Checklist LID.02 Soil Preservation and Amendment BMP

This checklist reflects most, but not necessarily all of the items that will be reviewed by the Development Review. It is intended to be used as an aid by us to provide a consistent review of development work in Thurston County. All items may not be applicable in the review of each project and all items of concern to this office may not be covered on this checklist.

Y	N				
		MODELING AND SIZING			
		Lawn and landscape areas that meet the requirements of this BMP are			
		modeled as "pasture" rather than "lawn" surface over the underlying soil			
		(till or outwash).			
		DESIGN CRITERIA			
		Retain and Protect Undisturbed Soils			
		Existing vegetation and soils are left undisturbed and are protected from			
		compaction during construction.			
		No materials or equipment are stored on existing vegetation and soils			
		during construction.			
		Soil Amendment			
		Topsoil layer is a minimum of 8 inches in depth			
		Topsoil pH is 6.0 to 8.0, or matches the pH of the original undisturbed soil.			
		Topsoil layer in turf areas achieves a minimum organic matter content of 4			
		percent (target of 5 percent).			
		Topsoil layer in planting beds achieves a minimum organic matter content			
		of 8 percent (target of 10 percent).			
		Subsoils are scarified below the topsoil layer at least 4 inches for a finished			
		minimum depth of 12 inches of uncompacted soil.			
		For turf installations, soil is compacted to 85 percent of maximum dry			
		density.			
		For turf installations, surface is level and no woody debris or rocks over 1 inch diameter remain.			
		For planting beds, 2 to 4 inches of organic material such as arborist wood			
		chips, bark, shredded leaves, or compost is provided.			
		Compost meets organic content requirements either by using "pre-			
		approved" amendment rates or calculated amendment rates.			
		Stockpile Soil			
		Areas requiring cuts have removed the upper native topsoil and stockpiled			
		for replacement onsite.			
		Soil organic matter is determined using the most current version of ASTM			
		D2974 "Test Methods for Moisture, Ash, and Organic Matter of Peat and			
		Other Organic Soils" and TMECC 05.07A "Loss-On-Ignition Organic			
		Matter Method. Results of soil analysis are submitted to the County along			
		with proposed soil mix to meet soil requirements.			
		The depth of upper native soils that is stockpiled is the entire depth of the			
		native topsoil horizon, but no more than 3 feet.			

Y	N			
		Stockpiled soils are amended as needed and applied as described in Soil Amendment above.		
		Underlying cemented layers are ripped and scarified to a depth of 6 inches, and stockpiled soils are thoroughly mixed into the ripped till layer.		
		Stockpiled soils are reapplied in layers no greater than 1 foot.		
		Importing Soil		
		For turf installations, an imported topsoil mix that contains 20 percent compost and 80 percent mineral soil (by volume) is used.		
		For planting beds, an imported mix that contains 35 percent compost and		
		65 percent mineral soil (by volume) is used.		
		Imported topsoil is applied as described in Soil Amendment above.		
		CONSTRUCTION CRITERIA INCLUDED IN THE SWPPP		
		(SWM Volume II, Section 3.3)		
		Root zones where tree roots limit the depth of incorporation of		
		amendments are exempted from soil preservation and amendment		
		requirements. Root zones are fenced and protected from stripping of soil,		
		grading, or compaction to the maximum extent practical.		
		Topsoil or other materials are not relocated to areas where they can cover		
		critical root zones, suffocate vegetation, or erode into adjacent streams.		
		Small stockpiles are covered with weed barrier material that sheds		
		moisture yet allows air transmission. Large stockpiles are seeded and/or		
		mulched.		
		Materials are stockpiled in areas designated for clearing and grading (such as parking areas and future impervious roadways) and away from infiltration and other stormwater facilities.		
		The soil preservation area is clearly identified (e.g., using flagging or high visibility fencing) and protected prior to construction.		
		A soil and vegetation management plan is provided showing areas to be protected and restoration methods for disturbed areas.		
		Construction SWPPP sheets outline construction sequencing that will protect the soil preservation area during construction.		
		Construction SWPPP BMPs and protection techniques are implemented as applicable. The upslope of construction areas are stabilized and overland flow distances are minimized.		
		Operate machinery outside of soil preservation area during construction.		
		No placement of topsoils during wet or saturated conditions.		
		INSPECTION CRITERIA		
		The soil preservation and amendment BMP meets applicable design and construction criteria (see * in Design and Construction Criteria above).		

Table 2.2. Soil Management Plan for BMP LID.02									
PROJECT INFORMATION	Page # of pages								
Complete all information on page 1; only site address and permit number on additional pages.									
Site Address / Lot No.:									
Permit Type:	Permit Number:								
Permit Holder:	Phone:								
Mailing Address:									
Contact Person:	Phone:								
Plan Prepared By:									
ATTACHMENTS REQUIRED	(Check off required items that are attached to this plan	1)							
Site Plan showing, to scale:	Areas of undisturbed native vegetation (no a	mendment required)							
	New planting beds and turf areas (amendmen	nt required)							
	Type of soil improvement proposed for each	area							
	proposing custom amendment rates)								
Product test results for prop	osed amendments								
AREA # (should match	Area # on Site Plan)								
PLANTING TYPE Turf	Undisturbed native vegetation								
Plant	ing Beds Other:								
SQUARE FOOTAGE OF THIS	AREA: square feet								
SCARIFICATION	inches (depth) of scarification needed to achieve	e finished total 12" loosened depth.							
Subsoil will be scarified									
PRE-APPROVED	inches of compost or imported topsoil applied								
AMENDMENT METHOD:	X 3.1 (conversion factor, inches to cubic yards)	PRODUCT:							
Topsoil import	= cu. yards per 1,000 sq. ft.								
Amend with compost	X,000s sq.ft. in this area								
Stockpile and amend	= cubic yards of amendment $ \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow $	QUANTITY:CU. YDS.							
(cu. yds. stockpiled)	(needed to cover this area to designated depth)								
CUSTOM AMENDMENT	Attach test results and calculations.								
Topsoil import	inches organic matter or topsoil import	PRODUCT:							
Topsoil & compost lift	X 3.1								
Amend	= cu. yards / 1,000 sq. ft.								
Stockpile and amend	X,000s sq.ft. in this area	OLIANITETY CLI VIDG							
(cu. yds. stockpiled) MULCH	= cubic yards of amendment $\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$	QUANTITY:CU. YDS. PRODUCT:							
MULCH	,000 sq.ft. X <u>6.2</u> (conversion, to give 2 inch mulch depth)	PRODUCT:							
	$\frac{A 0.2}{\text{conversion, to give 2 then match depth)}}$ = cubic yards of mulch $\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$	QUANTITY:CU. YDS.							
TOTAL AMENDMENT/TODGO									
_	DIL/MULCH FOR ALL AREAS (complete on page								
	Product #1:	Quantity:							
	cu. yds.	4: 25.1 (
	tio <25:1 (except mulch, or <35:1 for native								
	plants) "stable" (yes/no) Product #2: Quantity:								
1	cu. yds.	Quantity:							
	Test Results: % organic matter C:N ra	tio <25:1 (except mulch or <35:1 for native							
l	plants) "stable" (yes/no)	See Level indien, or 135.1 for native							
	Product #3:	Quantity:							
cu. yds.									
	Test Results: % organic matter C:N ra	tio <25:1 (except mulch, or <35:1 for native							
	plants) "stable" (yes/no)								

Date:	Inspector:	Accepted:	Revisions Required:

COMMENTS:					