 State Route 6 Chehalis, WA 98532

Prepared by:



1101 Kresky Ave Centralia, WA 98531 (360) 807-4420

General Requirements

Clearing and grading activities for this project shall be permitted only to the approved site development plan. These clearing and grading areas were established to preserve sensitive areas, buffers, native growth protection easements, and tree retention areas. These areas are delineated on the site plans and shall be marked on the development site.

The SWPPP shall be implemented beginning with initial land disturbance and until final stabilization. Sediment and Erosion control BMPs shall be consistent with the BMPs contained in chapters 2 and 3 of Volume II of the 2016 DD&ECM.

Seasonal Work Limitations - From October 15 through April 1, clearing, grading, and other soil disturbing activities shall only be permitted if shown to the satisfaction of the local permitting authority that silt-laden runoff will be prevented from leaving the site through a combination of the following:

- 1. Site conditions including existing vegetative coverage, slope, soil type and proximity to receiving waters.
- 2. Limitations on activities and the extent of disturbed areas.
- 3. Proposed erosion and sediment control measures.

Project Requirements - Construction SWPPP Elements

In most cases, all the following elements shall apply and be implemented throughout construction. Self-contained sites (discharges only to groundwater) must comply with all elements except for Element 3: Control Flow Rates.

Element 1: Preserve Vegetation/Mark Clearing Limits

- Before beginning land disturbing activities, including clearing and grading, clearly mark all clearing limits, sensitive areas and their buffers, and trees that are to be preserved within the construction area.
- Retain the duff layer, native topsoil, and natural vegetation in an undisturbed state to the maximum degree practicable.

Element 2: Establish Construction Access

- Limit construction vehicle access and exit to one route, if possible.
- Stabilize access points with a pad of quarry spalls, crushed rock, or other equivalent BMPs, to minimize tracking of sediment onto public roads.
- Locate wheel wash or tire baths on site, if the stabilized construction entrance is not effective in preventing tracking sediment onto roads.
- If sediment is tracked off site, clean the affected roadway thoroughly at the end of each day, or more frequently as necessary (for example, during wet weather). Remove sediment from roads by shoveling, sweeping, or pick up and transport the sediment to a controlled sediment disposal area.
- Conduct street washing only after sediment is removed in accordance with the above bullet.

• Control street wash wastewater by pumping back on-site, or otherwise prevent it from discharging into systems tributary to waters of the State.

Element 3: Control Flow Rates

- Protect properties and waterways downstream of development sites from erosion and the associated discharge of turbid waters due to increases in the velocity and peak volumetric flow rate of stormwater runoff from the project site.
- Where necessary to comply with the bullet above, construct stormwater retention or detention facilities as one of the first steps in grading. Assure that detention facilities function properly before constructing site improvements (e.g. impervious surfaces).
- If permanent infiltration ponds are used for flow control during construction, protect these facilities from siltation during the construction phase.

Element 4: Install Sediment Controls

- Design, install, and maintain effective erosion controls and sediment controls to minimize the discharge of pollutants.
- Construct sediment control BMPs (sediment ponds, traps, filters, etc.) as one of the first steps in grading. These BMPs shall be functional before other land disturbing activities take place.
- Minimize sediment discharges from the site. The design, installation and maintenance of erosion and sediment controls must address factors such as the amount, frequency, intensity and duration of precipitation, the nature of resulting stormwater runoff, and soil characteristics, including the range of soil particle sizes expected to be present on the site.
- Direct stormwater runoff from disturbed areas through a sediment pond or other appropriate sediment removal BMP, before the runoff leaves a construction site or before discharge to an infiltration facility. Runoff from fully stabilized areas may be discharged without a sediment removal BMP but must meet the flow control performance standard in Element #3, bullet #1.
- Locate BMPs intended to trap sediment on-site in a manner to avoid interference with the movement of juvenile salmonids attempting to enter off-channel areas or drainages.
- Where feasible, design outlet structures that withdraw impounded stormwater from the surface to avoid discharging sediment that is still suspended lower in the water column.

Element 5: Stabilize Soils

- Stabilize exposed and unworked soils by application of effective BMPs that prevent erosion. Applicable BMPs include but are not limited to: temporary and permanent seeding, sodding, mulching, plastic covering, erosion control fabrics and matting, soil application of polyacrylamide (PAM), the early application of gravel base early on areas to be paved, and dust control.
- Control stormwater volume and velocity within the site to minimize soil erosion.
- Control stormwater discharges, including both peak flow rates and total stormwater volume, to minimize erosion at outlets and to minimize downstream channel and stream bank erosion.
- Soils must not remain exposed and unworked for more than the time periods set forth below to prevent erosion:
 - During the dry season (April 2 October 14): 7 days

- During the wet season (October 15 April 1): 2 days
- Note that projects performing work under a NPDES Construction Stormwater General Permit issued by Ecology will have more restrictive time periods.
- Stabilize soils at the end of the shift before a holiday or weekend if needed based on the weather forecast.
- Stabilize soil stockpiles from erosion, protected with sediment trapping measures, and where possible, be located away from storm drain inlets, waterways and drainage channels.
- Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity.
- Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes.
- Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.

Element 6: Protect Slopes

- Design and construct cut-and-fill slopes in a manner to minimize erosion. Applicable practices include, but are not limited to, reducing continuous length of slope with terracing and diversions, reducing slope steepness, and roughening slope surfaces (for example, track walking).
- Divert off-site stormwater (run-on) or ground water away from slopes and disturbed areas with interceptor dikes, pipes and/or swales. Off-site stormwater should be managed separately from stormwater generated on the site.
- At the top of slopes, collect drainage in pipe slope drains or protected channels to prevent erosion.
- Place excavated material on the uphill side of trenches, consistent with safety and space considerations.
- Place check dams at regular intervals within constructed channels that are cut down a slope.

Element 7: Protect Drain Inlets

- Protect all storm drain inlets made operable during construction so that stormwater runoff shall not enter the conveyance system without first being filtered or treated to remove sediment.
- Clean or remove and replace inlet protection devices when sediment has filled one-third of the available storage (unless a different standard is specified by the product manufacturer).

Element 8: Stabilize Channels and Outlets

- Design, construct, and stabilize all on-site conveyance channels.
- Provide stabilization, including armoring material, adequate to prevent erosion of outlets, adjacent stream banks, slopes and downstream reaches at the outlets of all conveyance systems.

Element 9: Control Pollutants

• Design, install, implement and maintain effective pollution prevention measures to minimize the discharge of pollutants.

- Handle and dispose of all pollutants, including waste materials and demolition debris that occur on-site in a manner that does not cause contamination of stormwater.
- Provide cover, containment, and protection from vandalism for all chemicals, liquid products, petroleum products, and other materials that have the potential to pose a threat to human health or the environment. On-site fueling tanks must include secondary containment. Secondary containment means placing tanks or containers within an impervious structure capable of containing 110% of the volume contained in the largest take within the containment structure. Double-walled tanks do not require additional secondary containment.
- Conduct maintenance, fueling, and repair of heavy equipment and vehicles using spill prevention and control measures. Clean contaminated surfaces immediately following any spill incident.
- Discharge wheel wash or tire bath wastewater to a separate on-site treatment system that prevents discharge to surface water, such as closed-loop recirculation or upland application, or to the sanitary sewer, with local sewer district approval.
- Apply fertilizers and pesticides in a manner and at application rates that will not result in loss of chemical to stormwater runoff. Follow manufacturers' label requirements for application rates and procedures.
- Use BMPs to prevent contamination of stormwater runoff by pH modifying sources. The sources for this contamination include, but are not limited to: bulk cement, cement kiln dust, fly ash, new concrete washing and curing waters, waste streams generated from concrete grinding and sawing, exposed aggregate processes, dewatering concrete vaults, concrete pumping and mixer washout waters.
- Adjust the pH of stormwater if necessary to prevent violations of water quality standards.
- Assure that washout of concrete trucks is performed off-site or in designated concrete washout areas only. Do not wash out concrete trucks onto the ground, or into storm drains, open ditches, streets, or streams. Do not dump excess concrete on-site, except in designated concrete washout areas. Concrete spillage or concrete discharge to surface waters of the State is prohibited.
- Obtain written approval from Ecology before using chemical treatment other than CO2 or dry ice to adjust pH.

Element 10: Control De-Watering

- Discharge foundation, vault, and trench de-watering water, which has similar characteristics to stormwater runoff at the site, into a controlled conveyance system before discharge to a sediment trap or sediment pond.
- Discharge clean, non-turbid de-watering water, such as well-point ground water, to systems tributary to, or directly into surface waters of the State, as specified in Element #8, provided the de-watering flow does not cause erosion or flooding of receiving waters. Do not route clean dewatering water through stormwater sediment ponds. Note that "surface waters of the State" may exist on a construction site as well as off site; for example, a creek running through a site.
- Handle highly turbid or otherwise contaminated dewatering water separately from stormwater.
- Other treatment or disposal options may include:
 - 1. Infiltration.

- 2. Transport off-site in a vehicle, such as a vacuum flush truck, for legal disposal in a manner that does not pollute state waters.
- 3. Ecology-approved on-site chemical treatment or other suitable treatment technologies.
- 4. Sanitary or combined sewer discharge with local sewer district approval, if there is no other option.
- 5. Use of a sedimentation bag that discharges to a ditch or swale for small volumes of localized dewatering.

Element 11: Maintain BMPs

- Maintain and repair all temporary and permanent erosion and sediment control BMPs as needed to assure continued performance of their intended function in accordance with BMP specifications.
- Remove all temporary erosion and sediment control BMPs within 30 days after achieving final site stabilization or after the temporary BMPs are no longer needed.

Element 12: Manage the Project

- Phase development projects to the maximum degree practicable and consider seasonal work limitations.
- Inspection and monitoring Inspect, maintain and repair all BMPs as needed to assure continued performance of their intended function. Projects regulated under the Construction Stormwater General Permit must conduct site inspections and monitoring in accordance with Special Condition S4 of the Construction Stormwater General Permit.
- Maintaining an updated construction SWPPP Maintain, update, and implement the SWPPP.
- Projects that disturb one or more acres must have site inspections conducted by a Certified Erosion and Sediment Control Lead (CESCL). Project sites disturbing less than one acre may have a CESCL or a person without CESCL certification conduct inspections. By the initiation of construction, the SWPPP must identify the CESCL or inspector, who must be present onsite or on-call at all times.
- The CESCL or inspector (project sites less than one acre) must have the skills to assess the:
 - Site conditions and construction activities that could impact the quality of stormwater.
 - Effectiveness of erosion and sediment control measures used to control the quality of stormwater discharges.
- The CESCL or inspector must examine stormwater visually for the presence of suspended sediment, turbidity, discoloration, and oil sheen. They must evaluate the effectiveness of BMPs and determine if it is necessary to install, maintain, or repair BMPs to improve the quality of stormwater discharges.
- Based on the results of the inspection, construction site operators must correct the problems identified by:
 - Reviewing the SWPPP for compliance with the 13 construction SWPPP elements and making appropriate revisions within seven (7) calendar days of the inspection.
- Immediately beginning the process of fully implementing and maintaining appropriate source control and/or treatment BMPs as soon as possible, addressing the problems not

later than within 10 days of the inspection. If installation of necessary treatment BMPs is not feasible within 10 days, the construction site operator may request an extension within the initial 10day response period.

- Documenting BMP implementation and maintenance in the site log book (sites larger than 1 acre).
- The CESCL or inspector must inspect all areas disturbed by construction activities, all BMPs, and all stormwater discharge points at least once every calendar week and within 24 hours of any discharge from the site. (For purposes of this condition, individual discharge events that last more than one day do not require daily inspections. For example, if a stormwater pond discharges continuously over the course of a week, only one inspection is required that week.) The CESCL or inspector may reduce the inspection frequency for temporary stabilized, inactive sites to once every calendar month.

Element 13: Protect Low Impact Development BMPs

- Protect all Bioretention and Rain Garden BMPs from sedimentation through installation and maintenance of erosion and sediment control BMPs on portions of the site that drain into the Bioretention and/or Rain Garden BMPs. Restore the BMPs to their fully functioning condition if they accumulate sediment during construction. Restoring the BMP must include removal of sediment and any sediment-laden Bioretention/rain garden soils, and replacing the removed soils with soils meeting the design specification.
- Prevent compacting Bioretention and rain garden BMPs by excluding construction equipment and foot traffic. Protect completed lawn and landscaped areas from compaction due to construction equipment.
- Control erosion and avoid introducing sediment from surrounding land uses onto permeable pavements. Do not allow muddy construction equipment on the base material or pavement. Do not allow sediment-laden runoff onto permeable pavements or base materials.
- Pavement fouled with sediments or no longer passing an initial infiltration test must be cleaned using procedures in accordance with this manual or the manufacturer's procedures.
- Keep all heavy equipment off existing soils under LID facilities that have been excavated to final grade to retain the infiltration rate of the soils.

SECTION 7 – SPECIAL REPORTS AND STUDIES

A Sieve Analysis was performed on the project by Fuller Designs, which evaluated the infiltration rates within the project site. This report is included below. A field investigation was performed to determine existing water wells in the vicinity of the project, findings have been included in this section. Infiltration receptor characterization study was prepared for the project, and it has been included in this section.

Deskin Grand Mound Site

Rochester, WA

Sieve Analysis

Fuller Designs Project No. 2032

June 23, 2021

Prepared by:



1101 Kresky Ave, Centralia, WA 98531; (360) 807-4420

Sieve Analysis Results

Sieve Analysis Data Sheet ASTM D422-63(2007)

Project Name:		Name:	Deskins -	198th street	Tested By:	N/A	Date:	5/19/2021
Location: Boring No:		-		Mound, WA	Checked By:	N/A	- Date:	5/19/2021
				1	Test Number:	1		
		Depth:		10'	Gnd Elev.:	n/a	-	
	•				-		-	
			USCS So	oil Classification: Notes:		GW	or GP	
		-	Container (g) ry Sample (g)			Weight of Cont	ainer & Soil (g):	749.1
Siev	ve Nu	ımber	Diameter (mm)	Mass of Sieve (g)	Mass of Sieve & Soil (g)	Soil Retained (g)	Soil Retained (%)	Soil Passing (%)
	#4		4.75	485.9	837.7	351.8	60.3	39.7
	#10		2.00	452.8	508.8	56.0	9.6	30.2
	#20		0.85	383.1	425.8	42.7	7.3	22.8
<u> </u>	#40		0.43	346.7	388.8	42.1	7.2	15.6
	#60 #200		0.25 0.075	329.2 315	386.9 343	57.7 28.0	9.9 4.8	5.8 1.0
	#200		0.075	315	353.4	5.3	4.0 0.9	0.0
	i ai			040.1	TOTAL:	583.6	99.9	0.0
	100	GRAVE	#4 Coarse SAND	#10 Medium SAND	#40			T/CLAY
							1	
	90							
	80							
	70							
ng								
ssi	60							
Passing	50			<u> </u>				
%	40							
	30							
	20							
	10							
	0							
	10	0.00		1.00		0.10		0.01
Grai	in Ci	70 Dict	ribution Cu	I rve Results:	Particle Diamo	eter (mm)		
Gid	JI	20 0151	Grave %		D ₁₀ :	0.3	Short-K _{sat} :	93.43
			% Sanc		D ₁₀ :	2	Long-K _{sat} :	
			% Fines		 D ₆₀ :	7		
	ç	Saturati	on Correction		D ₉₀ :	10 0.075	-	
	c	aiurail	CF,		mes	0.070	-	
			CF					
			CFn					
			CF					

Infiltration Rate Adjustment Calculations

Calculate the Hydraulic Gradient

The steady state hydraulic gradient (i) is calculated as follows:

$$i = \frac{D_{wt} + D_{pond}}{138.62(K^{0.1})} \times CF_{size}$$
(3)

Note: The units in this equation vary from the units normally used in this manual.

Where:

 D_{wt} is the depth from the base of the infiltration facility to the water table in feet

K is the saturated hydraulic conductivity in feet/day

 D_{pond} is the depth of water in the facility in feet (see Massmann et al. 2003, for the development of this equation)

 CF_{size} , is the correction for pond size. The correction factor was developed for ponds with bottom areas between 0.6 and 6 acres in size. For small ponds (ponds with area less than or equal to 2/3 acre), the correction factor is equal to 1.0. For large ponds (ponds with area greater than or equal to 6 acres), the correction factor is 0.2, as shown in Equation 4.



Adjustment for Pond Aspect Ratio

Adjust the infiltration rate for the effect of pond aspect ratio by multiplying the infiltration rate determined above by the aspect ratio correction factor CF_{aspect} as shown in the following equation:

$$CF_{aspect} = 0.02A_r + 0.98$$
 (6)

Where, A_r is the aspect ratio for the pond (length/width). In no case shall CF_{aspect} be greater than 1.4. The final infiltration rate will therefore be as follows:

$$f = K \times i \times CF_{aspect} \times CF_{silt/bio}$$
(7)

The rates calculated based on Equation 7 are long-term design rates. No additional reduction factor of safety is needed.

Table A.3. Infiltration Rate Reduction Factors to Account for Biofouling and Siltation Effects for Ponds (Massmann, 2003)

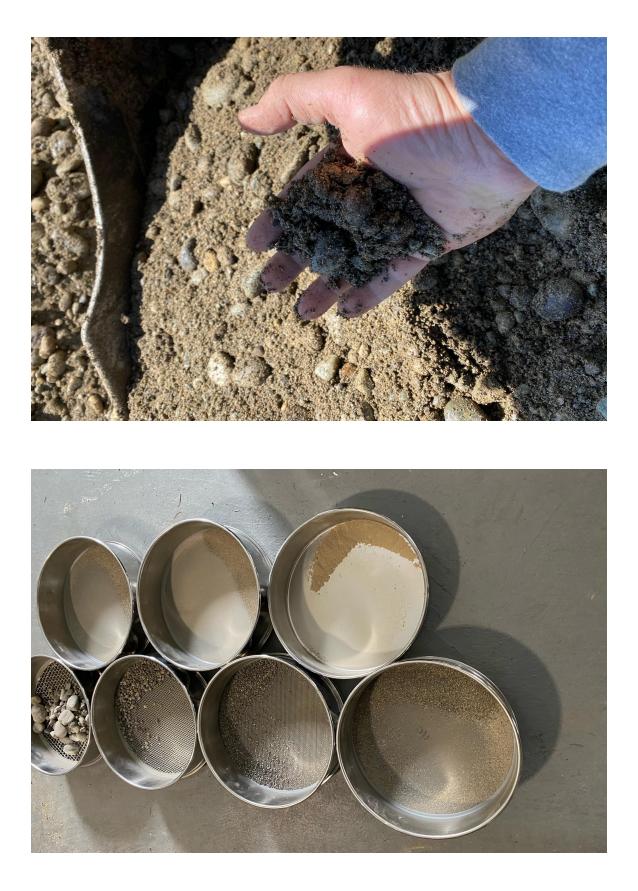
Potential for Biofouling	Degree of Long-Term Maintenance/Performance Monitoring	Infiltration Rate Reduction Factor, $CF_{siltbio}$
Low	Average to High	0.9
Low	Low	0.6
High	Average to High	0.5
High	Low	0.2

CF size = CF silt/bio=	1.00 0.6			
f= f=	22.819 ft/day 11.4095 in/hr	Design Infiltration Rate	\leftarrow	MIN. INFILTRATION RATE TO BE USED FOR INFILTRATION TRENCH SIZING

Soil Sample Photos





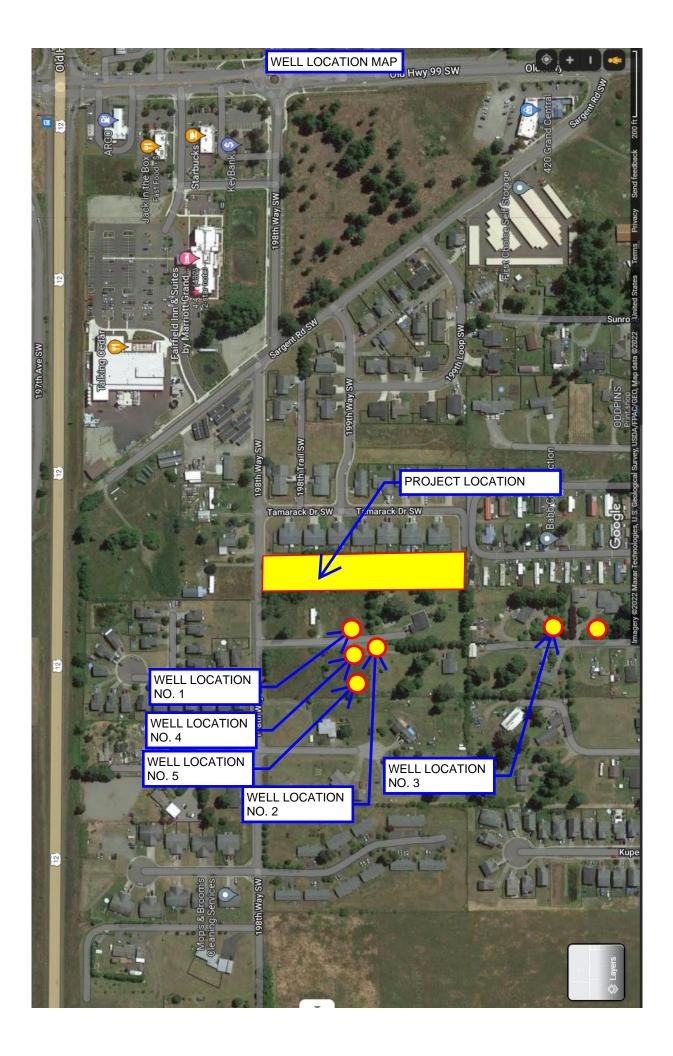


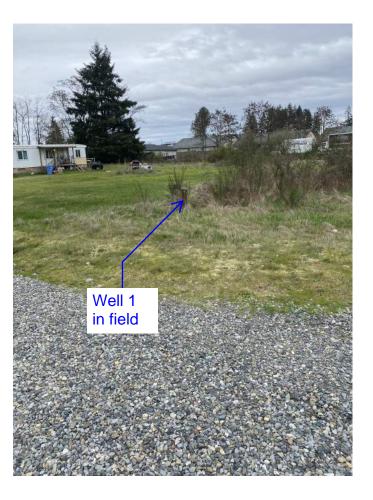


TEST PIT LOCATION MAP NTS





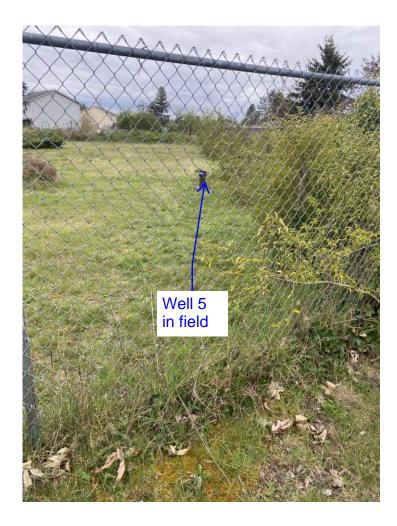












WATER TABLE DATA

WATER WELL REPORT Original & 1 st copy - Ecology, 2 nd copy - owner, 3 rd copy - driller	CURRENT Notice of Intent No. <u>A125903</u>
	Unique Ecology Well ID Tag No.
Construction/Decommission ("x" in circle) O Construction	Water Right Permit No.
Decommission ORIGINAL INSTALLATION Notice	Property Owner Name Larl Teiter Frugeste
190027 of Intent Number	
1072	Well Street Address 6135 5 w 201-2
PROPOSED USE: Image: Domestic and the constraint of the	City <u>Kocheste</u> County <u>Througton</u> Location/ <u>Var</u> /4-1/4 <u>SE</u> 1/4 Sec <u>II</u> Twn/ <u>SAR</u> <u>Bewm</u> circle
TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} Location \sqrt{2}/4 - 1/4 \frac{5}{2} \frac{1}{4} \sec \frac{1}{2} Twn \frac{5}{8} \frac{1}{8} \frac{1}{8} e^{-1/4} e^{-1/4} \frac{1}{8} 1$
□ New well □ Reconditioned Method □ Dug □ Bored □ Driven □ Deepened □ Peconif5ion □ Cable □ Rotary □ Jetted	Lat/Long (s, t, r Lat Deg Lat Min/Sec
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well inches, drilled ft.	Still REQUIRED) Long Deg Long Min/Sec
Depth of completed well <u>55</u> ft.	Tax Parcel No. 5/303 000 000
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS Casing Uklded "Diam. from ft to ft	
Installed: Liner installed "Diam. from ft. to ft	
Threaded Diam. from ft. to ft	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and the kind and
Perforations: Ves No	nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of
Type of perforator used in. and no. of perfsfromft. toft. tof	information. (USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY.)
Screens: Ves No K-Pac Location	
Manufacturer's Name	10p 5,1/ 0 2
Type Model No.	Clay cobble
Diam Slot size from ft. to ft. Diam Slot size from ft. to ft.	Lig covere
Gravel/Filter packed: Ves No Size of gravel/sand	180 v2 2 50
Materials placed fromft.	
Surface Seal: Ves O No To what depth?ft.	
Material used in seal	SE TO ESTIMATE
Type of water? Depth of strata BC	DTTOM TO WATER
Method of sealing strata off	
PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	
Туре: Н.Р	
WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea levelft.	PECOMMISSION
Static level 34 ft. below top of well Date <u>/2-7-</u> 25	T ^O C
Artesian pressure lbs. per square inchr Date	<u> </u>
Artesian water is controlled by	
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	W Lords Contraction of the second sec
Was a pump test made? Ves No If yes, by whom?	
Yield: gal /min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	MAR 0 1 2006
Yield:gal./min. withft. drawdown afterhrs.	
Yield: gal /min. with ft. drawdown after hrs. Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well	
top to water level)	WELL DRILLING OWN
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Date of test	
Bailer test gal./min. with ft. drawdown afterhrs.	
Airtest gal/min. with stem set atft. for hrs.	
Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made?	Start Date 12-7-03 Completed Date /2-7-0
WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION: I constructed and/or a Washington well construction standards, Materials used and the informa Driller	ccept responsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance with tion reported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.
Driller or trainee License No. 2061	City, State, Zip Winlock Wz 98596
If TRAINEE.	Contractor's
Driller's Licensed No	Registration No. VERNO JD088MD Date 12-7-
Driller's Signature	Tester Fred Orestwitz Frederic
vinier a orginamic	Ecology is an Equal Opportunity Employ

ECY 050-1-20 (Rev 3/05)

The Department of Ecology does NOT warranty the Data and/or Information on this Well Report.

SOIL SURVEY

Thurston County Area, Washington

110—Spanaway gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2ndb6 Elevation: 330 to 1,310 feet Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 150 to 200 days Farmland classification: Prime farmland if irrigated

Map Unit Composition

Spanaway and similar soils: 100 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Spanaway

Setting

Landform: Terraces, outwash plains *Parent material:* Volcanic ash over gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 15 inches: gravelly sandy loam
H2 - 15 to 20 inches: very gravelly loam
H3 - 20 to 60 inches: extremely gravelly sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (1.98 to 5.95 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Low (about 3.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3s Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3s Hydrologic Soil Group: A Forage suitability group: Droughty Soils (G002XS401WA) Other vegetative classification: Droughty Soils (G002XS401WA) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Thurston County Area, Washington Survey Area Data: Version 14, Jun 4, 2020



Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey Soil Map—Thurston County Area, Washington (Deskins) ſ

MAP INFORMATION	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the defail of mapping and accuracy of soil	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed		Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service	Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate Svstem Web Mercator (FPSG:3857)	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more	accurate calculations of distance or area are required.	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as	or une version date(s) instea below. Soil Survay Aras - Thurston County Aras Mashinatan	Survey Area. Triuston County Area, washington Survey Area Data: Version 14, Jun 4, 2020	Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales	1:50,000 or larger.	Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Mar 29, 2016—Oct 10 2016	The orthorhoto or other base man on which the soil lines were	compiled and digitized probably differs from the background	imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.		
	Spoil Area Stony Spot	Very Stony Spot	Wet Spot	Other	Special Line Features	tures	Streams and Canals	ation Rails	Interstate Hidhwavs	US Routes	Major Roads	Local Roads	p	Aerial Photography										
בקבאם	₩ <	8	\$	\triangleleft	Ĭ,	Water Features	{	Transportation	E	2	8	8	Background	y										
	Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)		soil Map Unit Lines	Soil Map Unit Points	Concial Doint Fosturos	Blowout	Borrow Pit	Clay Spot	Closed Depression	Gravel Pit	Gravelly Spot	Landfill	Lava Flow	Marsh or swamp	Mine or Quarry	Miscellaneous Water	Perennial Water	Rock Outcrop	Saline Spot	Sandy Spot	Severely Eroded Spot	Sinkhole	Slide or Slip	Sodic Spot
	Area of In	Soils	3		Conciol	opecial		1 Ж	0	ኡ	* 0 0	0	~	4	«	0	0	>	÷	° °	Ŵ	\$	A	Ø



Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
110	Spanaway gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	8.4	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		8.4	100.0%



Appendix I-D Facility Summary Form

THURSTON COUNTY FACILITY SUMMARY FORM

Complete one (1) for each facility on the project site including flow control and water quality treatment facilities (BMPs) such as, but not limited to: detention ponds, vaults, or tanks; infiltration ponds, trenches, swales, or vaults; bioretention facilities (rain gardens, bioretention swales/slopes); biofiltration BMPs (filter strip, biofiltration swale); oil/water separators; wet ponds; constructed wetlands; dispersion areas & flow spreaders; StormFiltersTM & other proprietary devices; sand filters; etc. Attach 8 1/2 x 11 sketch showing location of facility. Applicant may prepare one copy of pages 1 to 4 for the project and then attach multiple copies of pages 5 & 6 for each separate facility.

Facility Name or Identifier (e.g., Pond A): Infiltration Trench 1, Infiltration Trench 2, Contech Cartridge Catch Basin Filters
Total Number of Facilities Associated with Project:6(For which a Facility Summary Form is being prepared)
Name of Road or Street to Access Facility: 198TH WAY AND 200TH AVE
Name of Nearest Major Cross Street: 198TH WAY
Hearings Examiner Case Number:
Thurston County Project No./Bldg Permit No.: PROJECT #2021106455
Parcel Number(s): PARCEL #51300100000
To be completed by Utility Staff:
Utility Facility Number
Project Number (num)
Parcel Number Status, (num, 1ch)
Basin and Subbasin: (num, 6ch)(2ch for basin, 2ch for subbasin, 2ch future)
Part 1 - Project Name and Proponent
Project Name: DESKIN GRAND MOUND SITE
Project Owner: DESKINS, RYAN

Project Contact: DESKINS, RYAN

Address: _	1951 STATE ROUTE 6,	CHEHALIS, WA 98532	
Phone:			
Project Pr	oponent: (if differe	nt)	
Address: _			
Phone:			
Project Er	aaron L. FL	JLLER	
Firm:	JLLER DESIGNS, INC.		Phone: (360) 807-4420
<u>Part 2 - Pr</u>	oject Location		
Section	11		
Township	15		
Range	3W		
0	d Addresses of Adja	acent Property Owner	ers: (attach add'l sheet if required)
	/IES, LLC 6431 198TH AV		
	REMY D & DANIELLE E (ES, LLC 6410 201ST AVE		
TAMARACK,			
19901-19903	TAMARACK DR, 19843-		35-19837 TAMARACK DR,19927-19929 TAMARACK , 19809-19811 TAMARACK DR
<u>Part 3 - Ty</u>	ype of Permit Appli	cation	,
Type of pe	ermit (e.g., Building	, Plat, etc.):	
Other Per	mits (circle)		
WDFW H	PA	COE 404	COE Wetlands
DOE Dam	Safety	FEMA Floodplain	Shoreline Mgmt
Rockery/R	Retaining Wall	Encroachment	Grading
NPDES C	onstruction Storm	NPDES Industrial	Forest Practices/Clearing
Other			_

Other Agencies (Federal, State, Local, etc.) that have had or will review this Drainage and Erosion Control Plan:

Part 4 - Proposed Project Description

What stream/lake/saltwater basin is this project in (e.g., Salm	on, Green Cove, Woodland):
PROJECT IS TRIBUTARY TO THE CHEHALIS RIVER	
Project Area, acres (total area of all parcels) 1.62	-
Project Area Disturbed, acres (total of all areas disturbed by (Include all area cleared, graded, etc. as part of this project)	project) <u>1.62</u>
Onsite Impervious Surfaces: (excluding offsite public / private s	street frontage).
Existing Impervious Surface, acres:	0.05
Replaced Impervious Surface, acres:	0.00
Existing Impervious Converted to Landscape, acres:	0.00
New Impervious Surface, acres:	0.36
Total Impervious, acres (existing, new, and replaced):	0.36
Zoning:	
Onsite: Residential Subdivision:	
Number of Lots:	7
Lot size (average), acres:	0.23
Building Permit/Commercial Plat:	
Building(s) Footprint, acres:	0.28
Concrete Paving, acres:	0.08
Gravel Surface, acres:	0.00
Lattice Block or Porous Paving, acres:	0.00
New Public Roads (including gravel shoulder), acres:	0.03
New Private Roads (including gravel shoulder), acress	0.28

Frontage Improvements (including gravel shoulder), acres:
Existing road frontage to center of right-of-way, acres: 0.08
Part 5 - Pre-Developed Project Site Characteristics
Stream through site, y/n: <u>NO</u>
Name:
DNR Type:
Type of feature this facility discharges to (i.e., lake, stream, intermittent stream, pothole, roadside ditch, sheet flow to adjacent private property, etc:
Swales, Ravines, y/n: <u>N/A</u>
Steep slopes, (steeper than 15%) y/n:
Erosion hazard, y/n:
100 yr. Floodplain, y/n:
Lakes or Wetlands, y/n:
Seeps/Springs, y/n: N/A
High Groundwater Table, y/n: <u>NO</u> (depth to seasonal high groundwater table less than 5-feet)
Wellhead Protection or Aquifer Sensitive Area, y/n:
Other:

Part 6 - Facility Description

Facility Type: _

INFILTRATION TRENCH

Facility Description: _____

INFILTRATION TRENCH CONS 48" DEEP. 6" PERFORATED P CONCRETE CATCH BASINS V TRENCH TO PROVIDE RUNOF	IPE WILL BE PLACED WIT	
Total Area Tributary to Fac	cility Including Offsite ((acres): 1.58
Total Onsite Area Tributar	• 0	58
Design Impervious Area Tr	ibutary to Facility (acre	es): 0.64
Design Landscaped Area Ti	ributary to Facility (acr	es): 0.94
Design Native Vegetation A	rea Tributary to Facilit	y (acres): 0.00
Design Total Tributary Are	a to Facility (acres): _1	.58
Water Quality Design Volu	me: N/A	
Water Quality Design Flows	0.089 CFS	
100 Year return interval, 24	-hr Design Flow:	CFS
Part 7 - Release to Groundy	vater (if applicable)	
Design Infiltration Rate	1.4 in/hr	
Average Annual Infiltration	n per WWHM 100%	
Designed for 100% Infiltrat	ion Y/N: Y	
Designed for Infiltration Tr	eatment Y/N: N	
Part 8 - Release to Surface	Water (if applicable) N	/A
Discharge Structure: (check	x all that apply)	
Single orifice	Elev	Dia
Multiple orifice	Elev. 1	Dia
	Elev. 2	Dia
	Elev. 3	Dia
Weir	Elev	Туре

Overflow Weir	Elev	_ Dia/Width:	
Spillway	Elev	Max Elev	
Pump(s)	Model/Type:	Rating:	
Other			

Discharge to surface water:

Return Period	Pre Developed:	Post Developed:
2 year:	0.05	0
5 year:	0.13	0
10 year:	0.20	0
25 year:	0.33	0
50 year:	0.47	0
100 year:	0.65	0
Pond Information:		
	N/A	
Design Max s	urface water elevation:	ft (msl)
Design Maxir	num pond depth:	ft
Pond Volume	e at Max design water level:	cubic feet
Overflow water elevation: ft (msl)		
Sediment stor	rage volume:	ft (depth below outlet)

BASIN 2 - INFILTRATION TRENCH

Part 6 - Facility Description

Facility Type: _

INFILTRATION TRENCH

Facility Description: _____

INFILTRATION TRENCH CONS 30" DEEP. 6" PERFORATED PI CONCRETE CATCH BASINS W TRENCH TO PROVIDE RUNOF	PE WILL BE PLACED WITHIN /ILL BE PLACED UPSTREAM (THE TRENCH. CONTECH
Total Area Tributary to Fac	ility Including Offsite (acro	es): 0.10
Total Onsite Area Tributary	y to Facility (acres): 0.10	
Design Impervious Area Tri	butary to Facility (acres):	0.05
Design Landscaped Area Tr	ibutary to Facility (acres):	0.05
Design Native Vegetation Ar		cres):
Design Total Tributary Area	0.10	
Water Quality Design Volum		
Water Quality Design Flow:	0.0065 CFS	
100 Year return interval, 24	-hr Design Flow:0.00 CFS	6
Part 7 - Release to Groundw	vater (if applicable)	
Design Infiltration Rate	1.4 in/hr	
Average Annual Infiltration	per WWHM	
Designed for 100% Infiltrati	ion Y/N:	
Designed for Infiltration Tre	eatment Y/N: N	_
Part 8 - Release to Surface V	Vater (if applicable) N/A	
Discharge Structure: (check	all that apply)	
Single orifice	Elev	_ Dia
Multiple orifice	Elev. 1	Dia
	Elev. 2	Dia
	Elev. 3	Dia
Weir	Elev 7	Гуре

Overflow Weir	Elev	Dia/Width:	
Spillway	Elev	Max Elev	
Pump(s)	Model/Type:	F	Rating:
Other			

Discharge to surface water:

Return Period	Pre Developed:	Post Developed:
2 year:	0.00	0
5 year:	0.00	0
10 year:	0.01	0
25 year:	0.02	0
50 year:	0.03	0
100 year:	0.05	0
Pond Information:		
Design Max s	surface water elevation:	ft (msl)
Design Maxir	num pond depth:	ft
Pond Volume	e at Max design water level:	cubic feet
Overflow wa	ter elevation:	ft (msl)
Sediment stor	rage volume:	ft (depth below outlet)

Maintenance Agreement

Fuller Designs Project No. 2032

June 23, 2021

Prepared by:



1101 Kresky Ave, Centralia, WA 98531 (360) 807-4420

AFTER RECORDING RETURN TO:

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

DOCUMENT TITLE(S) (OR TRANSACTIONS CONTAINED THEREIN):

Stormwater Maintenance Agreement

REFERENCE NUMBER(S) OF DOCUMENTS ASSIGNED/RELEASED:

GRANTOR/BORROWER (LAST NAME FIRST, FIRST NAME AND INITIALS):

Deskins Ryan

Additional names listed on page N/A of document.

GRANTEE/ASSIGNEE/BENEFICIARY (LAST NAME FIRST, FIRST NAME AND INITIALS):

County of Washington, Thurston

ADDITIONAL NAMES LISTED ON PAGE N/A of document.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION (ABBREVIATED: I.E. LOT, BLOCK, PLAT OR SECTION, TOWNSHIP, RANGE)

Section 11 Township 15 Range 3W Quarter NE SE Plat GRAND VALLEY FRUIT & GARDEN TRACTS SS-2043 LT 1

COMPLETE LEGAL DESCRIPTION IS LISTED ON PAGE N/A of document.

ASSESSOR'S TAX PARCEL NUMBER(S) 51300100000

THE AUDITOR/RECORDER WILL RELY ON THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS FORM. THE STAFF WILL NOT READ THE DOCUMENT TO VERIFY THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INDEXING INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN.

Parcel Number(s): <u>51300100000</u> Project Name: <u>Deskin Grand Mount Site</u> Address: <u>6411 198TH Ave SW, Rochester, WA 98</u>579

THIS AGREEMENT, made this _____ day of ____, 20_, by and between Angie Boggs, hereinafter referred to as the "Owners(s)" of the following property and Lewis County hereinafter referred to as the "County".

WITNESSETH, that

WHEREAS, Owner has submitted for approval by County a permit application and Site Plan for the construction and installation of stormwater management facilities pursuant to County Code chapter 15.45; and

WHEREAS, the County Code requires, as a condition of permit approval, a maintenance agreement between the County and the Owner ensuring the Owner constructs and maintains the stormwater facilities identified in the Site Plan.

THEREFORE, the Owner of certain real property, with full authority to execute deeds, mortgages, other covenants, do hereby covenant with the County and agree as follows:

- 1. Owner shall construct and install stormwater management facilities as depicted and shown on the Record Drawings for the above referenced parcel number(s)
- 2. Owner shall continuously maintain the stormwater management facilities as shown on the Site Plan in good working order and as specified in the maintenance schedule.
- 3. Owner hereby grants County, its authorized agents and employees, to enter onto the Property to inspect the stormwater facilities pursuant to Chapter 15.45 of the County Code.
- 4. In the event Owner fails to maintain the stormwater management facilities as shown on the Site Plan in good working order acceptable to the County, the County may enter the Property and take whatever steps deemed necessary and appropriate to maintain (including repair or replace) said stormwater facilities. It is expressly understood and agreed that the County is under no obligation to maintain or repair or replace said facilities, and in no event shall this Agreement be construed to impose such an obligation on the County.
- 5. In the event that the County performs work of any nature pursuant to section 4 of this agreement or expends any funds in performance of such work for labor, equipment, supplies or materials, Owner shall reimburse County for all reasonable costs incurred. Owner, its executors, administrators, assigns, heirs, and any other successors in interest, shall reimburse County for all costs within thirty (30) days of Owner's receipt of written

demand by the County for reasonable costs incurred, including but not limited to attorney fees, collection costs, and interest at the statutory rate.

- 6. It is the intent of this Agreement to ensure the continuous and proper maintenance of stormwater management facilities by the Owner, its heirs, successors and assigns; provided, however, that this Agreement shall not be deemed to create or affect any additional liability of any party for damage alleged to result from or caused by stormwater management.
- 7. Owner, its executors, administrators, assigns, and any other successors in interest, shall indemnify and hold the County, its agents and employees harmless from any and all damages, accidents, casualties, occurrences, or claims which might arise or be asserted against County, its agents or employees, from the construction, presence, existence, or maintenance, of the stormwater management facilities by Owner.
- 8. This Agreement shall be recorded among the land records of Lewis County, Washington, and shall constitute a covenant running with the land, and shall be binding upon Owner, its administrators, executors, assigns, heirs, and any other successor in interest.

Name (Signature)

Name (Print)

Title

Date

State of Washington

County of _____

I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that ______ (name of person) is the person who appeared before me, and said person acknowledged that (he/she) signed this instrument and acknowledged it to be (his/her) free and voluntary act for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument.

Dated:_____

(Seal or stamp)

Signature

Title

My appointment expires:_____

Operation and Maintenance Manual

Fuller Designs Project No. CD- 2032

June 23, 2021

Prepared by:



1101 Kresky Ave, Centralia, WA 98531 (360) 807-4420

SECTION 8 – OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

The Following pages contain maintenance needs for most of the components that are part of your drainage system, as well as components that you may not have. Let us know if there are any components that are missing from these pages. Ignore the requirements that do not apply to your system. You should plan to complete a checklist for all system components on the following schedule

- 1. Monthly from November through April
- 2. Once in late summer (preferably September).
- 3. After any major storm (use 1" of precipitation in 24 hours) for any items marked "S".

Using photocopies of these pages, check off the items you looked for after each inspection. Add comments on issues found and actions taken. Keep these records in your files. These files will be needed to write your annual report if required. Some items may not need to be looked at every time an inspection is done. Use the suggest frequency at the left of each item as a guideline for your inspection.

You may call the jurisdiction for technical assistance. Please do not hesitate to call, especially if you are unsure whether a situation you have discovered may be a developing issue.



OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

CatchBasin StormFilter™

Important: These guidelines should be used as a part of your site stormwater plan.

Overview

The CatchBasin StormFilter[™] (CBSF) consists of a multi-chamber steel, concrete, or plastic catch basin unit. The steel CBSF is offered both as a standard and as a deep unit for additional internal overflow and sediment capacity.

The CBSF is installed flush with the finished grade and is applicable for both constrained lot and retrofit applications. Steel and concrete units can accept surface and piped influent for roof leaders or similar applications.

The steel, concrete and plastic CBSF units have capacities of 4, 8 and 2 cartridges, respectively. Internal overflow capacity varies by system type from 0.5 cfs for the plastic, 1.3 cfs for the concrete and 1.0 or 1.8 cfs for the steel unit.

Design Operation

The CBSF is installed as the primary receiver of runoff, similar to a standard, grated catch basin. The steel and concrete CBSF units have an H-20 rated, traffic bearing lid that allows the filter to be installed in parking lots, and for all practical purposes, takes up no land area. Plastic units can be used in landscaped areas or other non-traffic-bearing applications.

The steel CBSF consists of a sumped inlet chamber and cartridge chamber(s). Runoff enters the sumped inlet chamber either by sheet flow from a paved surface or from an inlet pipe discharging directly to the unit vault. The inlet chamber is equipped with an internal baffle, which traps debris and floating oil and grease, and an overflow weir. While in the inlet chamber, heavier solids are allowed to settle into the deep sump, while lighter solids and soluble pollutants are directed into the cartridge chamber through a port between the baffle and the overflow weir. The concrete and plastic units operate similarly minus the presence of the inlet chamber or deep sump.

Once in the cartridge chamber, polluted water ponds and percolates horizontally through the media in the filter cartridges. Treated water collects in the cartridge's center tube from where it is directed to the outlet chamber and discharged to the outlet pipe on the downstream side of the overflow weir.

When influent flows exceed the water quality design value, excess water spills over the overflow weir, bypassing the cartridge bay, and discharges to the outlet pipe.

Applications

The CBSF is particularly useful where small flows are being treated or for sites that have little available hydraulic head. The unit is ideal for applications in which standard catch basins are to be used. Both water quality and catchment issues can be resolved with the use of the CBSF.

Retro-Fit

The retrofit market has many possible applications for the CBSF. The CBSF can be installed by replacing an existing catch basin without having to "chase the grade," thus reducing the high cost of re piping the storm system.



OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

CatchBasin StormFilter™

Maintenance Guidelines

Maintenance procedures for typical catch basins can be applied to the CatchBasin StormFilter (CBSF). The filter cartridges contained in the CBSF are easily removed and replaced during maintenance activities according to the following guidelines.

- 1. Establish a safe working area as per typical catch basin service activity.
- 2. Remove steel grate and diamond plate cover (weight 100 lbs. each) or plastic grating.
- 3. Turn cartridge(s) approximately ¹/₄ turn counter-clockwise to disconnect from pipe manifold.
- 4. Remove cartridge(s) from catch basin by hand or with appropriate hoisting equipment.
- 5. Remove accumulated sediment via vactor truck from all interior chambers.
- 6. Rinse interior of both bays and vactor remaining water and sediment.
- 7. Install fresh cartridge(s), by rotating ¹/₄ turn clockwise, taking care not to damage cartridge connectors.
- 8. Replace cover(s).
- 9. Dispose of accumulated debris and spent media in accordance with local regulations.
- 10. Return used, empty cartridges to Contech for refurbishing.

Media may be removed from the filter cartridges using the vactor truck before the cartridges are removed from the catch basin structure once the top cap and hood are removed. The vactor truck must be equipped with a hose capable of reaching areas of restricted clearance.

Empty cartridges can be easily removed from the catch basin structure by hand. Empty cartridges should be reassembled and returned to Contech as appropriate.

Refurbished cartridges are available from Contech on an exchange basis. Contact the maintenance department of Contech at 513-645-7770 for more information.

Onsite maintenance is estimated at 26 minutes once setup for a single cartridge unit. Add approximately 5 minutes for each additional cartridge.

Mosquito Abatement

In certain areas of the United States, mosquito abatement is desirable to reduce the incidence of vectors.

In BMPs with standing water, which could provide mosquito breeding habitat, certain abatement measures can be taken.

- 1. Periodic observation of the standing water to determine if the facility is harboring mosquito larvae.
- 2. Regular catch basin maintenance.
- Use of larvicides containing Bacillus thuringiensis israelensis (BTI). BTI is a bacterium toxic to mosquito and black fly larvae.

In some cases, the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons may interrupt the mosquito growth cycle.

Using Larvicides in the CatchBasin StormFilter

Larvicides should be used according to manufacturer's recommendations.

Two widely available products are Mosquito Dunks and Summit B.t.i. Briquets. For more information, visit <u>https://www.amvac.</u> <u>com/products/summit-bti-briquets</u>.

The larvicide must be in contact with the permanent pool. The larvicide should also be fastened to the CatchBasin StormFilter to prevent displacement by high flows. A magnet can be used with a steel catch basin.

For more information on mosquito abatement in stormwater BMPs, refer to the following: <u>https://anrcatalog.ucanr.edu/</u>pdf/8125.pdf.

#2 – Maintenance Checklist for Infiltration Basins and Trenches:

Drainage System Feature	Defect or Problem	Condition When Maintenance Is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance Is Performed
General	Trash and Debris	Any trash and debris which exceed five cubic feet per 1,000 square feet. If less than threshold, all trash and debris will be removed as part of next scheduled maintenance.	Trash and debris cleared from site.
General	Poisonous Vegetation and Noxious Weeds	Any poisonous or nuisance vegetation which may constitute a hazard to maintenance personnel or the public. Any evidence of noxious weeds as defined in the <u>Thurston County</u> <u>Noxious Weeds List</u> . (Apply requirements of adopted integrated pest management policies for the use	No danger of poisonous vegetation where maintenance personnel or the public might normally be. (Coordinate with Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department) Complete eradication of noxious weeds may not be possible. Compliance with state or local eradication policies required.
General	Contaminants and Pollution	Any evidence of oil, gasoline, contaminants or other pollutants.	No contaminants or pollutants present. (Coordinate removal/cleanup with Thurston County Water Resources 360-754-4681 and/or Dept. of Ecology Spill Response 800- 424-8802.)
General	Rodent Holes	If the facility is constructed with a dam or berm, look for rodent holes or any evidence of water piping through the dam or berm.	Rodents removed and dam or berm repaired. (Coordinate with Thurston County; coordinate with Ecology Dam Safety Office if pond exceeds 10 acre-feet.)
General	Beaver Dams	Beaver dam results in an adverse change in the functioning of the facility.	Facility returned to design function. (Contact WDFW Region 6 to identify the appropriate Nuisance Wildlife Control Operator)
General	Insects	When insects such as wasps and hornets interfere with maintenance activities.	Insects destroyed or removed from site. Apply insecticides in compliance with adopted integrated pest management policies.
General	Performance	Check crest gauge against design expectations (see Maintenance and Source Control Manual).	Crest gauge results reflect design performance expectations. Reading recorded. County notified if not meeting design performance.
Crest Gauge	Crest Gauge Missing/ Broken	Crest gauge is not functioning properly, has been vandalized, or is missing.	Crest gauge present and functioning. Repair/replace crest gauge if missing or broken.
Storage Area	Water Not Infiltrating	Water ponding in infiltration basin after rainfall ceases and appropriate time allowed for infiltration. Treatment basins should infiltrate Water Quality Design Storm Volume within 48 hours, and empty within 24 hours after cessation of most rain events. (A percolation test pit or test of facility indicates facility is only working at 90 percent of its designed capabilities. If 2 inches or more sediment is present, remove).	Facility infiltrates as designed. Sediment is removed and/or facility is cleaned so that infiltration system works according to design.

Drainage System Feature	Defect or Problem	Condition When Maintenance Is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance Is Performed
Filter Bags (if applicable)	Filled with Sediment and Debris	Sediment and debris fill bag more than one-half full.	Filter bag less than one-half full. Filter bag is replaced or system is redesigned.
Rock Filters	Sediment and Debris	By visual inspection, little or no water flows through filter during heavy rain storms.	Water flows through filter. Replace gravel in rock filter if needed.
Trenches	Observation Well (Use Surface of Trench if Well is Not Present)	Water ponds at surface during storm events. Less than 90 percent of design infiltration rate.	Remove and replace/clean rock and geomembrane.
Ponds	Vegetation	Exceeds 18 inches.	Grass or groundcover mowed to a height no greater than 6 inches.
Ponds	Vegetation	Bare spots.	No bare spots. Revegetate and stabilize immediately.
Side Slopes of Pond	Erosion	Erosion damage over 2 inches deep where cause of damage is still present or where there is potential for continued erosion.	Slopes stabilized using appropriate erosion control measure(s); e.g., rock reinforcement, planting of grass, compaction.
			If erosion is occurring on compacted slope, a professional engineer should be consulted to resolve source of erosion.
Pond Berms (Dikes)	Settlements	Any part of berm which has settled 4 inches lower than the design elevation. If settlement is apparent, measure berm to determine amount of settlement. Settling can be an indication of more severe problems with the berm or outlet works.	Dike is built back to the design elevation. If settlement is significant, a professional engineer should be consulted to determine the cause of the settlement.
Pond Berms (Dikes)	Piping	Discernable water flow through pond berm. Ongoing erosion with potential for erosion to continue.	No water flow through pond berm. Piping eliminated. Erosion potential eliminated. Recommend a geotechnical engineer be called in to inspect and evaluate condition and recommend repair of condition.
General	Hazard Trees	If dead, diseased, or dying trees are identified.	Hazard trees removed. (Use a certified Arborist to determine health of tree or removal requirements).
General	Tree Growth and Dense Vegetation	Tree growth and dense vegetation which impedes inspection, maintenance access or interferes with maintenance activity (i.e., slope mowing, silt removal, vactoring, or equipment movements).	Trees and vegetation do not hinder inspection or maintenance activities. Harvested trees should be recycled into mulch or other beneficial uses (e.g., alders for firewood).

#2 – Maintenance Checklist for Infiltration Basins and Trenches:

Drainage System Feature	Defect or Problem	Condition When Maintenance Is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance Is Performed
Pond Berms (Dikes)	Tree Growth	Tree growth on berms over 4 feet in height may lead to piping through the berm which could lead to failure of the berm.	Trees on berms removed. If root system is small (base less than 4 inches) the root system may be left in place. Otherwise the roots should be removed and the berm restored. A professional engineer should be consulted for proper berm/spillway restoration.
Emergency Overflow/ Spillway	Tree Growth	Tree growth on emergency spillways creates blockage problems and may cause failure of the berm due to uncontrolled overtopping.	Trees on emergency spillways removed. If root system is small (base less than 4 inches) the root system may be left in place. Otherwise the roots should be removed and the berm restored. A professional engineer should be consulted for proper berm/spillway restoration.
Emergency Overflow/ Spillway	Rock Missing	Only one layer of rock exists above native soil in area five square feet or larger, or any exposure of native soil at the top of out flow path of spillway.	Rocks and pad depth restored to design standards. (Riprap on inside slopes need not be replaced.)
Emergency Overflow/ Spillway	Erosion	Erosion damage over 2 inches deep where cause of damage is still present or where there is potential for continued erosion. Any erosion observed on a compacted berm embankment.	Slopes stabilized using appropriate erosion control measure(s); e.g., rock reinforcement, planting of grass, compaction. If erosion is occurring on compacted berms a professional engineer should be consulted to resolve source of erosion.
Presettling Ponds and Vaults	Facility or sump filled with Sediment and/or Debris	6 inches or designed sediment trap depth of sediment.	No sediment present in presettling pond or vault. Sediment is removed.
Drain Rock	Water Ponding	If water enters the facility from the surface, inspect to see if water is ponding at the surface during storm events. If buried drain rock, observe drawdown through observation port or cleanout.	No water ponding on surface during storm events. Clear piping through facility when ponding occurs. Replace rock material/sand reservoirs as necessary. Tilling of subgrade below reservoir may be necessary (for trenches) prior to backfill.

#2 – Maintenance Checklist for Infiltration Basins and Trenches:

If you are unsure whether a problem exists, contact a professional engineer.

#5 – Maintenance Checklist for Catch Basins:

Drainage System Feature	Defect or Problem	Condition When Maintenance Is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance Is Performed
General	"Dump no pollutants" (or similar) stencil or stamp not visible	Stencil or stamp should be visible and easily read.	Warning signs (e.g., "Dump No Waste- Drains to Stream" or "Only rain down the drain"/ "Puget Sound starts here") painted or embossed on or adjacent to all storm drain inlets.
General	Trash and Debris	Trash or debris which is located immediately in front of the catch basin opening or is blocking inlet capacity by more than 10 percent.	No trash or debris located immediately in front of catch basin or on grate opening.
General	Trash and Debris	Trash or debris (in the basin) that exceeds 1/3 of the sump depth as measured from the bottom of basin to invert of the lowest pipe into or out of the basin, but in no case less than a minimum of 6 inches clearance from the debris surface to the invert of the lowest pipe.	No trash or debris in the catch basin.
General	Trash and Debris	Trash or debris in any inlet or outlet pipe blocking more than one-third of its height.	Inlet and outlet pipes free of trash or debris.
General	Trash and Debris	Dead animals or vegetation that could generate odors that could cause complaints or dangerous gases (e.g., methane).	No dead animals or vegetation present within the catch basin.
General	Sediment	Sediment (in the basin) that exceeds 1/3 of the sump depth as measured from the bottom of basin to invert of the lowest pipe into or out of the basin, but in no case less than a minimum of 6 inches clearance from the sediment surface to the invert of the lowest pipe.	No sediment in the catch basin.
General	Structure Damage to Frame and/or Top Slab	Top slab has holes larger than 2 square inches or cracks wider than one-fourth inch.	No holes and cracks in the top slab allowing material to run into the basin.
General	Structure Damage to Frame and/or Top Slab	Frame not sitting flush on top slab, i.e., separation of more than three-fourth inch of the frame from the top slab. Frame not securely attached.	Frame is sitting flush on the riser rings or top slab and firmly attached.
General	Fractures or Cracks in Basin Walls/ Bottom	Maintenance person judges that structure is unsound.	Basin replaced or repaired to design standards.
General	Fractures or Cracks in Basin Walls/ Bottom	Grout fillet has separated or cracked wider than one-half-inch and longer than 1 foot at the joint of any inlet/outlet pipe or any evidence of soil particles entering catch basin through cracks.	Pipe is regrouted and secure at basin wall.
General	Settlement/ Misalignment	If failure of basin has created a safety, function, or design problem.	Basin replaced or repaired to design standards.
General	Vegetation	Vegetation growing across and blocking more than 10 percent of the basin opening.	No vegetation blocking opening to basin.

Drainage System Feature	Defect or Problem	Condition When Maintenance Is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance Is Performed
General	Vegetation	Vegetation growing in inlet/outlet pipe joints that is more than 6 inches tall and less than 6 inches apart.	No vegetation or root growth present.
General	Contamination and Pollution	Any evidence of oil, gasoline, contaminants or other pollutants.	No contaminants or pollutants present. (Coordinate removal/cleanup with Thurston County Water Resources 360-754-4681 and/or Dept. of Ecology Spill Response 800- 424-8802.)
Catch Basin Cover	Cover Not in Place	Cover is missing or only partially in place. Any open catch basin requires maintenance.	Catch basin cover is in place and secured.
Catch Basin Cover	Locking Mechanism Not Working	Mechanism cannot be opened by one maintenance person with proper tools. Bolts into frame have less than one-half- inch of thread.	Mechanism opens with proper tools.
Catch Basin Cover	Cover Difficult to Remove	One maintenance person cannot remove lid after applying normal lifting pressure. (Intent is keep cover from sealing off access to maintenance.)	Cover can be removed by one maintenance person.
Ladder	Ladder Rungs Unsafe	Ladder is unsafe due to missing rungs, not securely attached to basin wall, misalignment, rust, cracks, or sharp edges.	Ladder meets design standards and allows maintenance person safe access.
Grates	Grate Opening Unsafe	Grate with opening wider than seven- eighths of an inch.	Grate opening meets design standards.
Grates	Trash and Debris	Trash and debris that is blocking more than 20 percent of grate surface inletting capacity.	Grate free of trash and debris.
Grates	Damaged or Missing	Grate missing or broken member(s) of the grate.	Grate is in place and meets design standards.

#5 – Maintenance Checklist for Catch Basins:

If you are unsure whether a problem exists, contact a professional engineer.

SECTION 9 – VERIFICATION OF PERFORMANCE AND CONTINGENCY PLAN

Property owner will schedule project engineer or designee to inspect the infiltration facilities before, during and after construction as necessary to ensure facilities are built to design specifications that proper procedures are employed in construction that the infiltration surface is not compacted and that protection from sedimentation is in place.

Verification testing will be completed during the first 1 to 2 years of operation. Observation wells will be provided for the infiltration trench to monitor performance. Verification testing will ensure that the infiltration facility operates as designed including configuration of estimated design infiltration rates. A facility monitoring and evaluation report will be provided to document the results of the verification testing.

In the event the infiltration facilities underperform, the infiltration trench within Basin will be increased in length to provide additional infiltration capacity. The infiltration trench can be extended approximately 40' to the north and 40' to the south. The proposed Infiltration trench within Basin 2 can be extended by an additional 45' to the east in the event the proposed size underperforms. In the event the infiltration facilities fail, runoff from the project site will overflow to 198th Street.

SECTION 10 - SOURCE CONTROL PLAN

The actions we take each day in and around our homes have a profound effect on surface water quality and fish habitat. Stormwater goes directly to our groundwater, lakes, streams, and to Puget Sound. It does not go to the wastewater treatment plant. Any pollutants that get into the stormwater go directly to surface or groundwater. Small amounts of pollution from many different sources can significantly affect our waterways. Stormwater BMPs discussed in this section are practical ways to keep stormwater from becoming polluted in the first place. Property owners in this subdivision will be educated and directed to use these BMPs.

This section provides a general list of activities conducted by home owners and describes the BMPs that may be required or recommended to prevent stormwater pollution. The list includes brief information on applicability. More detailed information for the BMPs described in this section can be found in the Thurston County Drainage Design and Erosion Control Manual, Volume IV or by contacting the Thurston County Storm and Surface Water Utility at (360) 754-4681. BMPs for the following activities are described in this section:

- 1. Automobile Washing
- 2. Automobile Maintenance
- 3. Storage of Solid Wastes and Food Wastes
- 4. Composting
- 5. Yard Maintenance and Gardening
- 6. Swimming Pool and Spa Cleaning and Maintenance
- 7. Household Hazardous Material use, Storage and Disposal
- 8. Pet Waste Management
- 9. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination