# What are the conditions in the North Eld Sub-watershed?

### **Current conditions**

Approximately seven percent of the North Eld Sub-watershed is covered by urban land uses (see Figure 46 and 46a, Classification Percent Totals for North Eld Sub-watershed). North Eld has a drainage area of 0.9 square miles.

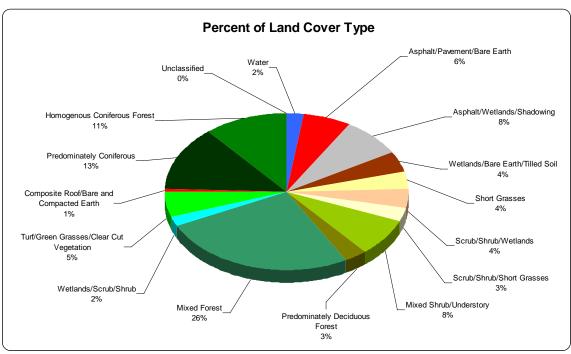


Figure 46a. Classification Percent Totals for North Eld Sub-watershed

Land cover data from 2005 SPOT imagery.

### Human alteration to the movement of water

The effects of human land use on the natural delivery of water to the Kennedy Creek and its tributaries in the North Eld Sub-watershed were characterized using the following landscape attributes: percent TIA, percent forest land, and percent wetland cover at the DAU scale. Results indicate that the North Eld Sub-watershed is in an "at risk" condition for the delivery of water.

### Human alteration to the natural movement of sediment

The effects of human land use on the natural delivery of sediment to the North Eld and its tributaries in the Kennedy Creek Sub-watershed were characterized using the following landscape attributes: percent bare soils, road density, and percent unstable slopes at the DAU scale. However, because there are no forestry activities or unstable slopes in the sub-watershed,

road density was the only applicable indicator. The result is "properly functioning" and "at risk" condition for sediment.

### Human alteration to the natural movement of large wood

The effects of human land use on the natural delivery and routing of large wood in the North Eld and its tributaries were characterized using the following landscape attributes: percent forested riparian and average number of stream crossings per kilometer of stream at the DAU scale. Results indicate that the North Eld Sub-watershed is primarily in an "at risk" and "not properly functioning" condition for the delivery and routing of large wood.

## Human alteration to the natural movement of pollutants

The effects of human land use on the natural delivery and routing of pollutants in the North Eld and its tributaries were characterized using the following landscape attributes: Extent of 303(d) listed water bodies for nutrients, toxicants, and bacteria and condition and extent of wetlands at the DAU scale. Results indicate that the North Eld Sub-watershed is in an "at risk" condition for the delivery and routing of pollutants.

### Human alteration to the natural movement of heat

The effects of human land use on the natural delivery and routing of heat in the North Eld tributaries were characterized using the following landscape attributes: Extent of 303(d) listed water bodies for nutrients, toxicants, and bacteria, percent 67 meter riparian zone with mature canopy, road density, and percent TIA at the DAU scale. Results indicate that the North Eld Subwatershed is primarily in an "at risk" condition for the delivery and routing of heat.

## Aquatic integrity

The effects of human land use on aquatic integrity in the North Eld and its tributaries in the North Eld Sub-watershed were characterized using the following landscape attributes: percent riparian forest, percent TIA, and available B-IBI scores at the DAU scale. There is no data to rank aquatic integrity.

## Habitat Connectivity

Forest covers fifty-three percent of the North Eld Sub-watershed, concentrated in the south west sub-watershed. Most of the forest is in rural residential areas and the sub-watershed's primary land cover is composed of commercial and long-term forestry. The North Eld Sub-watershed is considered "properly functioning" and "at risk" for habitat connectivity.

## **Ecological Benefit**

All DAUs within the study area having ecological and biological processes that are considered "at risk" under current land use conditions were identified for further consideration. DAUs in the "at risk" category for multiple key ecological and biological processes are assumed to provide

the greatest potential to maximize environmental benefits when restored. The process scores are then ranked according to the weight criteria, and converted to a high, medium, or low process rank. North Eld has primarily high and moderate ecological benefit, with only one DAU ranked as low (Figure 47. North Eld Sub-watershed Weighted Processes).

### **Environmental Benefit**

Once all the DAUs were ranked for their ecological benefit, all natural resource sites were ranked for their environmental benefit. Only the high and medium scoring sites were used in further evaluation to develop natural resource, fish habitat, and stormwater preservation and restoration sites.

North Eld				
Potential Restoration Sites				
Rank	Wetland	Riparian	Floodplain	Total
High	0	0	NA	0
Medium	2	1	NA	3
Low	9	5	NA	14

 Table 14. North Eld Environmental Benefit Ranking of Natural Resource Sites

The following wetlands, riparian and floodplain sections describe the environmental benefit ranking of the natural resource sites.

#### Wetlands

Prior to human alteration, wetlands in the North Eld Sub-watershed totaled approximately 66 acres. We estimate that approximately 4 acres are currently wetlands or degraded/destroyed wetlands with some restoration potential. (Figure 48. North Eld Sub-Watershed Resource Sites).

### **Riparian condition**

Development has encroached on approximately 2 acres of the 67-meter wide riparian corridors in the North Eld basin. Of the 34 acres, approximately 2 acres have some restoration potential (Figure 48. North Eld Sub-Watershed Resource Sites).

### **Floodplain Condition**

There is no regulated floodplain in North Eld.

### Natural Resource Sites

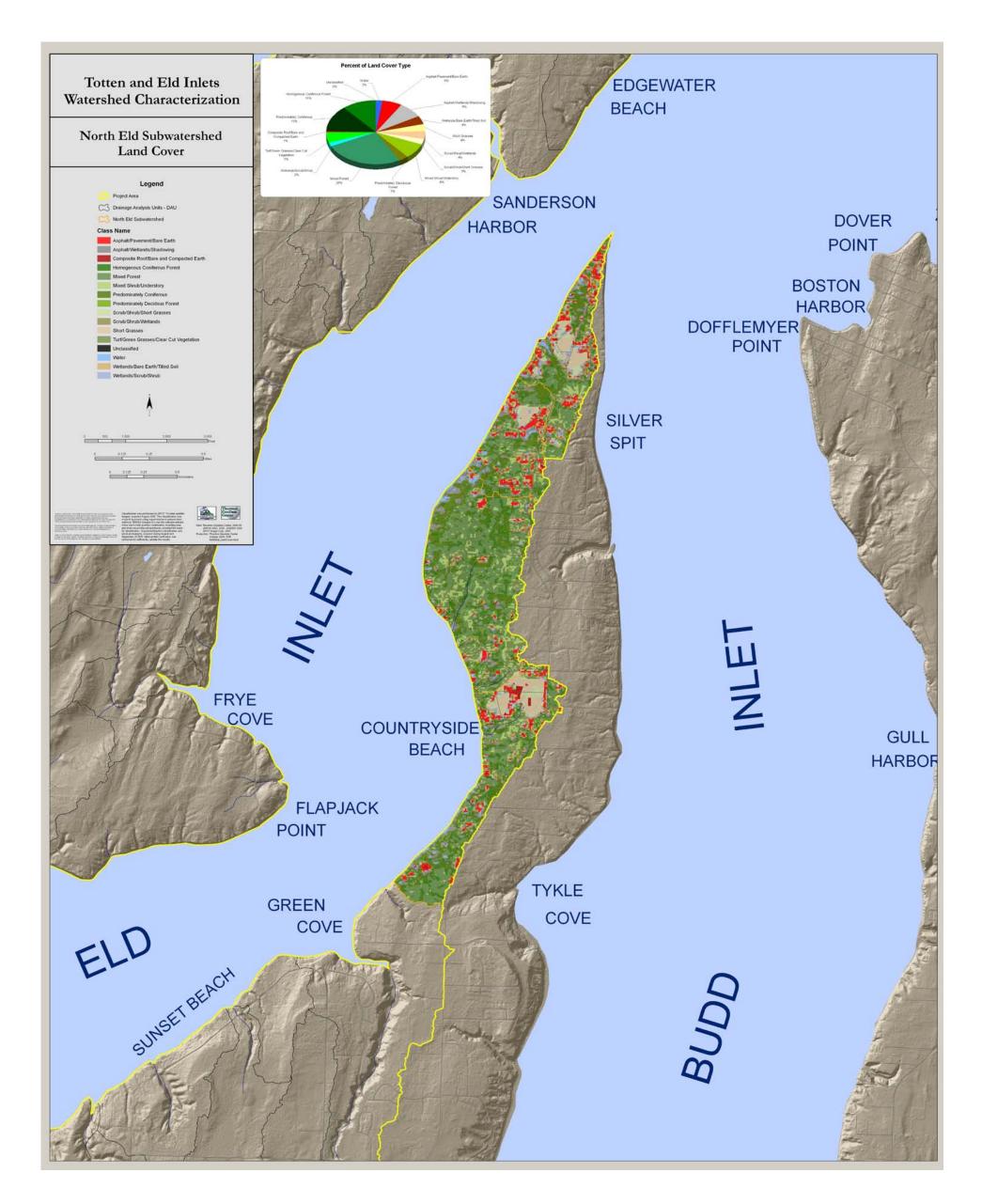
All potential natural resource sites were evaluated for their environmental benefit and ranked high, medium, or low. Following evaluation, a total of three sites were of high or medium environmental benefit (Figure 49. North Eld Ecological Processes and Resource Site Scoring).

### **Fish Habitat**

There were six sites evaluated for habitat value to salmonid fish species. These sites were then used to evaluate potential natural resource sites that have the potential to be stormwater retrofits sites. While the goal is to use natural resource sites as stormwater retrofit sites, we don't want to compromise high quality fish habitat sites.

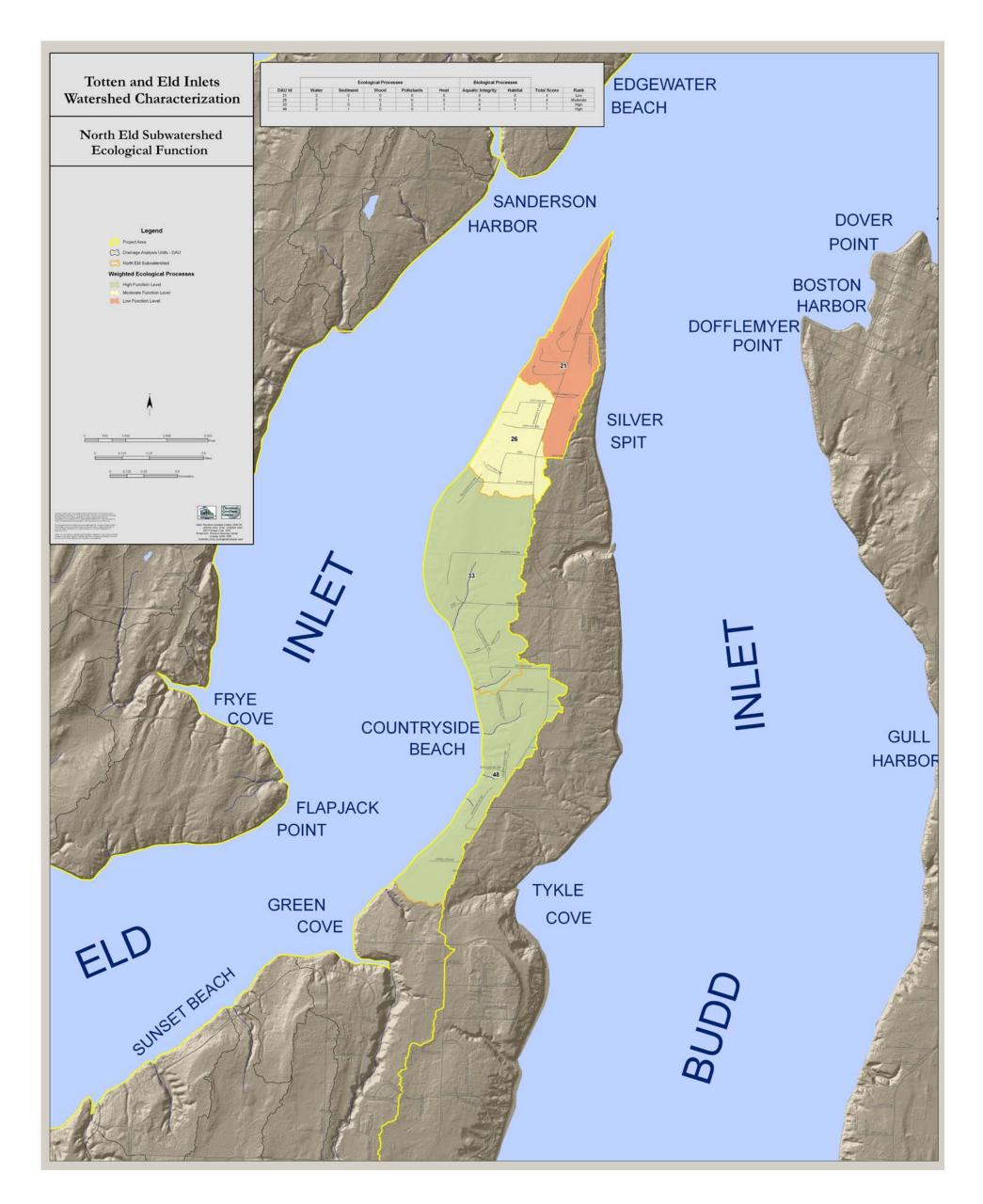
#### **Stormwater Retrofit**

All the natural resource sites were evaluated for stormwater retrofit sites (Figure 50. North Eld Potential Stormwater Restoration Sites).



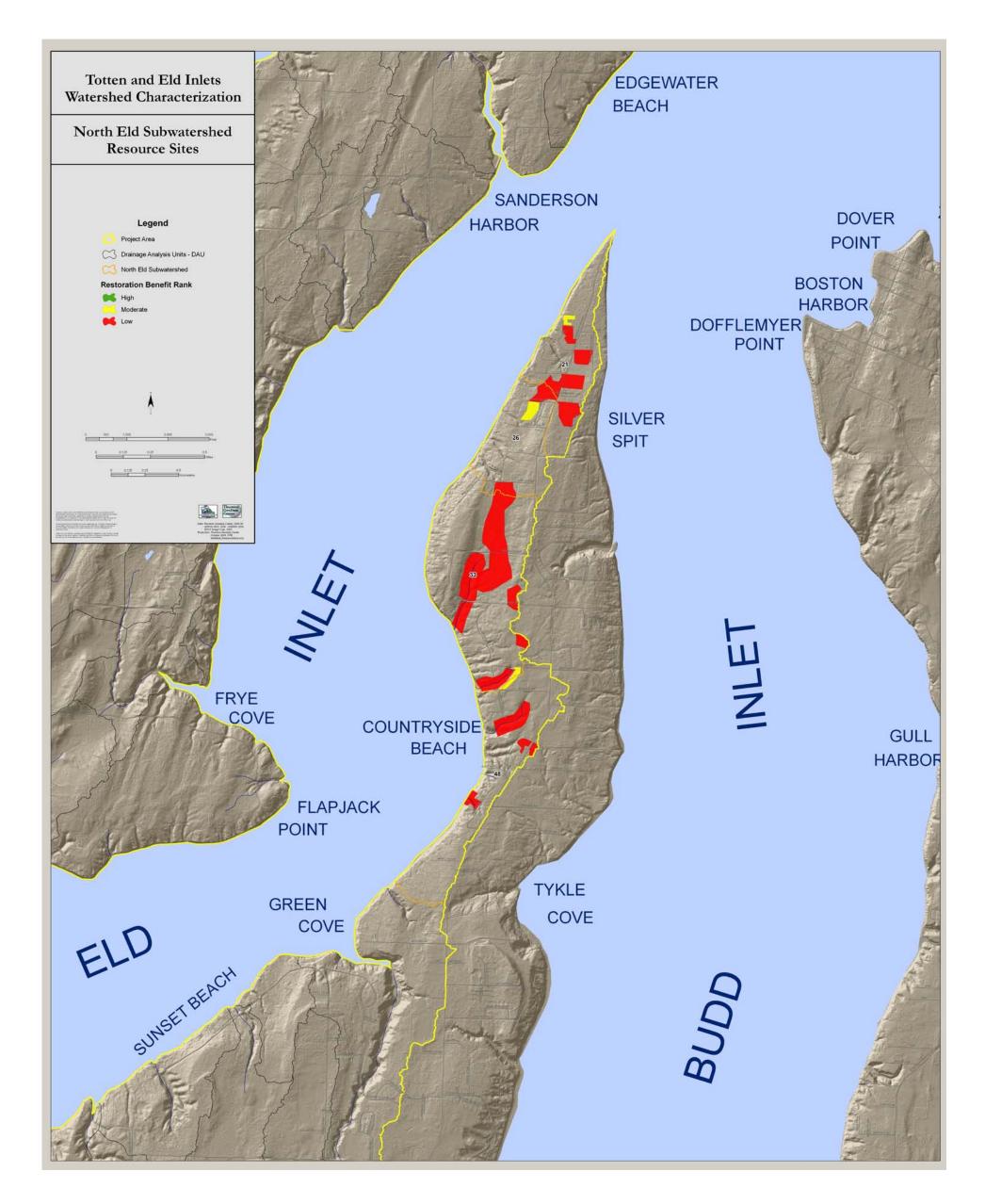
#### Figure 46 North Eld Sub-watershed Land Cover

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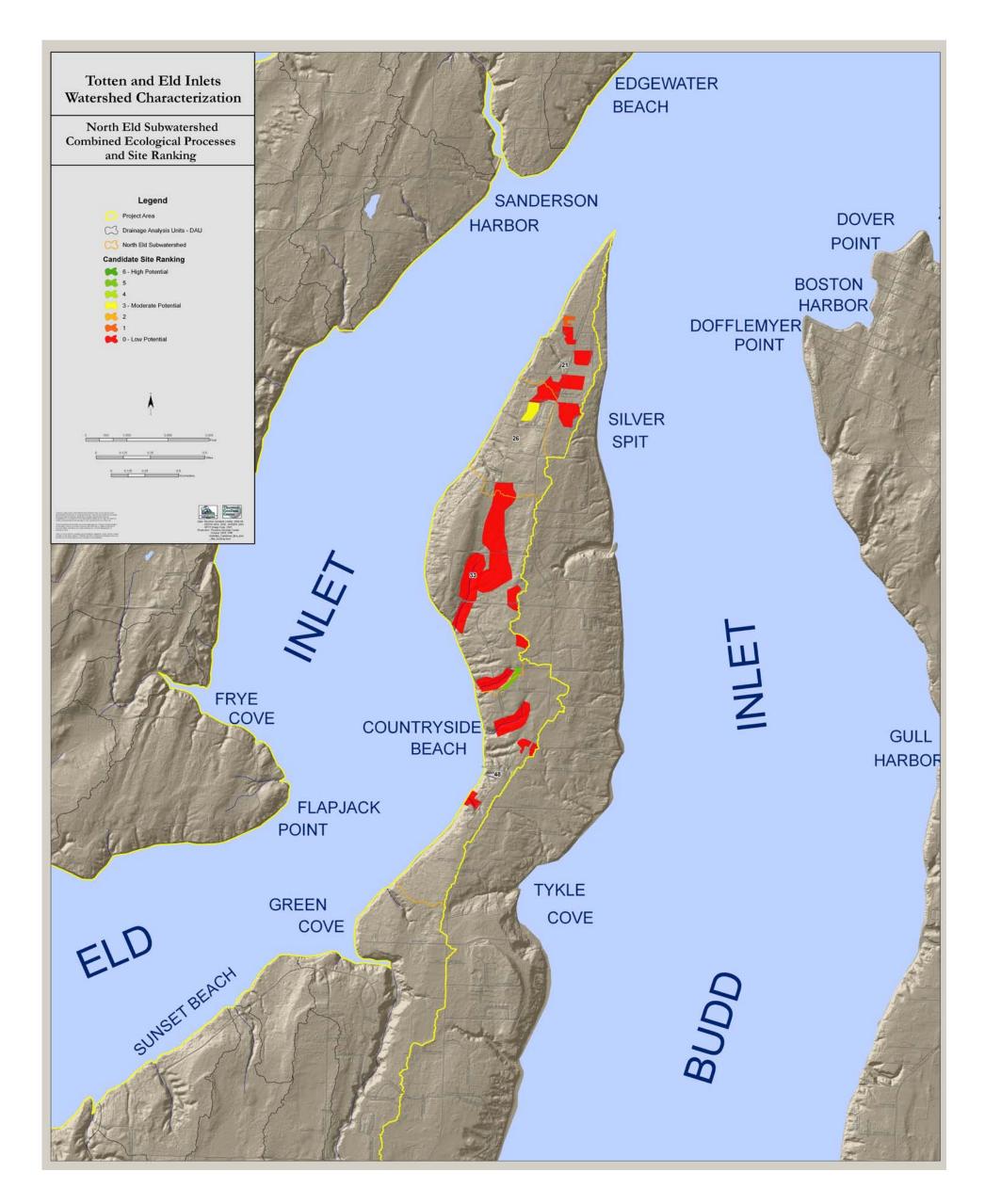


#### Figure 47 North Eld Sub-watershed Weighted Processes

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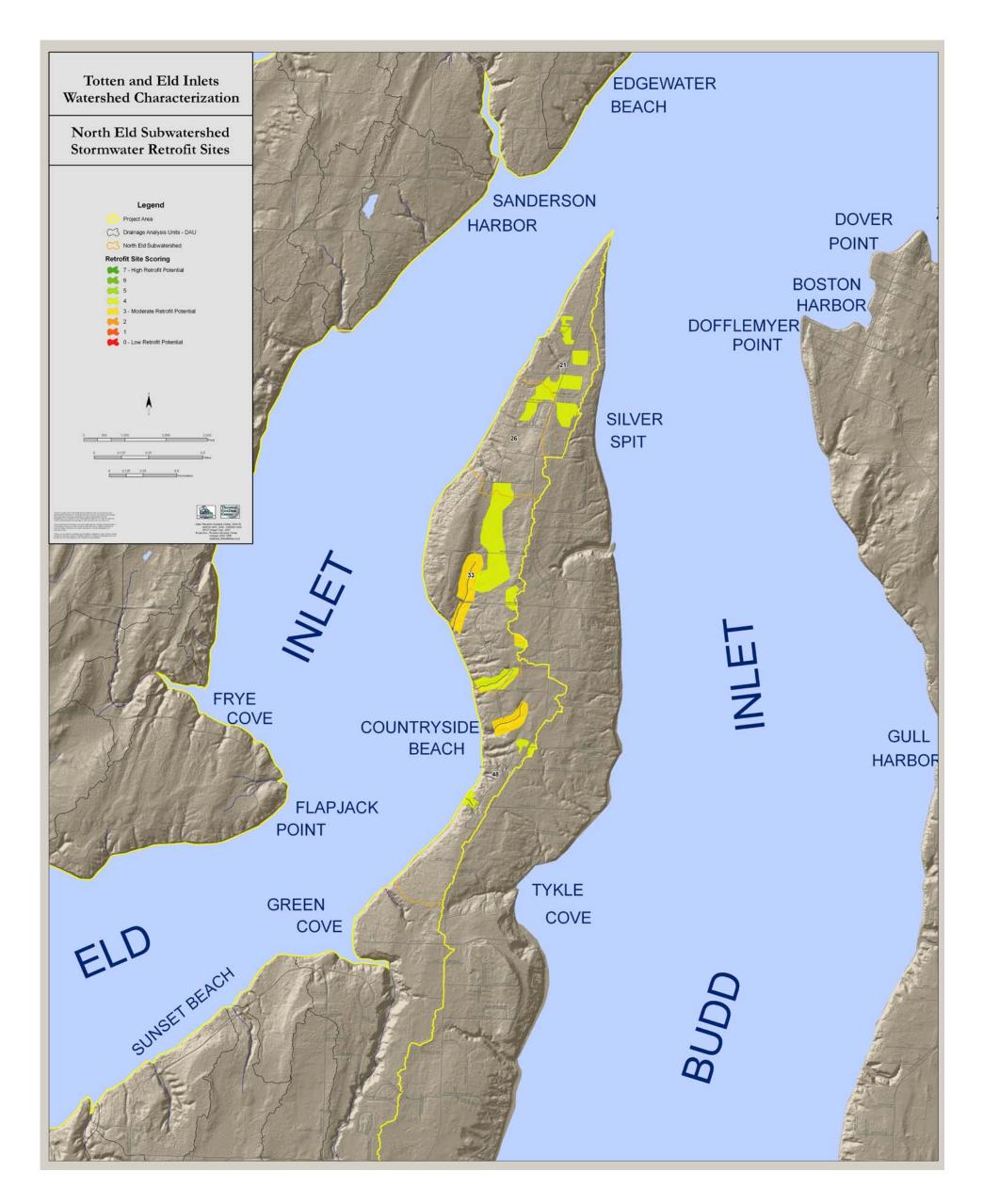


#### Figure 48 North Eld Sub-watershed Resource Sites



#### Figure 49 North Eld Sub-watershed Ecological Processes and Resource Site Scoring

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### Figure 50 North Eld Sub-watershed Retrofit Sites

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