# Deschutes Watershed Land Use Analysis

Work Group Meeting #4
Scenarios Results

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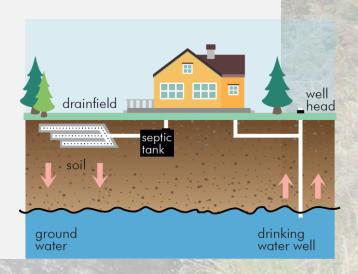


- Baseline
  - ➤ Current Regulations → Buildout
- Education & Outreach
  - ✓ Voluntary restoration program
  - ✓ More farm plans
  - √ Voluntary septic O&M program
  - ✓ Water conservation outreach
- Restoration & Conservation
  - ✓ Funded conservation/restoration programs
  - ✓ Stormwater retrofits

- Zoning → Downzone parcels
  - ✓ Nonporous soils near waterbodies
  - ✓ Steep slopes
  - ✓ Lake basins
- Regulations & Monitoring
  - ✓ Impervious surface limits, lake basins
  - ✓ Mandatory septic O&M program
  - ✓ Required water metering

# **Groundwater Quality**

- Regulations & Monitoring scenario most effective
  - Mandatory septic monitoring
- Education & Outreach, some effect
  - Voluntary septic monitoring
- Restoration and Zoning have small effect



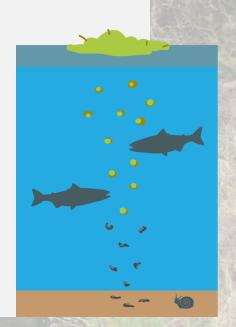
## **Bacteria & Pathogens**

- Regulations & Monitoring scenario most effective for reducing septic
  - -46% failing septic systems; -16% near waterbodies
- Education & Outreach, some effect on both septics and agriculture sources
  - +41% failing septic systems (compared to +72%, baseline)
  - +119% near waterbodies (compared to +168%, baseline)
- Restoration and Zoning have small effect
  - Zoning = +65% failing septics



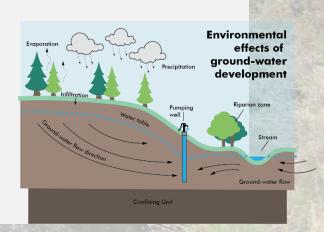
# **Nutrients & Algae Blooms**

- Restoration scenario most effective
  - Increased vegetation along streams
  - Reduced nutrients from stormwater runoff
- Other scenarios, moderate effect
  - Regulations: Impervious surface limits & mandatory septic program
  - E&O: Voluntary restoration, education on fertilizer use
  - Zoning: Reduced number of homes



#### **Water Levels**

- Education & Outreach moderately effective
  - Education about water use
- Zoning, Regulations = limited effect
  - Zoning: Reduced number of new wells
  - Water metering might change some consumption



#### **Sediment & Erosion**

- Restoration scenario most effective
  - Stabilized streambanks
- Zoning, Education = limited effect
  - Zoning: Reduced number of new homes in sensitive areas
  - Voluntary restoration could revegetate some stream areas



#### **Loss of Farmland**

- Restoration/Conservation scenario limited effectiveness
  - Provides funding to conserve sensitive areas, which might also be farms





#### **Stream Temperature**

- Restoration/Conservation scenario most effective
  - Substantial improvement in replanting riparian areas
  - TMDL goals met in < 30 years</li>
- Education & Outreach moderate effect
  - Voluntary restoration of stream areas
  - TMDL goals met in 40+ years

